write Graham Greene, California

In World War II the Library of

that literaty bears were to de the principal still the miducinal still the miducinal still the principal still the s

Same Ginneana, the organic

crime have, with from a targamed people is when he was about to deal in 1975. Now has drughter, American to the control of the

andie Generatia . who describe

the heartean activities of moless in her 1954 back "Mafia Primes."

was spe blane to briplish the Af

torobes of 12 of chicators and state of the second of the

A statue of Mohandas E Gandi he proponent of nonvolence we ad India to independence to seen dedicated in San France the Gandlo Memoral Internate

d Foundation denuted the sig-

But and base hamming and

o: June Race, the singer, Shife fample Black, the actroscope

Met. Werner Exhand of the Him

reject. David Packard as nic

dalist, Richard Song, the 20

setter of the Indeed comments

an Francisco, and Manibhai Des

f Parena, India a bellower of the

Laurence M. Crutcher, 4, 5

executent of Hondard the Man

lub and a visi proden de

provide parent lime latie

Tink, will bestame them

the sub at the end of the im

to wait was ever 11 Silverman :

THE COBURG HOTE

SCRIFFARITH F.

THEY FARE

LANGE TO ME AL

100 1274 3664 Historian 200 200683 640 1171 87

Acres 6 674

Contract to the first

Desiring Term C** OC oc 145

territories (il Vec il

Page 13

FOR MORE

CLASSIFIEDS

11112

ATIONAL

E CENTER

AL TO SHIPPING

S MONEY

INESS

ge H

that shift

441 Mar 445

THE WINE ! WIS

ESTABLISHED 1887

o. 32,850

PARIS, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1988



Doubt Over Quayle Helps Dukakis Inch Near Bush in a Poll

By E. J. Dionne Jr. New York Times Service NEW YORK - Governor Michael S. Dukakis, helped by tradi-

tional Democrats and by widespread public skepticism about Senator Dan Quayle of Indiana, Vice President George Bush's running mate, is closing in on Mr. Bush, according to the latest New York Times-CBS News Poll.

Mr. Bush led with 45 percent to Mr. Dukakis's 43 percent in the poll of 1,034 registered voters, conducted Saturday through Monday and weighted to reflect respondents' likelihood of voting.

CLA Reportedly Given A Free Rein by Reagan

By Bob Woodward and Walter Pincus

igion Post Service WASHINGTON - President Ronald Reagan signed intelligence authorizations in 1984 and 1985 for aggressive covert operations against terrorists that said any actions taken under the orders would be "deemed lawful" if conducted in

"good faith," according to officials.
This language provoked disputes in the government because it was generally considered "a license to kill," the officials said. As far as could be determined, no one was killed as a result of the intelligence findings that Mr. Reagan signed.
An Executive Order signed by Mr. Reagan that was then — and is now — in effect specifically bans any direct or indirect involvement

by U.S. intelligence agents in assas-But key administration officials stanted to undertake pre-emptive operations that could result in killings — for example, blowing up a known terrorist hideout in Beirut to combat increasing terrorist activity, the sources said. These officials also wanted legal protection from the existing Executive Order that prohibited any U.S. govern-

ment participation in assessina-tion, the sources said. A source said the language was specifically designed to "circumvent the assassination ban," the lat-est version of which was signed on Dec. 4. 1981, by Mr. Reagan.
Officials at the Central Intelli-

Kiosk

gence Agency, including the then-director of central intelligence, William J. Casey, wanted such lan-guage to protect U.S. field officers and the foreign strike teams con-templated by the intelligence findings, the sources said.

A key official involved with the counterterrorist findings said the findings were an "astounding blank check and truly a license to kill' provision."

A former White House official called the orders the "go anywhere, do anything" authority. Knowledge of this finding was

tightly held, but it was known to key officials. White House officials have said that Vice President George Bush would have been givon a copy of, or access to, the find-

Mr. Reagan's chief spokesman said Wednesday that the president had never signed intelligence find-ings or documents intended to anthorize assassinations by U.S. agents seeking to combat terrorism. The Associated Press reported from Washingon.]

But the spokesman, Marlin Fitzwater, said there was language in 1984 and 1985 intelligence authoriearlier executive order.

See CIA, Page 7

In a Times-CBS poll taken 10 days earlier, Mr. Bush led Mr. Du-kakis by 46 percent to 40 percent. The small shift toward Mr. Dukakis was within the survey's margin of sampling error of plus or minus three percentage points. But there were several other measures also indicating that the race was

For example, when those who were undecided were asked which way they leaned, Mr. Bush had 48 percent, Mr. Dukakis 46 percent. Only two-thirds of the probable electorate said their minds were made np; 34 percent favored Mr. Bash and 32 percent Mr. Dukakis Both of those sets of figures were closer to one another than in the Sept 21-23 poll.

Since the debate between the two candidates on Sept. 25, Mr. Duka-kis has solidified his support within the Democratic Party base. He scored his greatest gains over the last several weeks among hlacks. among voters earning from \$12,500 to \$25,000 a year, and among those who call themselves liberals.

Mr. Dukakis also gained ground among Democrats who voted for President Ronald Reagan in 1984, a key target group for both cam-

The debate may have played a significant role in those changes. Voters were inclined to rate Mr. Dukakis the winner of his debate with Mr. Bush. In the latest poll, 35 percent said Mr. Dukakis "did the best job — or won" the debate; 28 percent said Mr. Bush had won. Immediately after the debate, several surveys, including a CBS News Poll and a Gallup Poll for News-week, showed the public about evenly divided on which candidate

Besides measuring the effect of the last debate, the new poll showed how high the stakes were for Mr. Quayle in his nationally televised debate Wednesday night with Senator Lloyd Bentsen of Texas, Mr. Dukakis's running mate. The poll found Mr. Bentsen to be a major asset for Mr. Dukakis.

When voters were asked how zations that was rescinded in a subsequent intelligence document in ballots only for president and not May 1986. That language has been for a vice president as well, the interpreted by some as paving the survey found that Mr. Bush's 2point lead over Mr. Dukakis became a 5-point lead. This suggested [Mr. Fitzwater denied that the that voters' comparisons of Mr. 1984-1985 findings could have Quayle with Mr. Bentsen were

See POLL, Page 7



A voter in a spirited discussion with a soldier Wednesday outside a polling center in Santiago.

Turnout Is Heavy in Chile In Referendum on Pinochet

By Eugene Robinson Washington Post Service SANTIAGO — Millions of Chileans stood for hours in slow-movmg lines Wednesday to vote to accept or reject President Augusto Pinochet's bid for eight more years in power, embracing election rituals that had gone unpracticed since the general took power after a military coup 15 years ago.

Official returns from the National Election Service are not expected

in, pro-government news media his opponents.] said there was a distinct trend in Turnout was favor of eight more years in power went more slowly than o for General Pinochet. Opposition leaders said the reverse.

categorie and definite," said Ricar-meats of the farmess of the vote. do Lagos, a moderate Socialist.

Hours before the polls closed, Mr. leaders said procedures for the Lagos said: "This morning I said we would win by 15 (percentage) chet stood as his regime's sole canpoints. It will be more.

At the same time, government news media began issuing partial results that pointed to a resounding victory for General Pinochet. The semi-official oews agency Orbe said the tendency "confirms overwhelmingly the forecasts delivered this morning" - a reference to a government-commissioned poll showing General Pinochet winning [As first unofficial counts came 55 per cent against 45 per cent for

Turnout was heavy and voting The pace was so deliberate, in fact, that it was the source of almost all ["We are in a position to affirm the irregularities opposition leaders that the triumph of the 'no' will be Generally, though, opposition

didate for president, appeared fair. They were particularly heartened to find significantly less of a military presence io the streets esday than they had expect-

"Our information shows that the electoral process is proceeding oor-"Our information shows that the electoral process is proceeding oor mally," said Patricio Aylwin, chairman of the coalitioo of 16 opposition parties that campaigned for a vote against General Pinochet in the plebiscite.

The opposition worded howers.

The opposition worned, however, that the long lines might discourage some people from voting. and complained that the government had apparently not provided enough voting tables to handle the

See CHILE, Page 7

Kremlin Urges **Market Reforms**

New Chief Ideologist Calls For Economic Flexibility

By Bill Keller

New York Times Service

MOSCOW — The Kremlin's new chief ideologist, moving quickly to set the tone for the restructured Soviet leadership, has called for more radical experiments with market economics and rejected the idea of a world struggle against the

The speech, published Wedoes-day in the Communist Party daily Prayda, seemed to confirm that the shake-up of the Soviet leadership last week was an advance for the forces of change and a setback for conservatives.

The ideology ehief, Vadim A. Medvedev, who was promoted Fri-day to the ruling Politburo and named chairman of a commission that will oversee the party line, told a gathering of political scientists from Communist countries oo

Tuesday that Communism was in a period of crisis around the world. He called for a new concept of Communism, borrowing political and economic ideas not only from other Communist countries, but

even from the capitalist West On the two issues that had re-cently divided top party officials state control of the domestic econ-omy and the world struggle be-tween Communist and capitalist systems — Mr. Medvedev sided with those who call themselves new

His comments were an unmistakable repudiation of the more orthodox views on domestic and foreign policy put forth by Yegor K. Ligachev, who earlier held the ide-

ology portfolio.
Mr. Ligachev often seemed ont of step with Mikhail S. Gorbachev, the Soviet leader. In the reshuffle of senior positions, he was placed in charge of a newly created commis-

have been vanquished or silenced. The speech published Wednes-

day dispels some uncertainty about Mr. Medvedev, who had a low pub-lie profile before his ascent last week into the inner circle. In his call for a flexible, experi-

mental approach to Communism, Mr. Medvedev echoed Alexander N. Yakovlev, the Politburo member upon whom Mr. Gorbachev is thought to lean most heavily for intellectual counsel.

The new ideologist and Mr. Yakoviev served together as deputies in the Communist Party propaganda department in the early 1970s.

On the question of the Soviet role in the world, Mr. Medvedev priected the notion of a struggle to

rejected the notion of a struggle to the death between Communism "Present-day realities," he said, mean that "universal values" such as avoiding war and ecological ca-

tastrophe must outweigh the idea of a struggle between the classes. "Peaceful coexistence, as we see it today, is a lengthy, long-term process whose historic limits are

while Mr. Gorbachev was on vacation in August, Mr. Ligachev argued in a speech in Gorky that Soviet foreign policy must be hased on worldwide class struggle, code for supporting Communist insurgents in their quest to overthrow

Ton much talk of coexistence, he warned, "only confuses the minds of the Soviet people and our friends

Where Mr. Ligachev has scorned the Western idea of free markets as anathema 10 Communism, Mr. Medvedev described the laws of supply and demand as the only way to produce a flexible economy.

"The market is an indispensable means of gearing production to fast-changing demand, and a major See SOVIET, Page 7

Soviets Drop Demand in Arms Talks

By Michael R. Gordon New York Times Service

WASHINGTON - The Soviet Union has withdrawn a demand that has held up new East-West talks on cutting convencional arms, according to Reagan administration officials,

They said the Russiaos had dropped their demand that defensive fighter aircraft be excluded from the talks. The change came when the Soviet foreign minister, Eduard A. Shevardnadze, met with Secretary of State George P. Shultz in New York last week.

The Soviet move means that the two sides basically agree oo the weapons to be discussed, though they do oot agree that there should occessarily be limits on all those

Ground-based weapons and aircraft will be the focus of discussion, and naval forces, chemical weapons and ouclear weapons are to be

But the two sides do not entirely covered by the talks, which are sup-

posed to deal with forces from the Atlanoc to the Urals. Western nations want to exclude Turkish forces deployed in Turkey near Iraq and Iran, but at the same

time to include Soviet forces in the Soviet officials have argued that if some Turkish territory is exclud-

ed, some Soviet forces in the Caticasus should also be excluded. Moreover, Western officials say

the talks on conventional arms cannot begin until differences over human rights are worked out in the talks in Vicuna to follow up the 1975 Helsinki Accords.

Despite these differences, administration officials say the latest Soviet move is an important procedural step toward preparing the mandate, or guidelines, for the new conventional arms talks.

Western nations had firmly rejected the Soviet demand to exclude defensive interceptors from the new arms talks while including offensive aircraft used to attack ground targets.

An administracion specialist said Tuesday that the Soviets had apparently intended to focus on air-craft in which Western nadons See ARMS, Page 7

New Plague of Locusts Stirs Fears in Africa

After Huge Swarm Covers Khartoum, Worst Damage in 30 Years Expected

By Mary Battiata Washington Post Service
KHARTOUM, Sudan — An enormous swarm of desert locusts in Arabic. "Locusts!" swooped, fluttered and streamed

Africa in more than 30 years.

pink smog, a pearly smudge across infested, according to the forecasts the bright hlue sky. The swarm was of UN scientists. In the oext months, these bugs are expected to meter deep (30 miles wide by a mature, flex their wings and travel third of a mile deep). Up close, the effect was more biblical: Several with the prevailing winds.

They may go north tow billion bugs, according to the best estimates, utterly silent, navigating by some innate insect sonar over and around turbaned pedestrians. stalled traffic and wandering herds

of long-eared goats.

In the sunlight, their wings, translucent and spotted like a cheetah's coat, flickered with iridescent sparks. Their thick, salmon-colored bodies filled the air in classic science-fiction fashion.

Like a snowstorm, they seemed to muffle all sound. In the shanty-

fields, scattering locusts before them like ocean spray.
"Garad!" the children shricked That first swarm is the precursor

over this African capital for more of an infestation that could cost than two hours recently.

The swarm was the advance guard of what entomologists here say is the worst locust plague to hit

An estimated two to three mil-

lion hectares (five to seven million From a distance, they looked like acres) in Sudan are believed to be

They may go north toward the Red Sea and Egypt. Or east, into Sudan's breadbasket, and on into Ethiopia. Or even southeast, into Uganda and the deserts of northern Kenya. No one is sure.

"Nobody knows how many mil-lions or hillions of them there are," said one locust-control official. "No one knows whether we've killed 17.9 percent or 22 percent. There will be major swarms, and now it's just a question of where

Africa's most recent major locust infestation lasted from 1939 to

Reagan Studies Contra Arms

WASHINGTON (AFP) ---President Ronald Reagan is considering asking Congress to supply Nicaraguan contra rehels with \$16.5 million worth of weapons stockpiled in Honduras, the White House

announced Wednesday.

Congressional approval of the possible request will be difficult to obtain because the House of Representatives and the Senate hope to adjourn for the year next week, to allow legislators up for re-election in November to campaign.

Congress rejected a request by Mr. Reagan for renewed military aid on February 3, and weapons deliveries to the contras were formally halted



dos Santos of Angola predicted an accord soon on a Cuban pullout and Namibian independence. Page 2.

About 2,000 Yagoslav workers entered the parliament in Belgrade in a protest. Page 2.

Italian designers have softened the sexy look and are length-ening skirts and pants. Page 7.

Business/Finance The U.S. thrift regulatory agency raised its estimate of the cost of an industry bail-out to \$50 billion. Page 9.

Dow Glose The Dollar DM 1.8645 Pound 1.695 Yen 133.35

Fall Again

month lows.

November futures tumbled well below \$13 per barrel on the Mer-cantile Exchange, raising the possibility of a price crash matching the

one in 1986, analysts said.

"There is a chance prices could drop to the 1986 low of \$9.75 a barrel unless there is a significant drop in OPEC production," said Andrew Lebow at E.D. and F. Man International Futures Inc. At the close on the New York

the benchmark U.S. crude, was down 47 cents at \$12.60 per barrel. The market, hit Tuesday by the statement from Saudi Arabia that it would not rein in oil production while other members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting

that overproduction would contin-ue. The American Petroleum Insti-tute reported a sharp rise in U.S. oil stocks. And rumors circulated that Nigeria planned to quit OPEC. The rumors were denied (Page 9)
(AP, Reuters)

Oil Prices On Glut Fear

NEW YORK - Oil futures prices, battered by bearish news, slid Wednesday to set fresh 26-

market, West Texas Intermediate.

Countries exceeded cartel quotas, found fresh cause for worry.

Reports of heightened oil tanker fixing out of the Gulf fueled fears



Egyptians Resurrect A Parade

Egyptian special forces displaying selfdefense techniques on Wednesday at a military parade in Cairo marking the 15th anniversary of the 1973 Arab-Israeli war, ft was the first such parade since President Anwar Sadat was ssassinated at the same event on Oct. 6, 1981. The revived event was televised, but only Mr. Sadar's successor, Hosni Mubarak, and a few other officials were allowed to watch in

Oxford Takes a Cold Lesson in Basic Thatcherism

By Craig R. Whitney
New York Times Service OXFORD, England — Matthew Arnold, professor of poetry here from 1857 to 1867, described it as "that sweet city with her dreaming spires." But here and at every other British university, the ivory tower is tumbling down. Already reeling from the effects of government budget cuts that have left the Oxford dons unable to fill 120

vacant academic posts, the faculty is losing one of its most

sacred privileges: academic tenure, the right to a lifetime The desire of Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher's govcomment to restructure British higher education is behind both the budget cuts and the abolition of tenure. But more fundamental questions about whether elite liberal arts education has any special claim on popularly elected government, even one in which 14 out of 22 Cabinet ministers went to either Oxford or Cambridge, have now become the talk of funcheous and faculty meetings here.

Tenure had to so the experiment said because the Tenure had to go, the government said, because the university system had to be run efficiently, just like any other government husiness, and there had to be some way

for academic managers to transfer or dismiss professors and lecturers from positions they deemed superfluous. Since an education restructuring law was enacted in July, academic institutions can dismiss any member of

their academic or academic-related staff "by reason of redundancy" or "for good cause." Only deft maneuvering in the House of Lords by a member who is Oxford's chancellor, Roy Jenkins, succeeded in preserving a guarantee of academic freedom in the law, providing that each university must continue to insure protection from dismissal because of controversial

or unpopular opinions. Perhaps because the professors see that tenure becomes ademic in a different sense if there is no money to pay their salaries, they are more worried about how to fill the budget gap than about the loss of an ancient privilege.

There always was a five-year probationary period at
Oxford," said Harold Shukman, a fellow of St. Antony's,

one of the 35 loosely affiliated, variously endowed colleges that make up the university.

But in the past, if you did your job during that period you then got life tenure. The odd thing about the situation

now is that you lose your tenure only if you are transferred or promoted. As things were, a tutorial fellow in one of the rich colleges might very well turn down a promotion to a university chair because the promotion might not produce a raise. Now, there's the added risk of losing tenure." But he said he was more concerned about finding ways to raise private funds to pay for four lecturers' positions in his field. Soviet studies.

The former president of Yale University and now master of University College, Kingman Brewster, shared the sense of resignation. "Academically, it's a de facto thing," he said.

"If they ceased to have a music school, then the music professor would lose his job. All it really means is that there can be a periodic review of the holder's position."

But there is also a hard bottom line. In two previous rounds of budget cutting in 1981 and 1986, Oxford, like other universities, had to negotiate expensive early retirement agreements with staff members who were entitled to ifetime jobs.

Next time, all the university has to do is not renew the

See TENURE, Page 7

towns that ring Khartoum, shep-herds swatted at the swarm with sticks and children raced across

See LOCUSTS, Page 2

2,000 Workers Enter Yugoslav Parliament In 2d Day of Protests

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches BELGRADE - About 2,000 angry workers marched into the parliament building Wednesday, protesting low wages and demand-ing political and economic reforms, on the second day of labor unrest in the Yugoslav capital.

The protesters complained that nanagement locked them in a factory compound in Belgrade's Ra-kovica industrial suburb Tuesday morning and blocked them from joining fellow workers in a march to the parliament building in cen-

Earlier, the Communist Party leader, Stipe Suvar, annunced plans for major personnel changes in the presidium, or Politburo, and for removing up to a third of the Central Committee, the state-run news media said.

Speaking on Sarajevo television late Tuesday night, Mr. Suvar said the 162-member Central Committee would probably vote on personnel changes in the Politburo at a session on Oct. 17 that is expected to be a major showdown between various groups in the split party

At the parliament building, the Serbian Communist party leader, Slobodan Milosevic, pleaded for the second day with the striking workers to return to work. Mr. Milosevic promised the workers their grievances would be considered.

"You ought to trust that we shall carry the reforms through," be said. "The moment you no longer trust us, you can replace us." The government bas announced

it will introduce free market economy mechanisms to the socialist

economy later this year.

The 2,000 workers then left the building, where they had spent more than an bour talking with

Swedes Reject Royal Request For a Perk

STOCKHOLM - King Carl XVI Gustaf's request for special parking privileges to speed the picking up of his dry cleaning and groceries has been rejected by the city, saying such a ruling would create

The royal court applied for six special parking permits, saying these were needed for vehicles that pick up the daily royal necessities for the king, Queen Silvia and other mem-

bers of the royal family. The court office added that it was often "in the nature of things" that these errands were urgent

Parliament officials said the workers entered the building in an

orderly fashion. About 5,000 workers marched Tuesday from Rakovica factories to the parliament building in the same protest against low wages and the nation's economic crisis. Then, the workers did not enter the building, whose entrance at the time was protected by the police.

The Yugoslav economy, burdened with a \$20 billion debt to Western creditors, is plagued by a current inflation rate of 200 per-cent a year and a 50 percent drop in the standard of living in the past eight years.

Mr. Suvar said the Politburo will meet before the Oct. 17 plenum "to determine the criteria of possible responsibility of its members" for the country's crises.

"If it fails in this, the Central Committee will assume this role and anyone who does not win twothirds of the committee's votes will have to leave the presidium." Mr. As the top body of Yugoslavia's

lone political party, the presidium is the most powerful body in the country. It has 23 members, but two men on the ruling body stepped down last week.

In announcing that about a third of the Central Committee membership is to be changed, Mr. Suvar said a similar "cadre renewal" was expected in the party leaderships of Yugoslavia's six repubbics and two autonomous provinces.

There have been increasing calls in public for top-level personnel changes as economic and political difficulties mount. Leaders also have been blamed for failing to defuse tensions, between the most-ly Christian Slav minority and the largely Moslem ethnic Albanian majority, in the Kosovo Province.

Serbs in Kosovo charge that persecution by the province's ethnic Albanian majority is forcing them to emigrate.

Senior leaders who have been denounced in public lately, and are widely expected to be dismissed during or before the plenum, include Stane Dolanc, the Yngoslavian vice president, from Slovenia; Josip Vrhovec, a Croatian member in the collective presidency, and several officials from the provinces of Vojvodina and Kosovo.

In another demonstration Wednesday, in Novi Sad, about 1,000 policemen held back up to 80,000 demonstrators chanting Serbian nationalist demands outside the regional Communist Party headquarters of Vojvodina Prov-ince. Novi Sad is the capital of the

Witnesses said the policemen, many wearing riot gear, cordoned off the building as a crowd surged forward several times, yelling: "We



DISARMAMENT RACE — At London's Scotland Yard, police officials on Wednesday load onto trucks some of the more than 35,000 firearms and 1 million rounds of ammunition turned in by Britons during the just-ended, month-long September ammesty.

Living Cost

ALGIERS — Gangs of youths noted in the center of Algiers on Wednesday, eausing extensive damage during a protest against the high cost of living.

The police did not intervene imdiately, a police spokesman said. He said policemen were trying to avoid making the situation

The rioting began in the Bab el Oued quarter on Tuesday night then spread to the city center on Wednesday. Youths in the main opping streets broke windows and stoned passers-by.

The incidents coincided with a series of strikes that have affected Algerian industry and transportation for more than a week.

The rioters were protesting not only the high cost of living but the I in workers' living standards. The official news agency report-

ed what it called an outbreak of

vandalism and said Algeria's ruling National Liberation Front was sticking to economic austerity policies in spite of the violence. According to a source in Algiers. the call for a general strike on

Wednesday was issued by an underground workers leadership independent of the party-dominated general union.

It was obeyed by many workers in the post office and the telephone service, but many other governwill topple the government in Novi ment employees went to work as Sad." (UPI, AP, Reuters) normal. (AP, Reuters)

Youths Riot Brazil Adopts Its New Constitution, Over Algeria Widening Civil and Labor Rights

By Marlise Simons
New York Times Service

RIO DE JANEIRO - After almost 20 months of intense bargaining and frequent squabbles, the Brazilian National Congress put a new constitution into effect on Wednesday, a step hailed as crucial in the country's transition from dictatorship to democracy.

The new constitution gives the Congress greater powers than ever before and has gone further than any other in strengthening civil liberties, labor rights and social bene-

"It puts an extraordinary weapin the hands of the citizens," said Ulysses Guimaraes, president of the 559-member assembly that produced the document. Its proclamation abolishes the

that to many Brazilians was an intolerable heritage of more than two decades of military regimes. The celebrations on Wednesday, therefore, were widely seen as the definitive end of an era of repression, an era which also widely sa-vored power and wealth and left

Attending the ceremonies in the

modern Congress buildings were delegations from 30 nations, many from Latin America and from Por-tuguese-speaking nations from oth-er continents. It was Brazil's sev-row it will end." entb constitution since its independence in 1822.

Under the new constitution, Brazil's first presidential elections by his unexpected creation of an Advidirect popular vote will be beld in November 1989. The last time this happened was in 1960.

in the final hours of the old condent José Sarney showed what many saw as disdain and contempt for the will of the Congress.

Under the new constitution, the president can no longer make laws authoritarian document of 1967 by decree, and the power of ministers is curtailed. But on Monday, Mr. Sarney reportedly signed 24 decrees, and an additional 20 were expected to be published on Wednesday morning, just bours before the ceremonies for the new constitution.

vored power and wealth and left the majority of Brazilians poorer, Tuesday with 236 pages — four Amendments are already expected.

less nourished and less educated than before. times its normal size — packed with new decrees, administrative changes, transfers and nomina-

The daily O Estado de São Paulo

One last-minute move by Mr. Samey to circumvent Congress that provoked much criticism was sory Secretariat for National Defense to replace the National Secu-rity Council. The new constitution had eliminated the council because stitution, the government of Presi- it had served as an important instrument of the military regimes. Several members of Congress

have announced that they will fight this and other decrees. "I will not keep quiet," said Sen-ator Fernando Henrique Cardoso, leader of a new opposition party.

He said the president was carrying out a "process of sabotage." Well before going into effect, the 245-article constitution, which covers almost every aspect of life, has also drawn wide criticism from left

WORLD BRIEFS

Rights Group Issues a Global Report

LONDON (Reuters) — Torture and execution of political prisoners is widespread in the Middle East, with governments from Iran to Israel flouting international conventions on human rights, Amnesty International said Wednesday.

The human rights are 1987 also as the human rights and the prisoners is the human rights.

The human rights organization's annual report for 1987 also accused

The human rights organization's annual report for 1987 also accused governments throughout South America, Africa, the Far East and Europe of trying in stifle opposition by arrest or torture. It said there had been a marked increase in reports of torture of Palestinians in Israel leading up to and during the December riots in the West Bank and Gaza Strip.

The organization, based in London, campaigns worldwide for the release of political prisoners and the abolinon of torture and capital punishment. In its routine, Amnesty said torture was widespread in Iran. In Iraq, torture and ill-treatment of prisoners was routine, it said, especially in cases involving minority Kurds. Amnesty said that thousands of political prisoners were held by the Syrian government in 1987.

Moscow Reports Attacks on Kabul

MOSCOW (AP) — Rebels fired more than two dozen rockets into the Afghan capital, Kabul, on Wednesday, killing 13 people and wounding 34, the Soviet press agency Tass said.

Tass, quoting Afghanistan's official press agency, also said that 16 shells hit Kabul suburbs and that the insurgents increased their pressure on the eastern city of Khost. It did not report casualnes ontside Kabul. Twenty-six rockets exploded on the streets and squares of Kabul as its "Twenty-six rockets exploded on the streets and squares of Kabul as its four districts came under intensive shelling," Tass said. It added that rebels were subjecting Khost "to nearly daily massive rocket and artillery shelling."

Kinnock Vows to Press for Changes

BLACKPOOL, England (Reuters) — The leader of the Labor Party, Neil Kinnock, vowed on Wednesday to press ahead with policy changes in his divided opposition party, despite a surprise attack from his biggest trade unice ally

Mr. Kinnock's keynote speech to Labor's annual conference on Tuesday predicted that the party could return to power if it adopted practical policies in place of Socialist ideologies. But key aspects of Mr. Kinnock's package were attacked by Ron Todd, leader of the biggest trade union, the Transport and General Workers. "We will not allow our commitment to public and social ownership," Mr. Todd said, "to be lost in talks of markets and commentation." markets and competition.

Labor started its two-year policy overhaul at its conference last year after a third consecutive general election defeat by the Conservatives.

Hondurans Propose a Peace Patrol

UNITED NATIONS, New York (NYI) — The foreign minister of Honduras has proposed an international peacekeeping force that would patrol Honduran borders to keep Nicaraguan and Salvadoran rebels out. The proposal on Tuesday marked the first time Honduras had put forward a specific plan for a peacekeeping force to halt border incursions by the U.S.-backed rebels, known as contras. Nicaragua has put forward similar proposals several times in the past, to lukewarm Honduran

The proposal by the foreign minister, Carlos Lopez Contreras, would seem to be another indication of growing Honduran unwillingness to be the host to the contras. A U.S. assistant secretary of state, Elliott Abrams, at the United Nations for meetings with Latin American leaders, called the Honduran idea an "intelligent proposal from Honduras to protect their national security," but said he thought it would be "physically not possible" to remove the Nicaraguan rebels from Honduran soil.

Drugs Found on U.S. Plane in Bogota BOGOTA (Reuters) — An Eastern Airlines plane was impounded at Bogotá's Eldorado international airport on Wednesday after employees from the U.S. carrier found 21 pounds (10 kilograms) of cocaine on

The Lockheed Star L-10 was seized during an overnight stop at the airport while on the Los Angeles-Miami-Bogotá-Miami route. "It is most likely that the 21 pounds of cocaine were introduced in Bogotá," an airport police official said. "It would make no sense for drug smugglers to sense for drug smugglers to sense for drug smugglers to sense for drug smugglers.

send cocaine from Miami to Bogotá." Over the past four years, drugs have been found 10 times aboard Eastern Airlines planes. In August 1987, Colombian authorities for the first time seized one of Eastern's airliners after finding 27 pounds of cocaine. That plane was released after 48 bours and the company paid a \$40,000 deposit. Since then, Eastern has hired anti-drug officers to check its planes during stopovers in Bogota.

For the Record

Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher and President Ronald Reagan will meet during her visit to Washington Nov. 15-17, a week after the presidential election, her office said in London Wednesday. Four Soviet coal miners died and four more were injured when an

explosion ripped through a mine in the southern Soviet republic of Georgia, the Tass press agency said Wednesday in Moscow.

The Soviet Union and China have signed a fishing agreement in the latest step toward improving diplomatic ties, Tass said Wednesday. (UPI)

A bill to provide further trade protection for the U.S. textile industry failed to survive President Ronald Reagan's veto in a House vote. The vote Tuesday. 272 to 152 in favor, was 11 votes short of the two-thirds majority necessary to make the bill law over Mr. Reagan's veto. (WP)

Four Soviet military observers arrived in London Wednesday to inspect army maneuvers on British territory for the first time. They are visiting Britain under terms of the 1986 Stockholm Agreement on East-West confidence-building measures.

(AP)

Why Americans Abroad Are Voting For Dukakis/Bentsen

The Dukakis/Bentsen Team Stands For:

* Equitable treatment of Americans abroad. That includes fair tax laws and citizenship requirements.

* A well-run, ethical government that helps those in need.

* Peace and security through economic and military

* Responsible world leadership.

For a Better America and a Better World, Vote Dukakis/Bentsen.

For more information contact Democrats Abroad:
Paris 39 52 64 32; London 223 5286; Athens 643 2660; Geneva 34 07 78; Hong Kong 476 428; Tokyo 785 1559; Toronto 926 6302; Cairo 353 1205; Brussels 687 9333; Madrid 207 1863; Holland (1751) 18409; Germany (6371) 629 55; Tel Aviv 267 593; Mexico City 398 9708; Rome 361 9332; Bangkok 271 3882; Sweden (506) 116 50; Vienna 475 5965; Costa Rica 28 09 21.

PAID FOR AND AUTHORIZED BY THE DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE

LOCUSTS: This Year May Be the Worst in 30 Years locusts bred in western Sudan and a stretch and cover 300 kilometers

(Continued from Page 1) 1960, a more or less continuous

plague. Scientists say its impact was felt all the way from the Atlantic Ocean to India.

Since then, a combination of the right weather, scientific surveil-lance and judicious applications of pesticides bas limited the outbreaks to a few easily contained swarms in Niger and Chad, locust-control ex-

Two factors ensured that this year would be different. The first was rain. Much of Africa received unusually good rain in the past year and generous rain, especially when it follows a period of drought. sends locusts into a procreative

"The African farmer can't win," said Keith Cressman, a UN entomologist who is studying the swarms and trying to predict their movement. "When it doesn't rain, the farmers' crops wither. When be finally gets a good rain, be gets locusts

At the same time, military and tribal conflicts in Chad, Ethiopia, western Sudan and elsewbere meant that large areas of land were inaccessible for early spraying and other locusi-control measures. The

AUTHORS WANTED By N.Y. Publisher

Morocco, then down into Mali,

plying as they went. African governments, hilled by of food a day. In Ethiopia in 1958, the locust-free 1970s, had let con- locuts ate enough grain to feed a trol programs slip into low gear and reacted slowly to early reports of The best time to stop them is abnormally large swarms. "The west and northwest Afri-

for the past 20 years," said Mo-hammed Osman Nurein, scientific tree pollen and march long disdirector for the East African Desert tances in voracions "hopper Locust Control Organization. "They weren't ready this time." The organization itself has been

hobbled because several of its member countries fell behind in the payment of their dues. In Sudan, government officials were warned by forecasters in late May than a plague was on the way, but it wasn't until a large swarm passed over Khartoum in June that

the warnings were taken seriously. Serious locust-control efforts did not begin until mid-July. By then, said Mr. Cressman, the locust populations in western Sudan were well

on their way. Scientists in Khartoum predict it will take at least a decade to bring the present infestation under con-trol. They view this year's efforts as a trial run, a chance to train personnel and work the kinks out of a

rusty system. Locusts are difficult to track and hard to control no matter bow early one starts. They can fly 20 bours at

Chad in late 1987 and moved in a day. Locusts eat their weight in northwest across the continent to grain and greenery each day. A Morocco, then down into Mali, 400-square-kilometer (150-square-Senegal and Burkina Faso, multi-mile) swarm consumes about 80,000 tons (73 million kilograms)

The best time to stop them is while they are still on the ground, during their immature, or hopper, can countries hadn't seen locusts stage. Unable to fly, lime yellow in

> bands," eating as they go. The center of the continent's latest infestation is a wide band of central Sudan that stretches due west from Khartoum to the Chad-

Sudanese locust-control teams spent much of last week in that area, showering vast tracts with in-secticide. Small crop dusters, including several Antonov planes donated by the Polish government, crisscrossed areas where hopper bands had been reported.

Dam on Zambezi Is Studied

Agence France-Presse HARARE, Zimbabwe — Zim-babwe and Zambia are to study the feasibility of building a hydroelec-tric dam on the Zambezi River, executive, Andrew Mpala, said

TRAVEL UPDATE

Agreement Set on Roads to Berlin BERLIN (Reuters) — East and West Germany signed an agreement on Wednesday under which Bonn will pay its neighbor an annual fee of 915 million Deutsche marks (\$490 million) during the 1990s for improved road transit links to West Berlin.

East Germany will create a new border crossing in the south of the divided city. It also will build a new access road and renovate parts of the

city's ringroad.

An Air France Airbus carrying 83 passengers left for Tehran on Wednesday as the carrier resumed weekly flights to Iran after a three-and-a-half-year break during the Gulf War.

(AFP)

The West German government has repeated its warning against trips to Lebanon, saying that the release of hostages does not mean there has been a lessening of the danger for Western nationals.

(UPI)

The major U.S. airlines landed 83 percent of their flights on-time during which forms their joint border, the the busy Angust season, their second best performance on record, the Zambezi River Anthority's chief Transportation Department said Wednesday. In addition, the department said consumer complaints against airlines fell 20 percent in Septem-

ber to 1,897, a third of what they were a year ago.



Two By Two



To The U.S.A.



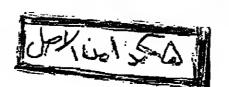
The Perfect Business Arrangement.

Pan Am understands just how much a business traveler needs room to work and unwind. So we've arranged our Clipper. Class with seats that are 6 across. Two by two by two. Of course, most of our competitors try to squeeze you in 8 across. And that's too bad.

The Business Bonus. We do even more for you once you land in New York. We give you a complimentary limousine right into the heart of the city. Or we can help you connect to flights to over 50 cities across the U.S. and Latin America.

You even get exclusive use of our Private Terminal. So call your Travel Agent or Pan Am and make arrangements to do business with us. You'll find we're perfect for each other.

Number one across the Atlantic.



THE HUSTINGS

WASHINGTON (AP) - Vice President George Bush on Wednesday

declined an invitation to appear with Governor Michael Dukakis on the ABC-TV program "Nightline" after Mr. Dukakis had accepted the offer. The network invited both candidates to "engage in an open-ended

discussion concerning the issues being raised in the 1988 presidential campaign," which would have been conducted outside the tight rules of

A Bush spokesman, Mark Goodin, said: "We're not going to do it. An open-ended discussion of the issues is a debate. We committed the

He said the campaign violated a provision of the Voting Rights Act of 1965 requiring voting literature to be issued in a second language in areas where more than 5 percent of the population has a limited knowledge of

Leaders of English Plus, a Florida group opposed to the official-English campaign, say they will decide this week whether to seek a court injunction to remove the question from the Nov. 8 ballot.

Photo-Finish Winner in Washington

OLYMPIA, Washington (AP) — Two weeks after three Washington state Democratic candidates for lieutenant governor finished the primary election in a virtual dead heat, state Senator George Fleming has emerged

Unofficial but complete statewide figures, released Tuesday, showed

that Mr. Fleming edged his nearest competitor, state Senator Nita Rinehart, by fewer than 5,000 votes.

their other two debates, Roone Arledge, ABC News president, said.

Bush Rejects a Direct Debate on TV

LD BRIEFS

Leeues a Global Repa totals and concurrence of the same of the same of the concurrence of the same of the same

ENGLE MINES SERVICE TO THE SERVICE of the street of the trace of the street of of figure of Palestones. A tong in the Mest Hand in Landon, carry new in samuel the sheliter of in the manufacture with the second se inquired on because " Employee Kurds Assessment and beld by the Sense of the Sense

ts Attacks on Kabu stinus more than the state of t

that the mention and indicate the same the same to the ted and the survey and temporary the beauty dark many

to Press for Change Routers) -- The case interiar to prevente and E dequie a surprise

and to Labor 5 and the contract of the and return to pe a feedingers. But her was Incident to the second to the Micro. We will the Mr. Total said

policy everhaul at a comment decision detention of the comments of the comment

pose a Peace Palal York (NYT) The News Agents and Notice of the marked the first against Sergeochast Fare 海市 森 に明ける in the part to come of

Minister, Carlos of growing Hand MENIACI ME ICLA tings with later 4 ... id he thought to mean principals and

i U.S. Plane in Box

Englere Anther et of starter on H ... the parameter of the second

Carron dipolices a diference in part SWARDS NOT 1 11 1 1994 of Addition total trace inst ANTENNA . Cafter In ben ? Section Section have a

early of the same A -! W. . 2 -. ART METERS हर्त । चीं इस देश का ed Hritzan Lilas . . J 35 627 1. 1

the section NOW AND A STATE OF THE STATE OF

e grade in

TPDAII, a Roads to Berlin

80325-2017



Partie V in and the i

Senator Quayle, center, arrives in Omaha with his wife, Marilyn, right.

Quayle: Little Left to Chance

By Gerald M. Boyd New York Times Service

WASHINGTON — As a top
Jush campaign official discussed

Senator Dan Quayle recently, be struggled to explain several gaffes by the Republican vice-presidential candidate, such as Mr. Quayle's declaration that he "did not live in this century,"

He finally said that Mr. Quayle was no "rocket scientist," reflecting a concern that runs throughout the Bush campaign about the Indiana senator's perceived limitations as a national candidate. The assessment explains why

Mr. Quayle went into the debate with Senator Lloyd Bentsen of Texas, his Democratic counterpart, on Wednesday night as one of the most thoroughly managed running mates in history. There has been a broad effort of

fate by the Bush campaign to bol-ster Mr. Quayle's standing in the face of opinion polls that show continued doubts about his qualifications and his ability to serve as president.

Campaign officials point out that he has traveled to 36 states and Jas raised more than \$2 million for Republican state campaign organizations since August.

"People here are truly supportive of Dan Quayle on every level," said Lee Atwater, the Bush campaign manager. "It's as simple as that." But at the same time, some aides concede that Mr. Quayle had a Louisiana last week, Richard N. tion from Mr. Bush.

rocky start on the ticket amid ques-tions about his background and his service in the National Guard at the height of the Vietnam War.

In addition, he made several gaffes that concern some Bush advisers, such as calling the Holo-caust an "obscene period in our nation's history" and then explaining, "I didn't bve in this century." Mr. Quayle has been relegated to role that aides insists is normal

Aides say his schedule is determined by the Bush campaign, as is what he says and how he says it.

for a running mate; shoring up the base, campaigning in areas where the top of the ticket is unlikely to reach and attacking the top of the other ticket. Although that ap-proach has attracted little attention nationally, on the local level it has led to largely positive articles in newspapers and generally favorable television appearances.

"If our aim was to hide Dan Quayle, we have been doing a lousy job at it," said Mark Goodin, a campaign spokesman.

Bond, Mr. Bush's national political director, said: "George Bush and his ticket are better off in Louisania from Quavle's trip there. He reached bundreds, if not thou-

sands, of people." But campaign officials concede that Mr. Bush has left bittle to chance regarding his running mate. He is coached by a team led by Stn Spencer, a veteran Republican political strategist; Joseph Canzeri, a former White House aide, and Kenneth L. Khachigian, who has served as a speechwriter to President Ronald Reagan.

Mr. Quayle's schedule is determined by the Bush campaign, as is what he says and how he says it, aides said. For the most part, he has avoided unscheduled contacts with reporters, speaking with them for the first time for about 45 minutes on a trip last week.

"There is a difference campaigning in Indiana and campaigning nationally," said another senior Bush aide, who compared Mr. Quayle with a rookie in the National Football League who was leveled by a huge veteran lineman on his first play from scrimmage. "He's had to learn it." Some aides traveling with Mr.

Quayle have told reporters that be will not try to create much news nationally between now and the election, a pattern he has kept since August. They say that such a role is designed to avoid distracting atten-



Senator Bentsen waves to supporters in a pre-debate rally at the Omaha airport.



Slick vs. Slick: Dukakis Ads Hit Bush's Image Men

By Lloyd Grove

Washington Past Service
WASHINGTON — Behind in the polls and buffeted by television commercials slamming his record vertising campaign attacking his to the Democratic nominee.

who cynically manipulate voters commercials.

with lies and base appeals to patriotism and fear.

an estimated \$1.5 million to air them through the end of the week on crime and the environment, and plans to "put a lot of money Governor Michael S. Dukakis has behind them" in battleground launched a multimillion-dollar ad- states, said a senior media strategist

cials, titled "The Packaging of first time in a presidential cam-George Bush," the Republican paign that one candidate's packagnommee's handlers are portrayed, ers have gone after the other candiby actors, as unscrupulous hacks date's packagers with a set of

The Dukakis campaign has spent

opponent's media advisers. While similar "back room" ads in a series of television commer-have been used before, this is the

dlers take such unabashed pride in their ability to manipulate," said Scott Miller of New York's Sawyer-Miller Group, which produced the ads for Mr. Dukakis. "These spots are a compliment to Roger Ailes," he said, referring to the senior media adviser for Vice President George Bush.

"I think they set themselves up for this kind of an advertising campaign," said Mr. Miller's partner, Mandy Grunwald. "You guys in the media are already writing about the cynicism of Bush and the Pledge of Allegiance, the choice of Dan Quayle, and we know it's been bothering people. The big question is: Where did this new, improved George Bush come from?"

Mr. Miller said the series is aimed at three Bush vulnerabilities that show up in campaign polling and interviews with potential voters: donbis about the Republican's leadership abilities, his judgment and his political consistency. Acknowledging that the new ads are risky, Mr. Miller said, "When you're trying to change the dialogue, you have to take some Florida's 'English First' Drive Falters

MIAMI (AP) — A campaign in Florida to make English the state's

official language could be invalidated because petitions to place the
question on the ballot were all in English despite a federal law requiring
Spanish-language voter information in counties with many Hispanic
residents, a U.S. Justice Department spokesman has said.

He end the counting violeted a proficient of the Verice Picket Act of

Mr. Ailes said be is unconcerned "I think it's a bunch of liberals sitting around pretending they're not handlers and playing to 25 other liberals," he said. "It's a massive waste of money and a stupid campaign tactic, but I understand why they do it. It makes them feel better when they go to their white-wineand-quiche parties on the Upper East Side. I hope they spend a fortune on them, while we talk about

On Tuesday the Bush campaign unleashed another anti-Dukakis ad on the issue of prison furloughs in Massachusetts, featuring a stark, black-and-white scene of immates streaming in and out through a revolving door. As Massachusetts crime statistics flash on screen, an announcer attacks Mr. Dukakis "revolving-door prison policy" that

"I've never seen a campaign like "gave weekend furloughs to first-the Bush campaign, where the back room is so up front, where the han-parole. While out, many committed other crimes like kidnapping and rape, and many are still at large."

Until now, Dukakis ads have done little to blunt such attacks or help Mr. Dukakis take control of the campaign dialogue. In one of the new ads, actors

portray Bush aides plotting strategy around a table. "Geez, look at these poll num bers," says one. "People are really worried about the environment." We'll do a commercial standing on a beautiful beach," says a sec-

They recount negative aspects of the Reagan administration's environmental record and one says of Mr. Bush, "He's going to say be loves the environment. He's going to make it clean and wonderful."

"He'll say that?" Laughter.

All the Dukakis spots end: "They'd like to sell you a package. Wouldn't you rather choose a pres-

Reaction to the Dukakis ads has been mixed, with several rival media consultants saying they lack broad appeal. "I wonder if they're not ton subtle," said Carl Struble, a Democratic media consultant.





Your success comes from taking risks. Durs comes from spreading them for you.

Effective risk management in today's volatile market conditions requires close contact with stock markets around the world. Plus a sophisticated analysis of the political and economic pressures that move exchange and interest rates. And a keen eye for investment opportunities broader than the conventional range of options.

It demands, in short, a full-time, thoroughly professional approach.

Your Private Bank

Lloyds Bank International Private Banking offers you a complete service, with unlimited access to a personal adviser, your account executive.

This adviser will be an experienced professional with whom you can discuss problems or opportunities at any time. He or she is also part of a banking team with representation in 40 countries and contacts everywhere in the world.

For further information, we invite you to call or visit any of our offices: Cayman, Dubai, Geneva, Gibraltar, Guernsey, Hong Kong, Jersey, London, Luxembourg, Marbella, Miami, Monaco, Nassau, New York, Panama, Zurich or any branch of Lloyds Bank.



Herald Eribune.

Toward Strategic Defense

hroad consensus supporting strategic defense. True, he himself is barely part of it. He had sought a more release and the fense are the fense are the fense and the fense are the fense had sought a more robust commitment, and he signed on only reluctantly to the final bargain that Congress and his administration struck. Still, a concept that was only a pleam in the president's eye in 1983 is on the

way to being realized in some way now.

The original Reagan concept entailed a shift from the existing full reliance on strateric deterrence to eventual full reliance on strategic defense. The particular program be chose was the Strategic Defense Initiative, or "star wars," in which space-based weapons would knock newly launched hostile missiles out of the sky.

The concept that most others finally emhraced was in a more modest range. It foresees not replacing strategic deterrence hut supplementing it with a degree of stra-tegic defense to be determined hy pragmatic considerations. Instead of making nuclear weapons "impotent and ohsolete," as Mr. Reagan dreamed of doing, this lesser concept anticipates making deterrence sturdier and adding certain capahilities of defense — against accidentally launched missiles, for example,

own science advisers or of its military com-mand or its current political leadership. To the ban on tests in space written into the Anti-Ballistic Missile Treaty, Congress added its own prohibition in domestic law. So in the end, the administration settled on a program focused first on a land-based option, It's not star wars anymore.

One of the marks of SDI from the start has been the passion of the debate sur-rounding it —in part a natural result of the apocalyptic nature of nuclear weapoury. The political system has, nonetheless, gone far to hring the debate down to earth. Mr. Reagan's personal commitment ensured strategic defense the big boost that any large new idea needs to get a hearing. Others then asked the necessary questions about feasibility, cost, diplomatic effect and strategic value. Not without some bruises on all sides, tentative answers emerged. The program is moving forward uncertainly, hut moving forward. It leaves key choices open, but makes those choices possible. That is a good result.

- THE WASHINGTON POST.

Hope Revives for Haiti

Thanks largely in their own persistence, Haitians have their best chance at real democracy in more than three decades. Cynical outsiders claimed that Haiti was too poor and too long misgoverned for there to be any realistic chance of that. But democrats, strengthened by the refusal of countries like the United States to assist the military regime, never gave up. Now Washington can begin to think about resuming aid.

The new president and unlikely instrument of democratic revival is General Prosper Avril, longtime crony of the deposed Duvalier dictatorship, For years he was part of that family's intrigues, repression and pillage. So odious had his name become that protesters drove him from the junta that succeeded Jean-Claude Duvalier in 1986.

But General Avril is also intelligent and respected hy his troops in a way that his predecessor, General Henri Namphy, was not. More important, he rules in tandem with the noncommissioned officers who threw ont most of the old army chiefs. The nprising they inspired against brutal or corrupt police commanders, politicians and factory managers set a vivid example. It is likely to bold General Avril, for a while at Haiti's friends to settle for less.

If anyone has good reason to be skeptical of General Avril, it is Haiti's democratic politicians who bore the hrunt of General Namphy's decision to abort last November's elections. But they seem hopeful. That means that Washington, which suspended most aid after the election day massacre, can start thinking about conditions for renewing it. Haiti needs money badly, and General Avril seems canny enough to understand that his own prospects depend in part on getting it. His carefully conducted purge of Colonel Jean-Claude Paul, indicted in the United States for drug conspiracy, seems to signal a willingness to go beyond oratory and take concrete steps against Haiti's rotten old order. So do his moves against Tontons Macoutes thugs, and his refusal to shelter those

tion is never edifying, but neither was the Nampby regime's tolerance of terrorists. Washington's next moves will have to depend on a full restoration of civil order, clear steps toward constitutionalism and a reasonable electoral timetable. Those are now realistic bopes, thanks to the stubbornness of Haiti's people and the refusal of

thugs from popular vengeance. Mob retribu-

- THE NEW YORK TIMES.

America Back in Space

Gene Thomas, director of the 1986 Challenger launch, knew all too well the stakes involved in America's return to space and accurately predicted a safe and smooth journey for Discovery before it left last Thursday as "the flight you want to put your mother on." Again on Monday, as during the lift-off, the sighs of relief could be beard around the world as the astronauts -who had pronounced themselves "happy campers" - came bome triumphantly and precisely on time. But if they did alleviate doubts and fears about the safety of America's space program, their journey left open fundamental questions about the pace, purpose and costs of future operations.

The decisions to be made must be based on bow much the public is willing to pay for an expanded manned space program, as well as what it could or should accomplish. Should Mars be the next stop? A base on the moon? An international space station? Or is any of this a luxury that the United States can't afford? If there is a prevalent view as reflected in various

polls, it is that the exploration of the solar system by bumans is useful, for scientific experiments as well as for the repairing of satellites. Shuttle advocates increasingly are saying that the shuttle's best use is not as an all-purpose freighter but as a craft to "fly people as they learn to live in space and eventually explore the solar system." Sally Ride, the former astronaut, and other experts who have studied the options have concluded that methodical progress -developing new technology, continuing biological studies and working on a lunar base as a move toward an eventual Mars mission - is probably the best approach. in any event, the work of the sbuttle will focus on a manned space station as a key part of a "space infrastructure." Given budget constraints, the pace may bave to be slowed. Both presidential candidates have indicated general support for the project, but have noted the budget limitations. Whoever wins will have a great im-

Other Comment

A Soviet Man of His Time

Mikhail Gorbachev dominated [the session of the Soviet Communist Party Central Committee last Friday] because of the intelligence and self-control he hrings to the authority of his office. The outside world, astonished by the appearance of such an unusual leader, has been tempted to suppose either that he is one of a kind or, more skeptically, that he is too good to be true.

There is a more optimistic explanation of the Gorhachev phenomenon. It is that Soviet society has changed in a myriad of ways which can still only partly he guessed at, and that Mr. Gorbachev is speaking to the new elements in this society, and indeed is himself a product of them.

For all his problems, Mr. Gorbachev must be counted a lucky reformer. He is a man whose time has come. Even if he is slowed down or removed, future Soviet leaders will be more like him than they will be like the late Leonid Brezhnev.

— The Observer (London).

Mr. Gorbachev decisively strengthened his leadership. At the same time, the urgent manner of carrying out the reshuffle indicated the enormity of the difficulties he is confronted with in implementing his reforms.

Mr. Gorbachev's consolidation of his power and determined pursuit of his perestroika and glasnost policies, however, apparently bode well for the Japan-Soviet relationship. During the days of Leonid Brezhnev, the Kremlin's foreign policy rotated mainly on its relationship with Washington, giving only subsidiary importance

in its relations with other nations. Stereotype was the name of the game in bandling issues which did not directly affect the sphere of superpower influence.

pact on the program for decades to come.

- THE WASHINGTON POST.

Perestroika is a matter of national security. The KGB and the armed forces realize that the Soviet Union must change its ruinously inefficient behavior if it is to stand any hope of one day competing with the West on anything other than military terms.

- The Japan Times (Tokyo).

Yegor Ligachev, in his new and unenviable role as the man in charge of agriculture, represents those who approve of reform while questioning the pace and extent of it under Mr. Gorbachev. Trying to increase food production, one of the Kremlin's most difficult tasks, will not only keep him husy hut give Mr. Gorbachev an opportunity to hlame him if the plight of the consumer worsens.

Changes at the top demonstrate that there is still much uncertainty in the Kremlin, Mr. Gorhachev bas proved himself, but he must still prove his policies to a nation that remains highly resistant to change.

- The Age (Melbourne).

Mr. Gorbachev has succeeded in removing the formal obstacles to his reforms and put party apparatchiks and hureaucrats on notice that they, too, can face the axe if they obstruct his policies. It will raise the hope of ordinary Soviet citizens a little. But skepticism will remain till they can see some improvements in their lives.

- The Straits Times (Singapore).

INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE

JOHN HAY WHITNEY, Charman 1958-1982

KATHARINE GRAHAM, WILLIAM S. PALEY, ARTHUR OCHS SULZBERGER

LEE W. HUEBNER, Frielicher

JOHN VINOCUR. Exercises Edition WALTER WELLS, New Editor SAMUEL ABT, KATHERINE KNORR and CHARLES MITCHELMORE. Depart: Editors of CARL GEWIRTZ. Associate Editor of ROBERT J. DONAHUE. Editor of the Editorial Pages of JAMES R. CRATE, Biomess Financial Editor

RENÉ BONDY, Deput Publisher • ALAIN LECOUR and RICHARD H. MORGAN, Associate Publishers • FRANÇOIS DESMAISONS, Circulation Provider • ROLF D. KRANEPUHL, Advertising Sales Injector • KOURDT HOWELL, Director, Inf. mattern Systems

International Herald Tribune, 181 Avenue Charles-de-Gaulle, 92200 Neuilly-sur-Seine, France, Tel.; (1) 46,37,93.00, Telex: Advertising, 613595; Circulation, 61232; Editorial, 612715; Production, 630698. Directeur de la publication: Walter N. Thaver

Directors de la publication: Watter N. Traver

Editor for Asia: Michael Rehandson, S. Camerbury R.J. Singapore 0511, Tel-72-7708, Tex R556928

Managing Dir. Asia: Makedin Glein, S.O. Glouester Road, Hong Kong, Tel. 5-8610616, Telex: 01170

Managing Dir. U.K.: Rubin MucKichan, 63 Long Acre, London W.C., Tel. R30-6902, Telex: 265009

Ger. Mor. W. Germany: W. Lauserbach, Friedrichstr. 15, 6700 Frankfar: M. Tel. (004) 72-550. Telex: 47-771

Pres. U.S.: Michael Carroy, 820 Travel Ave., New York, N.Y. 10022, Tel. (212) 722-5502, Telex: 47-771

S.A. au capital de 1.200.000 F. RCS Namerre B 732021126. Commussion Partiagre No. 61337

S.A. au capital de 1.200.000 F. RCS Namerre B 732021126. Commussion Partiagre No. 61337 2 1988, International Herald Tribune. All rights reserved. ISSN: 0294-8952.



OPINION

Now a Little Brother, Too, Is Watching

S TOCKHOLM—The tables are being turned on who is watching whom. When computers and satellites came into use, big governments got powerful new tools for keeping track of their citizens and each other. But the information explosing one work both NAME.

explosion can work both ways.

Now a small group of young Swedes is using the new technologies to defy some government attempts at secrecy. They have developed a third eye in the sky, a civilian ability in monitor some important military programs, something that only the superpowers could do before.

For more than a decade there have been propos-

als for another surveillance system to check what the Americans and the Soviets announce, or hide, of what they know from satellites. France, Canada and half a dozen neutral or nonaligned govern-ments suggested an independent multinational service. They exhorted, haggled and got nowhere. The Swedes, journalists who worked for a high-tech publisher, just went ahead and started

it on a completely independent, commercial basis with no aim but in inform the public. They

called the service Space Media Network, and they operate rather like a news agency, selling what they learn to press and television clients.

Organized in 1985 as part of their publisher's enterprise, the network was recently bought out by a billionaire Swedish husinessman and philanthropist who doesn't mind absorbing current losses of about \$140,000 a year for a while

to get it well launched. The group's first hig coup was providing the first pictures and details of the Chernohyl disaster in 1986, obviously playing an important By Flora Lewis

role in persuading the Russians to come clean on the gravest nuclear accident yet.

Since then it has discovered secret prepara-tions for a Soviet space shuttle, powerful Soviet laser installations which could be made to serve a Soviet "star wars" system, advance evidence of resumed Soviet nuclear tests, the site for Chinese missiles in Sandi Arahia, a huge new cocaine-growing region in South America and giant forest fires in China, among other things. It has plugged into a computer enhancement system that can double the quality of its pictures.

The network uses pictures bought from com-mercial satellites, American Landsats and the French SPOT, and has even found it can make significant use of fuzzy weather satellite photographs because the archives go back some 15 years and offer a hasis for comparison. The launch soon of a new European radar satellite is eagerly awaited. The combination of optical, thermal and radar observations will

give interpreters another leap forward. Of course, the pictures are not nearly as good or as comprehensive, so far, as the ones that secret military satellites provide. But they are good enough to reveal a lot that had been hidden. With time and the accumulation of a data base, they can disclose the massing of armies for a surprise invasion, threatening naval activity, new missile deployments. The more countries or companies that put up commercial satellites, the

so far indicates that Libya is building a complex and that Syria may be doing the same.

There are also big, long-term environmental

projects that can override official attempts to conceal or minimize the damage being done. Christer Larsson, the executive producer, and his colleagues Sverker Nyman and Hans-Henrik Ronnow are modest about their current capacities. They point out that they can learn a lot more about what is going on at sea, in deserts or snowbound regions than in populated areas, where concealment is easier.

They are rigorous about building up inconrovertible evidence, sometimes waiting a year before releasing a conclusion. They have found leading scientific experts around the world ea-ger to help interpret and verify their informa-tion in return for access to the pictures, mostly collected at a receiving station in the Swedish

town of Kirma, above the Arctic Circle.

Despite their diffident Swedish style, the young men are obviously enthusiastic about the tremendous contribution they can make to keeping the world public aware of threats to peace and the environment. It is an exciting

initiative, with all kinds of prospects.

Even adversary governments know much of even adversary governments know much of each other's secrets yet still insist on keeping the public in the dark. That is going to be harder and harder. Technology is allowing ordinary people to break down the information monopo-lies that can decide their fate. This time, little brother is winning a round.

The New York Times.

Gorbachev: A Putsch Usually Means Trouble

WELLESLEY, Massachusetts — The only sure conclusion we can draw from the Kremlin upheaval that it is dangerous for members of

the Politburo to go on vacation.

After General Secretary Mikhail Gorbachev returned from vacation in mid-September, he ran into a firestorm of criticism for his failure to do anything about the deterioration in food supplies and the growing unrest in places like Armenia and the Baltic states. He seems to have concluded that some of the attacks were orchestrated, a prelude to what he evidently saw as an attempted coup. Indeed, one of my better informed friends in Moscow told me in mid-September that Mr. Gorbachev had only another six months to prove himself.

Realizing what was about to happen, he apparently decided last Wednesday to launch a pre-emptive strike while his main rival, Yegor Ligachey, was on his own vacation. That day, Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze announced suddenly that be bad to leave New York for Moscow for what his spokesman explained was a meeting scheduled long ago. The spokesman neglected to mention that the meeting was originally set for the end of October.

Most revealing of all, the Soviet chief of staff, Marsbal Sergei Akhromeyey, left for Sweden on Wednesday only to turn around immediately and return to Moscow. There is no denying, either, that Mr. Gorbachev's reforms are in trouble, or that be is slowly losing public

support. With widespread rationing of meat, butter and sugar and no leap in income, citizens are beginning to grumble that perestroika amounts to With Mr. Gorbachev calling for a 50 percent reduction in the party's Central Committee staff, and with genuine concerns over what Mr. Li-

pachey has described as anarchy and nihilism, the conservative elite had begun to think the time was right to move against the general secretary.

By catching his opponents off guard, Mr. Gorbachev may have survived another round, but he still has not solved his problems. By firing Andrei Gromyko and taking over Mr. Gromyko's title as president, Mr. Gor-

bachev may now have the formal right to do what he has been doing de facto for the last three and a half years. But Mr. Ligachev and Viktor Chebrikov, the former KGB head, are still there with at best a slight loss of stature and, possibly, an increase in power. Mr. Chebrikov, while no longer the

direct bead of the KGB, in a sense remains its superior because he has been named head of the legal policy commission of the Central Commit-

PARIS - "President" Gorba-

lightly off the tongue yet. But soon it

will - as pundits, anchormen. White

House and State Department flacks

and other movers and shakers in the

political-lexicon game drop "Soviet

Communist Party boss" and adopt

the sleeker appellation that Mikhail

Sergeyevich appropriated for himself last weekend in Moscow. We should he alert in this hrief

interval hefore we internalize the

new term for the Soviet ruler, with

the inevitable subterranean echoes

that "president" carries for the

Western ear - free elections, com-

peting political parties, constitu-tionally limited executive powers.

In that small space between "boss" and "president" lies another advance

for the Soviet campaign to establish a

new level of moral equivalency with the West. President Reagan. Presi-

dent Mitterrand. President Gorha-

chev. Of course, All members of the club, (Along with President Pinochet

and other bosses who understand the

PR value of not heing more descrip-

tive about the powers they exercise.)

German Foreign Minister Hans Die-

trich Genscher and others whom she

would normally be expected in criti-

cize for overly trusting the Russian bear. Margaret Thatcher flashed into

the telegraph of fice to send off the first

president (See. It does get easier.) The

British prime minister's message in-

cluded a wish that the new ritle would

give more authority and success to Mr. Gorbachev's reform program.

Pedants will argue that in fact noth-

ing has changed Legald Brezhaev.

after all, became president as well as

the party general secretary. But there

congratulations to the new Soviet

What's in a uitle? Outracing West

chev? It does not come tripping

By Marshall I. Goldman

tee, which is responsible for designing human rights policies. This shocked Soviet liberals. It is like naming Al Capone the attorney general. And Mr. Chebrikov was promoted to full membership in the party Secretariat, which makes him one of seven who could conceivably succeed Mr. Gorbachev. It is hard to tell how Mr. Ligachev

fared in the reshuffling mostly be-cause we do not yet know if he remains number two in the Politburo. We know he is now in charge of agricultural policy. Some see this as a demotion. But with the fate of Mr. Gorbachev's reforms resting chiefly on an increase in the food supply, Mr. Ligachev is assured of continuing influence.

It will be interesting to see what happens to Soviet farm policy. Re-cently Mr. Gorbachev has recom-

mended rules that would allow peasanis to set up private farms and lease state land for up to 50 years, and to do this in response to market forces rather than state orders. But Mr. Ligachev opposes the use of "market laws" and a move to what he calls "a

capitalist market economy."

To an extent that is still hard to determine, the new moves, including the firing of Anatoli Dobrynin, who headed the Central Committee's mternational department, may have been forced on Mr. Gorbachev. If he had his way, his own man, Alexander Yakovlev, would have kept his responsibility for party ideology and Mr. Dobrynin would have continued to oversee foreign relations, Instead,

a former rector of the Academy of Social Sciences and a man once regarded as hidebound and unimaginative, has taken over ideology. It is instructive to contrast Mr. Gorbachev's compromises with Nikita Khrushchev's response when he unearthed a similar plot three years into his tenure. He managed to rid himself completely of his opponents in the Politburo, but even then he

lasted only another seven years. If Mr. Gorbachev is to succeed, he has to find some way to resolve pressing economic and nationality prob-lems. His deft touch in political musical chairs will take him only so far.

The writer is professor of economics at Wellesley College and associate di-rector of the Russian Research Center at Harvard University. He contributed

second scenario steadily more persua-sive — with the partial exception of

Mr. Yakovlev has been assigned for-eign relations and Vadim Medvedev, Soviet Problems Weren't Overthrown

WASHINGTON — Credit Mik-hail Gorbachev with being a good counterpuncher. As the evidence mounted in recent weeks that his reform program was in political trouble, he decided to come oot swinging. It has been a masterful putsch. But the problems that put him on the ropes in the first place remain as serious as ever, and be may pay a price for his strong-arm tactics. At this point, the crucial issue in Soviet politics is not personnel moves

or the drafting of reforms, important as these matters are. It is results. Is perestroika producing better living standards, viable economic re-

From Boss to President, as It Were

By Jim Hoagland

Europeans confusing the stolid and sour Mr. Brezhnev with anything oth-

er than a party boss. His Central Cast-

ing eyebrows and scowl tnot to men-

tion Afghanistan and SS-20s) made

But the dynamic and agile Mr.

Gorbachev is quite a different kettle

of images. He is persuasive in the role of a modern executive trying in get a difficult joh done. The title will fit

him in the American mind in a way it

has never fit a Communist leader before. "President Gorbachev" will

stick, and gradually soften the image

old party-boss stereotype. A compari-son made by many who have met him is that of a "hard-hitting chief execu-

tive officer at a large American corpo-

ration," in the words of a French offi-

cial. He is, as a group of us who interviewed him last May will testify.

intelligent, articulate and decisive. But that interview also suggested in

some of us that there is far more of the

authoritarian in him than the speeches

about democracy at home and hu-

manitarianism abroad convey. His

lightning coup against Gromyko & Co, tends in confirm that: He orches-

trated a tour in Siberia to show a populace clamoring for drastic action;

he ordered newspaper editors to sup-port his line or else; then he struck

while his chief rival. Yegor Ligachev,

was out of town. The sweeping changes were rubber-stamped by a

hour's discussion — unanimously.

cowed Central Committee after an

It was a performance that Mrs. Thatcher would envy. (President

Thatcher?) She is right in suggesting

that there is reason for the West to be

He has worked hard to shatter the

of the man and his country.

"President Brezhnev" unacceptable.

DOWN WITH STALIN!

By Peter Reddaway

order despite the ferment of glasnost, autonomy for the national republics that doesn't simultaneously undermine strong central government, and political reform that will spur the whole process of what Mr. Gorbachev calls revolutionary change? Or is his program resulting in stag-

nant living standards, mounting eco-nomic confusion, uncertainty for Sovi-et allies abroad, declining political order, a potentially serious reduction in central control over the republics?

encouraged hy what has happened in Moscow. But she is wrong to pin it

on the probable impact inside the

Soviet Union of a new and infelici-tous title change for Mr. Gorbachev.

The title's impact will be abroad.

Mr. Gorbachev has confirmed that

be is a skilled political operator able

to consolidate his power. He, Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze and

the new head of the Central Commit-

tee's International Commission, Alexander Yakovlev, share a clear con-

sensus on what they want to do in

foreign policy and have a free hand.

They are deal-makers, ready to find terms with a new U.S. administration

But the results at home are far less

clear-cut than they may appear. Mr. Ligachev and other conservatives

survived Mr. Gorbachev's best shot.

They have been moved sideways.

hut they still have their hands on

Moreover, the changes have done nothing immediate to (1) resolve the

chaos that has been created in gov-ernment ministries and factories by

the uneven switch to semi-market

mechanisms of perestroika, (2) to fix an agricultural distribution system that fails in get 25 percent of the output from the nanon's farms to

consumers before it rots, or (3) to get

consumer goods into empty shops.

Mr. Gorbachev finishes his overture

with a grand flourish. Last weekend

brought the end of the beginning of his rule, as British Sovietologist Robert

Service notes. Prez Gorby now has no

supposedly invincible opponents in the Politburo to blame if the economy

keeps refusing to respond to his pro-gram. If that happens, he may have to fall back on the simple and crude

powers of party boss to stay in charge.

The Washington Post.

domestic levers of power.

to reduce international tensions.

A growing number of observers,

some achievements in foreign policy. We also see signs that the centerright forces in the ruling elite are increasingly disturbed by what they see. If we are correct, then in the next year or two Mr. Gorbachev is likely to come under increasing political pressure. He will be seen as the chief architect of failing policies, and his supporters will gradually transfer their allegiance elsewhere. There is much evidence suggesting that last weekend's fairly claborate changes in structures and personnel were prepared conspiratorially, then sprung on the Central Committee.

session that lasted one hour. Central Committee meetings usually last for a day or more. This was probably the shortest meeting in some 70 years. A pre-meeting conspiracy and then railroading at the session itself are maneuvers that could rebound on Mr. Gorbachev in the future. So far as is known in the West, nothing as blatant as the Gorbachevite methods of the last few days has occurred in Soviet

They were railroaded through in a

politics since the palace coup that ousted Nikita Khrushchev in 1964. The center-right's strategy has been not to resist openly, not to espouse an explicit rival program to that of the Gorbachevites but rather to resist and sabotage quietly, to wait for the Gorbachevites to bring the country to a state of political and economic chaos in which the center-

right can step forward at the right moment to restore order. Yegor Ligachev will probably now be forced to put up or shut up. If he makes a stand, rallying sympathetic forces in the Central Committee, the party apparatus, the military and the KGB, the Soviet body politic will enter a period of virtual civil war.

If he opts for a quieter life, the more conservative forces seem sure - unless Mr. Gorbachev magically resolves the dannting policy prob-lems that confront him — eventually to find new spokesmen at the top, and to renew their challenge. Mr. Gorbachev has gained a breathing space, not long-term security.

The writer heads the Kennan Institute for Advanced Russian Studies at the Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars. He contributed this comment to The Washington Post.

of a tax overpayment. (A court ordered Massachusetts to cough up, and it has promised to do so - next year.) Then there is the state lottery. which despite its name, must pay all its proceeds to the cities and towns. Here the governor's budget underesti-mated the proceeds and then declared that the lottery's excess funds be-longed to the state. When the legislature balked at this maneuver, the governor line item-vetoed the funds that the lottery law committed to the cities and towns, one town at a time.

Dukakis:

The Miracle

Is Over

By Lawrence Lindsey

C AMBRIDGE, Massachusetts

I have never been a believer in

the "Massachusetts miracle." But last

month, Governor Michael Dukakis pulled an economic hat mick that has

turned me around. He announced that

the state's budget for the last fiscal year ram a surplus of \$67 million. Voi-

la! A budget that was in the deepest shade of red turned black with a wave

The magic lay in the accounting Simply part, the state balanced its built get by borrowing hundreds of millions from every conceivable source.

Mr. Dukskis took \$250 million from the state's capital account to fund current services; he then issued

bonds to refund the capital account. He also borrowed from General Elec-

tric by refusing to refund \$122 million that was due the corporation because

of the governor's magic wand.

Finally, the state borrowed money from its own pension fund. Given the magic show with last year's budget, there aren't many in the local audience who believe Mr. Dukakis this year. Among the doubters are almost all legislative leaders and the governor's own Revenue Advisory Board. Although the state's constitu-tion prohibits deficit spending, the

current consensus estimates a deficit between \$500 million and \$1 billion. While credibility is the major concem about Mr. Dukakis's handling of the budget, the details of his current budget also show an appalling lack of understanding of how budgets work. The budget overestimates revenues

by using economic assumptions that are high even by the optimistic standards of official forecasts. For example, his budget assumes that wages will rise 53 percent faster in Massachusetts than in the rest of the country. Even though the state has lost more than 100,000 manufacturing, jobs in the last few years, job growth, is projected to grow at the "miracle".

rates of the early 1980s.
Likewise, the budget underestimates spending. Mr. Dukakis has ignored the fact that an allowance must be made for unforeseen costs. In the last five Dukakis budgets, supple-mental budgets for agencies that have exceeded their spending authority have averaged 4.4 percent of the original appropriation. If this average holds, we can expect \$506 million in extra spending. But to make his proposal look balanced, Mr. Dukakis

budgeted zero in unforeseen costs.

His budget even ignored the need to fond pay raises for state workers. whose contracts are being negotiated. Since the budget was proposed, nurses have already received an unbudgeted \$29 million raise. Court officers and managers have been promised an un-budgeted \$7 million. Three police agencies have been working since July without a contract, and no money has

been budgeted for their raises. Finally, the governor refused to fund the program of which he claims to be most proud: universal health care. Of \$8.5 million the state was supposed to spend to cover bad debts and free-care cases, Mr. Dukakis ve-toed \$7.5 million. He also vetoed an authorization to spend up to \$1 million on uncompensated care for community health centers. A pledge of \$50 million to the hospitals to cover medi-care shortfalls failed to make the budget. In short, Mr. Dukakis has ignored the first fact of budgets: Programs are funded with money, not incantations

In a budget just I percent as big as the federal government's, the conse-quences of these tricks are small. But the state's \$1 billion budget mis-esti-mate extrapolates to \$100 billion at the federal level; its \$506 million in expected supplemental appropriations translates into \$50.6 billion, and its \$13 billion public pension shortfall is the equivalent of \$1.3 trillion for Uncle Sam. With these numbers in the cards, the next act could be spontaneous combustion on Wall Street.

Here in overwhelmingly Democratic Massachusetts, the Dukakis-Bush race is a dead heat. To some, that's a surprise. Maybe we know that the govemor's bag of tricks is really empty.

The writer teaches economics at Harvard University. He contributed this comment to The New York Times.

1938: Benes Resigns

100, 75 AND 50 YEARS AGO

1888: A New York Tube? PARIS — A corps of French engineers has been sent to America by a Europe-

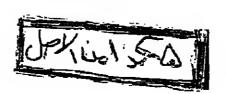
an company recently formed to intro-duce into New York a system of underground railways, similar to that now existing in London. These groutemen expect to remain in New York about six weeks, during which time they will make an expert survey of the ground.

1913: Forbidden Plumes NEW YORK - "Your bat, if you

please, madam; we must have that aigrette," was the demand made by the Customs inspectors yesterday [Oct. 4] of all women disembarking at New York with forbidden plumes in their headgear. It was the first day of the new tariff law, which prohibits the importation of all feathers plucked from live birds. Amid a storm of acrid adjectives aimed at the "chivalry" of the "gentleman" who drew up the tariff, a dozen women were despoiled of their feathers.

TTT = . C. # 1727

PRAGUE - President Eduard Benes of Czechoslovakia resigned at 2 nes of Czechosiovania resigned at 2 o'clock this afternoon [Oct. 5] under circumstances which he described as "political and necessary." The resignation retired one of the founders of the Republic and its most popular citizen. Meanwhile, Prime Minister Neville Chamberlain, who lost the battles of Berchtesgaden and Munich to Chancellor Adolf Hitler, today fi-nally lost the battle of G., today finally lost the battle of Godesberg as well, with the result that the advancwell, with the result that the advancing German troops will now proceed to occupy Bohemia for bundreds of miles more than was contemplated by the British, the French and the Czechs when the "peace with honor" was signed at Munich last week, it was reported from London. Speaking in the House of Commons, Winston Churchill said: "I begin by saving in the House of Countions, Winston-Churchill said: "I begin by saying what everybody would like to neglect or forget, but what must nevertheless be stated, namely that we have sustained a total unmitigated defeat."



OPINION

By Lawrence Lind AMBRITA OF THE STATE OF of flave state too. the "Maria tree" much thursten could an apple tarted are street. the state's budger to WELL EST S MINE! A Panipar the which of the little IN THE WATERLE

The may Samply per the .. from rvery Mr. Indah. from the state. fund surrent ... bonds to return He ales have been title by refusely that was done of a lat every.... Arrol Manz. 11

it has promoted to Then there which despite to the freezenteres are to Here the gaves mared the passes and a that the felicity of the henged to the tall the the bright with erter line areas and a the letters has a partial. and towns on Finality the

from its owners to the Caved the day weer's bradest transaction harm and contract of almost at his war as Boshi Alihay tom problem come we Chestery Between Stra

White chair the france comments budget gin den eine mit SERVICE LAND! The langer or working

the track of the the tenning or . pic his may be a Will the The Character State on the क्षांच है । हा ही हा in prince to the co Trees of the conmagerie namme. Im attack from ...

det for their BANKA WALE. him 212/2; 1 . . . trieffe mitalit an. Post warm emilia ignimi DARK FIRE C haring to the sure from the con-

Been de Carlos de la compa DAY ALL A The reality of the last tenterior . Bergin Grante, mary . Property in a Testas line 1 Care of the MICE PARTY. 五线路 电17年间

THE PLANT OF ഡേങ്ക് ഒന് to a lamber Bu BANCO A gazan kanala ing erand of depths Lagrance in the contract

Name of Arrival

TYEARS 160

1938: Bene-lie-22 Salah Baran

200000000 Marie Process E Bayers $\underline{\hat{\mathbf{g}}}_{2,3,3,3,3} = \mathbf{A}_{3,3,3,3}$ Bert l. L. gja der 🖰 De mit is g (arriver) 1817221 Tolk 温水 古红 per filos i

gg 2502 (76) forget plants! At 1

अंक् हिल् को क्र a agra-i in every

America Has Cleaned Up Vietnam Distorted: Birth of the Credibility Gap

Since the Black Sox Days By George F. Will

WASHINGTON - The second pitch Ed Cicotte of the White Sox threw in the first game of the 1919 World Series hit Cincinnati's leadoff man. New York gamblers got the signal: The Series was fixed. Today, in a political season that mocks the idea of progress, a season loud with lamentations about sleaze io Washington and sharp practices on Wall Street, it is well to revisit

an era when America was really raw.

The era is accessible through the movie

Eight Men Out," based on Eliot Asinof's book of that title about the Black Sox scandal. There are two fine novels on that subject. Harry Stein's "Hoopla" and P. Kinsella's "Shocless Joe," which is being made into a movie. Who, half a century from now, will write novels and make movies about Watergate? As many as today are interested in the Teapot Dome scandal But when scandal touched baseball, it touched a national nerve.

The most poignant figure of the Black Sox scandal was Shoeless Joe Jackson, the illiterate natural who compiled the third-highest batting average in history and who was so reflexively great that even when throwing the Series be could not stop himself from hitting 375 and setting a Series record with 12 hits.

The scandal is a window in a dank basement of U.S. history. In 1919, Americans were feeling morally admirahle, if they did say so themselves, and try did. They had been on the winning the in "the war to end wars." The fixed Series occurred three months before the beginning of a misadventure in moral-ism. Prohibition. But gambling was as American as the Gold Rush — the dream of quick riches - and when the government closed racetracks during the war, gamblers turned to baseball, then Ameri-

ca's biggest entertainment industry.

Hotel lobbies where teams stayed teemed with gamblers. "Hippodromins was the 19th century word for throwing games, and in postwar America there

was a new brazenness among gamblers. On Sept. 10, 1920, various Wall Street brokerages received "flashes" on their news wires: Babe Ruth and some teammates had been injured in an accident en route to Cleveland. Quickly the odds on that game changed, and the gamblers, the source of the lie, cleaned up.

Letters intended for publication should be addressed "Letters to the Editor" and contain the writer's signature, name and full address. Let-ters should be brief and are subject to editing. We cannot be responsible for the return of unsolicited manuscripts.

The White Sox conspirators assumed that they would get away with it because they assumed, almost certainly correctly. that other major leaguers had got away with fixes. The team owners, frightened about the possible devaluation of their franchises, rushed out and bought some virtue in the person of a federal judge to

serve as baseball's first commiss Kenesaw Mountain Landis, with his shock of white hair over craggy features and his mail-slot mouth, looked like Integrity Alerted, just as Warren Harding, elected in 1920, looked like a president. Mr. Landis was a tobacco-chewing bourbon drinker who would hand out sniff sentences to people who violated Prohibition. He had a knack for selfdramatizing publicity. He fined Stan-dard Oil of Indiana \$29,240,000 in a rebate case (the Supreme Court overnumed him) and tried to extradite Kaiser Wilhelm on a murder charge because a Chicagoan died when a German sub-

marine sank the Lusitania. Mr. Landis barred from baseball eight
Sox players, including one who merely
knew about the conspiracy but did not
report it. It was rough justice. Nothing
happened to the gamblers, and some of
the players were guilty primarily of stupidity and succumbing to peer pressure.
Most of them were cheated out of most
of the promised money, and only one of the promised money, and only one player made much (\$35,000). But roughness can make justice effective. Base-

ball's gambling problems were cured.

The 1920s, the dawn of broadcasting and bence of hoopia, would wash away memories of the scandal. Those years were the golden age of American sport

Babe Ruth, Jack Dempsey, Gene
Tunney, Red Grange, Knote Rockne,
Bobby Jones, Bill Tilden, Man o' War.
From Wall Street to Main Street, and

including both ends of Pennsylvania Avenue, America back then -when a U.S. sensior appeared in advertisements endorsing Lucky Strike cigarettes — was immeasurably less scrupulous about standards of behavior than it is today. Baseball put its house in order because of the Black Sox. Ten years later the crash ushered in a new age of regulation of financial institutions. And various scandals, before and after Watergate, have produced refinements (and some over-refinements) in rules about comportment in the corridors of power.

Civilization advances by fits and starts, often stimulated by shocked sensibilities. As another baseball season comes to a climax, it is well to consider how far America has come in the 68 years since Chicago children began their sandlot games with the cry "Play bail!" Washington Post Writers Group.

WASHINGTON — General Maxwell D. Taylor, chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, did not succeed in silencing Lieutenant Colonel John Paul Vann when he canceled the colonel's scheduled briefing for the American military leadership at the Pentagon on July 8, 1963. The "students" Colo-nel Vann had left behind in South Vietnam spoke for him. He did not have to do any long-distance leaking from Washington. We had absorbed his

lessons well enough to proceed on our own.

The American reporters shared the military advisers' sense of commitment to the war. Our ideological prism and cultural biases were in no way different. We regarded the conflict as our war, too. We believed in what our government said it was trying to accomplish in Vietnam, and we wanted our country to win this war just as passionately as Colonel Vann, who had led the advisory effort in the northern

Mekong Delta, and his captains did. David Halberstam of The New York Times thanked Colonel Vann for the lessons when the colonel wrote him later that July and remarked on how daringly critical of President Ngo Dinh Diem's regime the American correspondents in Saigon had become in their coverage of the Bud-dhist crisis. (The political crisis had begun that spring when the regime had forbidden the flying of the Buddhist flag on Buddha's birthday and then crushed a Buddhist protest, killing nine people. The monks had longht back with public suicides by

fire and street demonstrations in urban ceaters.)
This was the time to go for broke and use all our ammo — while people were really watching," Mr. Halberstam agreed in his letter of reply. "We think and talk about you all the time, and often when we write it is with you in mind. But more important, I think you ought to know that what you taught us about the Mekong Delta remains of crucial importance in covering this story, that it is almost impossible to kid us now, that we know exactly what to look for and what the heart of the matter is. In the face of the monumental effort here to con us, we

have mental flak jackets you gave us."

On Aug. 15, a little more than five weeks after Colooel Vann's day of rage and despair at the Pentagon, an updated version of his view of the war appeared on the front page of The New York

Times under Mr. Halberstam's byline. Mr. Halberstam, who had covered the war since September 1962 (he left Vietnam in December 1963), did not dare to state flatly that the Viet Cong were winning. None of the resident correspondents dared this yet. He knew that his editors in New York were already frightened by his reporting. A straightforward assertion that the Viet Cong were winning would make them more nervous and they would say it was subjective and refuse to print it. He therefore organized the facts to make the statement for him. The headline writer saw the point and set it over the story: "Vietnamese Reds Gain in Key Area."

South Vietnam's military situation in the vital Mekong Delta has deteriorated in the last year, and informed officials are warning of ominous signs, Mr. Halberstam's dispatch began. He piled fact upon fact to describe the Communist buildup. A year earlier, the guerrillas had been assembling

in formations no larger than 250 men. Now they were massing in groups of "600 and even 1,000."

A year earlier, the Viet Cong had avoided the Army of the Republic of Vietnam and concentrated By Neil Sheeban

The writer was Saigon bureau chief for United Press International from April 1962 to April 1964 and a correspondent there for The New York Times from August 1965 to August 1966.

on the inferior Civil Guards and militia. Today because of their new strength in captured U.S. weapons, they were "picking fights" with Saigon's regulars. "They are almost cocky about it he quoted an unidentified American adviser as saying. "Increasing quantities of Communist-made

weapons and ammunition" were being smuggled into the South to supplement the captured American arms, and the guerrillas were also acquiring better radio communications than ever. The objective of these preparations was still more alarming. Mr. Halbersiam quoted an "expert source" as having warned that the leadership in Hanot was huilding toward a strategy of "fast, hard-hitting mobile warfare" to overwhelm the ARVN.

Mr. Halberstam and I and the other correspondents had seized on the Buddhist crisis, as we had on the humiliating defeat of the regime's troops in the

we had been holding it up as proof that the Diem government was as bankrupt politically as it was militarily. General Paul D. Harkins, the command-

The story was meant to be a land mine of fact. But the force of the explosion did not blow away the fantasy.

ing general in Saigon, had retreated to the argument that although the Buddhist movement had marshaled discontent in the cities and towns, it had not interfered with the successful prosecution of the wer against the guerrillas in the countryside.

Mr. Halberstam's Aug. 15 story was truth revealed with a hidden motive. It was meant to be a land mine of fact to blow up this oewest Harkins stage set and compel the Kennedy administration to face the reality that it was losing. The dispatch did detonate in Washington with the blast of a mine but the force of the explosion did not blow away the fantasy as Mr. Halberstam had hoped it would.

President Kennedy demanded to know if there was any truth in the story. Major General Victor Krulak of the Marine Corps, a Harkins ally at the Pentagon, appealed to General Harkins, and the latter's chief of operations, Brigadier General Richard Stilwell, Teletyped a lengthy memorandum con-

tradicting the article point by point.

Thanks to Generals Stilwell and Krulak and to their own hubris, President Kennedy and the majority of those at the top of his administration retained confidence in the generals. Secretary of State Dean Rusk went out of his way to denounce Mr. Halberstam's article as false at a State Department press conference the day after it was published.

The claim that young reporters on the scene were inventing bad news had become more ludicrons than

ever by the late summer of 1963, because by now the majority of the established correspondents in Asia who regularly visited Vietnam saw the war in essentially the same terms as we did.

They included Peter Kalischer and Bernard Kalh of CBS; James Robinson of NBC; Stanley Karnow. formerly with Time and, in 1963, with The Saturday Evening Post; Robert P. Martin of U.S. News & World Report, and Charles Mohr, Time's chief correspondent for Southeast Asia. These men were not the sort to be hoodwinked by a bunch of cubs.

Yet Mr. Halberstam was in serious trouble with his editors in New York. He was fighting tor his professional life as well as to win a war. The Times did not believe in crusading journalism. Mr. Halberstam might have convinced some of the paper's readers that he was correct about the regime and the war, but he had not convinced his own superiors. The two senior news editors in New York, Turner

Catledge, the managing editor, and his deputy, Clifton Daniel, had no wish to see The Times used as a propaganda platform by the United States government. They enjoyed an occasional scrap with whichever administration was in office.

Mr. Halberstam had forced the paper into a

consistently adversarial position with the Kennedy administration. The decade of Vietnam was to change the attitudes of Mr. Catledge and Mr. Daniel. Both men were to become ontspoken advocates of an aggressive press, but in 1963 the adversarial role was new and they did not like it at all.

Executives at The Times were also still feeling the pain of the controversy over Herbert Matthews's sympathetic reporting of the pre-Communist phase of Fidel Castro's revolution in Cuba. They were afraid that Mr. Halberstam might be be a civilled counted that Mr. Halberstam might be

bringing a similar scandal upon them.

President Diem's supporters in the press, like Joseph Alsop with his echo of the "Who Lost China?" witch-hunts of the 1950s, did not hesitate to aggravate this fear. In early September, The New York Journal-American and the other Hearst newspapers began to accuse Mr. Halherstam of being naive about communism and preparing the way for a Vietnamese Castro.

Doubts about Mr. Halberstam's reporting grew

as one descended the editing chain of command at The Times. Irritation reinforced the doubts.

Mr. Halberstam's strengths as a journalist were his total commitment of time and energy to a story, the weight and quality of information that flowed from this commitment and the speed with which be could write noder deadline. During a three-week period in August and September 1963 the regime effectively denied all correspondents use of the telegraph office by imposing a censorship that let through nothing except propaganda. We had to send out all of our dispatches on commercial airliners and have them cabled from other Southeast Asian cities. On one morning, four different articles totaling about 4,000 words came whirling out of Mr. Halberstam's typewriter in time to make a noon flight from Tan Son Nhut airport.

The Times's foreign news editor in 1963, Eman-uel Freedman, and the assistant foreign editor, Nathaniel Gerstenzang, were clerkly men who had never been reporters. They had oo sense of the tensions under which Mr. Halberstam was working, and instead of seeing his strengths they saw his chronic shortcomings as a journalist — his run-oo scatcaces, his mixed-up syntax, his cabling at greater length than they thought a story warranted Their predilection for neatness led them to focus on the weaknesses, and so did the complaints from the copy desk editors, who had to struggle every

day to ready Mr. Halberstam's dispatches for print. The doubts came out in a rush when Marguerite Higgins of The New York Herald Tribune arrived in Saigon in August and began to contradict everything Mr. Halberstam was saying.

For every one of the regular visiting correspon-

dents who saw the war as we did, there were others in the United States anxious to accept and defend the official view. The lack of precedent for such a wholesale failure by the U.S. military and political leadership was too much for them to overcome.

Miss Higgins was an example. In 1963 she was a famous foreign correspondent who had the professional stature that Mr. Halberstam lacked at the age of 29. She had won a Pulitzer Prize in 1951 for reporting in Korea, writing bravely of the

debacles at the beginning of that war.

During her approximately four weeks in South Vietnam she filed a series of dispatches saying, in sum, that the Buddhist crisis was the invention of Machiavellian monks and gullible reporters; that General Harkins and the Diem regime were defeated. ing the Viet Cong, and that "reporters here would

like to see us lose the war to prove they're right."

The Times's foreign desk badgered Mr. Halber-stam with cables about her stories. The inquiries mplied that she might be right and that he ought to

hedge or correct what he had been reporting.

He was furious and heartsick that after all of these months his own editors did not believe him. He lost his temper completely. "Gerstenzang, if you mention that woman's name to me one more time I will resign repeat resign and I mean it repeat mean it." he cabled in response to yet another maddening inquiry. At that time, the editors in New York did not want to transfer him out of Saigon or have him resign, because the paper might be accused of moral cowardice, and so the inquiries about Miss Higgins's stories stopped, but the doubts remained,

A measure of how low Mr. Halberstam's credibility was with his editors in New York - and of how high they held the credibility of the U.S. government in 1963 - came in late August when the Diem regime staged a series of mass arrests and the U.S. Embassy and the CIA station gave the administration a version that was the opposite of what Mr. Halberstam reported. The State Department re-leased the official version in Washington.

The editors in New York wanted to print the fficial version on the front page and to put Mr. Halberstam's story inside the paper. His patron on The Times and the man who had hired him, James Reston, who was then running the Washington bureau as well as writing his column, stopped them. He argued that they should not second-guess the man in the field. He persuaded them to run both versions side by side on the front page under the same headline, with a statement below the headline explaining that the conflict reflected "the confused situation in South Vietnam." The Times had ocver done anything like that before.

Three days later, the State Department conceded that the official version had been wrong.

This article was adapted for The New York Times from the book "A Bright Shlaing Lie: John Paul Vonn and America in Victnam."

BLENDED

COTS WHISKY

100% Scotch Whisties

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Alleged to Have Gas

body Minding His Own Business

(Opinion, Sept. 29): Bernard Nossiter writes that Afghanistan, China, Pakistan, India, Syria, Israel and South Africa gossess chemical weapons. He reers to findings attributed to the Stockholm loternational Peace Research Institute.

While those countries are indeed listed as alleged possessors of chemical weapons in the 1987 SI-PRI Yearbook, it is imperative to note that the allegations have not been made by SIPRI but rather by other sources mentioned in the chapter on chemical weapoos. Furthermore, when public denials have been made, these denials are cited in the chapter.

SIPRI has consistently used the method of reporting both allegarions and denials, with reference provided as to the sources which have made the statements, in or-der to accurately reflect the developments in the field of chemical weapons. However, reporting such statements does not mean that SI-2RI has passed judgment on the actual state of affairs.

The type of mis-attribution in Mr. Nossiter's article discredits SI-PRI's efforts to inform the public as accurately as possible in the area of chemical weapons.

JOHAN LUNDIN Stockholm International Peace Institute. Solna, Sweden.

Silence in Lebanon

In response to the editorial "Fate-ful Days in Lebanon" (Sept. 22): As a Lebanese. I feel insulted by what I am reading about the choice of a president for my country. It seems that the United States, Syria and sometimes Israel (through the Americans) must have a say.

It is time for the silent majority to rise and elect the most suitable candidate to reunite the population and to purge the system of those who have rendered it weak and vulnerable. Thank God for the rejection of the foreign-nominated candidate, and may the people see the light in a person with no affiliation other than true nationalism. The only candidate who meets this criterion is Raymond Edde.

EDDY ARIDA

A Bright Shining Lie

I was surprised by your anti-American review of "A Bright Shining Lie" (Books, Sept. 22). Ten or 15 years ago it may have been routine even obligatory, to imply in an article touching on Vietnam that the North was right, and anyway nationalist, and the South was wrong, while the United States was arrogant. But do sensible people still think that way in 1988, with the boat people continuing to risk their lives by the thousands to escape and even Jane Fonda spologizing? BRUCE STRASSBURGER.

A Use for Gasoline Tax

Regarding "Poison Gas: Every- The editorial "Raise the Gasoline Tax" (Sept. 30) is on target about the urgent need to increase this tax in the United States. Where it stumbles is when it gropes for a way to reinject some of the resulting revenue into the economy.

That is easy: Use it to repair or prevent some of the catastrophic mage being done to the environment by gasoline and other fossil fuels. The impetus to this worldsaving industry will get money to its workers, who are consumers. HERMAN ARCHER.

Giza, Egypt.

Having It Both Ways

I laughed, not unsympathetically, at the situation of the woman naval officer who refused, on grounds of human dignity and fem-inine modesty, to be watched by another female --- as navy regulations require - while providing a urine sample for a drug test. ["Drug

Testing vs. Modesty: Dilemma for U.S. Nary," Sept. 3.)
This exemplifies the bypocrisy and inequity inherent in the women's movement. Such women want the so-called male advantages without the disadvantages. They refuse to relinquish feminine privileges.

But if men must be observed, then so must women. Further, if men must face death in battle, so should women. Otherwise, let's stop this nonsense and recognize that equal

human value of the sexes does out imply biological, physical or emo-STEPHEN YOUNGER.

Diving in the Red Sea

Regarding "Red Sea Diving" Travel, Sept. 9) by Walter Wells: The writer could have gone through an Egyptian dive center.

There are many good ones. I have lived in Egypt for almost 10 years and find the Egyptian people quite friendly. I have never had a problem at any Egyptian border crossing. Border guards of any nationality can be arbitrary, but I have never seen an Egyptian border guard even imply that be

would accept a "fine." There are no known attacks by sharks on divers in the Red Sea. The sharks may be curious but they are not hungry, and a diver is usually as big as the shark. My experience has been that when someone yells "Shark," divers grab a mask

and jump in, hoping to see it.

The article overlooks the boom facilities for divers that the Egyptians are developing; the young Egyptians who are setting up dive centers in southern Sinai; new hotel facilities available all along the coast, and the nature preserve at Ras Muhammad.

THOMAS B. HARTWELL

Macroeconomics: Apply It With Rubber Bands

Regarding "Why the Fed Doesn't Need to 'Cool It'" (Opinion, Sept. 17) by Jude Wanniski:

This comment reminded me of why I decided some years ago not to go on for a doctorate in economics. It would appear to be just as true now as it was then that macroeconomic theory does not closely relate to, and therefore cannot accurately predict, economic behavior in the real world.

Macroeconomic theories (concerning inflation, growth, unem-ployment and so on) consist of sets of simplistic relationships which, while generally holding true over time, regularly fail to hold true at any particular moment in time. Microecooomic theories (about supply, demand, costs, prices) provide intrinsically true, but still simplistic, relationships.

Incredibly, no macroeconomic school of thought is a direct extension of microeconomic concepts. Economists such as Mr. Wannishi

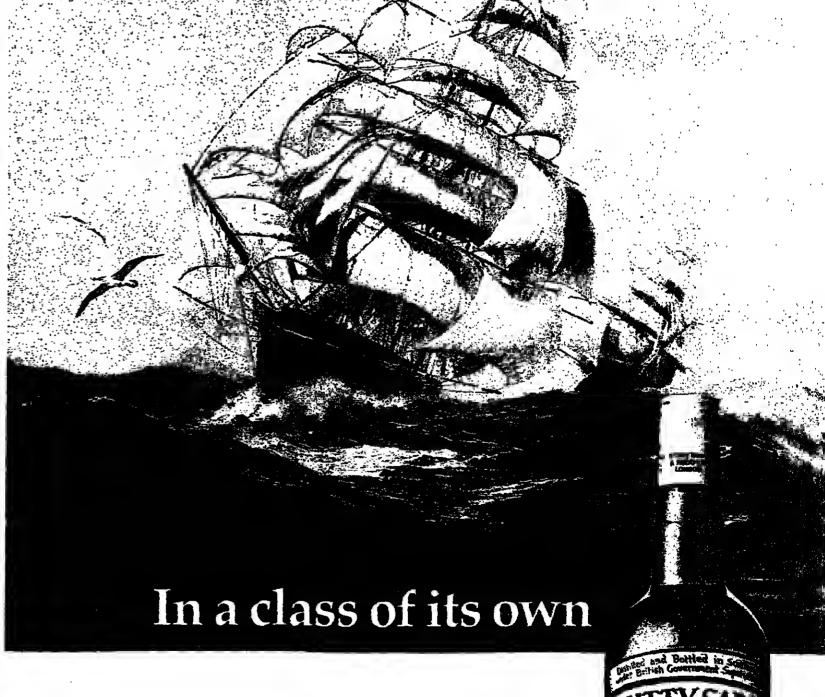
instead leap to recommending policy decisions concerning interest rates based on the price of gold. The fact that inflation is the result of thousands of companies making pricing decisions based on cost and competition, and that gold prices result from evaluations by many individual investors of alternative financial instruments, appear not to interest Mr. Wanniski. It is enough for him that some general theoretical or empirical link may exist between these vastly different systems to justify specific short-term decisions by the Fed. All this brings to mind a col-

estion about the impact of a certain policy change on the economy "It all depends upon the elastic ities." You can't argue with that.
TODD D. MARTIN. Grafelfing, West Germany,

league's response years ago to a

IN THE IHT EVERY SATURDAY WITH **AUTHORITATIVE WRITING ON THE** WORLD OF ART AND ART AUCTIONS

SOUREN MELIKIAN



In the fiercely competitive clipper races from Australia to England, one name stood out, "Cutty Sark".

A hundred years later, Cutty Sark Scots Whisky maintains the same tradition of outstanding quality and style, a distinctive and delicate whisky in a class of its own.



ASIAN TOPICS

Opposition in Nepal

Showing Signs of Life Nepal's opposition Nepali Congress Party is showing signs of life after successively losing an armed rebellion in the 1960s, a 1981 referendum in which King Birendra's nonparty platform swept 55 percent of the vote, and the death in 1982 of its longtime leader, Bisweshwar Prasad Koirala. Mr. Koirala bad been prime minister before King Birendra's father, King Mahendra, deposed him in 1960 and outlawed political ac-

Today, "we are hanned but active," Krishna Prasa Hattarai, the Nepali Congress Party's president, told Sanjoy Ha-zarika of The New York Times. Two years ago party nominees. running without a party symbol, won local elections in Katmandu. They were ousted later in the year for boycotting Con-stitution Day celebrations on the anniversary of the over-throw of the Koirala govern-

Although parties are still banned, private meetings and discreet handbills are permitted. The Nepali Congress Party itself has split into two factions, one that wants to enter the existing system and one, led by Mr. Bhattarai, 64, that wants to keep its distance until the multiparty system is restored.

A senior government official said the opposition was allowed to function "as long as it does not pose a threat to the system." He said that "there may be a role for political parties in the distant future."

Around Asia

Beggars are an increasingly o sight in China, but only one in five is truly needy, according to the governmentowned Peking Review. It said many were professional beggars "whose desire for money surpasses their sense of shame." The influx of beggars has occurred after the relaxation of laws restricting farm workers from entering Chinese cities.

Cho Changjen, who left a wife and two children behind when he defected from mainland China to Taiwan in 1984, was charged with bigamy after marrying a fellow defector. Kao Tungping, He said his first marriage was invalid under Taiwanese law. The case is pending. The Free China Journal of Tarpei said the court's yerdict could set a precedent for thousands of other mainlanders who remarried in Taiwan after leav-ing spouses behind on the main-

Wildlife Notes: Seven small carnivorous piranhas from South America were caught in a Singapore storm water canal. Piranhas are illegal in Singapore but experts said three others that apparently escaped were unlikely to survive, be-cause of nearby salinity. And they attack only in large groups. The rare Eastern Sarus crane, thought to have been wiped out in Vietnam when American troops drained and defoliated its Mekong Delta habitat, has returned now that dikes have been built to restore the wetlands, according to the World Wildlife Fund. At last report, about 1,000 of the birds

Acronymania Rages Among Indonesians

had been sighted.

KOPKAMTIB was abolished recently by a KEPPRES, which created BAKOR-STANAS to take its place. The Associated Press reports from Jakarta. What happened, in translation from Indonesian acronymania, is this:

The Operational Command for the Restoration of Security and Order (KOPKAMTIB, or Komando Operasi Pemulihan Keamanan Dan Ketertiban) was abolished by a presidential decree (KEPPRES, or keputusan president), which created in its place the Coordinating Agency for Assisting the Strengthening of National Sta-bility (BAKORSTANAS, or Badan Koordinasi Bantuan Po-

mantapan Stabilitas Nasional). Acronyms, usually with the first syllable instead of the first letter of a word, are a national craze. The main political party is called GOLKAR, short for Golongan Karya (m English, Functional Groups). Most government officials and departments have acronyms.

Foreign words and phrases get acronyms, too, "Neocolo-nial imperialism" was cut to "necolim" decades ago. A Third World athletic tournament became known as Ganero - Games of the Newly Emerg-

ing Forces.
To the uninitiated, the front pages of Indonesian newspapers look like alphabet soup. One editor cautioned his staff about shortening jaksa agung (attorney general) to jagung, which means popcorn.

Arthur Highee

Japan Is Again Accused of Trying to Sanitize Its War Role

By Susan Chira

New York Times Service
TOKYO — A texthook publisher has deleted a lesson describing Japanese bru-tality in World War II after protests from ruling party politicians.

The move drew criticism from educators and opposition politicians who charged that Japan was again trying to

Unlike the Germans, who teach their students about German atrocities in the war, the Japanese seldom discuss the war publicly. Some Japanese intellectuals, as well as the neighboring Asian nations that Japan invaded in the war, fear that young Japanese are growing up with a distorted view of history.

Few Japanese textbooks include references to the Japanese occupation of Korea or the slaughter of civilians by Japanese troops in the Chinese city of Nanjing. Many Japanese students say they never reach the section about World War II in their history classes.

A group of Japanese revisionist historians has been trying for several years to rewrite textbooks to reflect their view that Japan was unfairly termed the ag-

gressor in World War II. Attempts to substitute "advance into

China" for "invasion of China" in textbooks, for example, have prompted an-gry and alarmed denunciations from Chi-

Sanseido Publishing Co., a major publisher, touched off a storm of criticism from a group of ruling party politicians and the education division of the party's policy-making panel with a five-page les-son entitled "War." included in an English textbook for senior high schools.

Fukuo Ishinabe, Sanseido's editor in chief, said no one in the government had exerted pressure on the publishing bouse, adding that be bad voluntarily with-The textbook passage read, in part: "Which nation is the most cruel?"

"No. No. The Japanese." A Japanese narrator relates his shock and embarrassment at hearing this in a party of Southeast Asians. A Malaysian then describes watching a Japanese sol-dier run his sword through a Malaysian baby, killing the child in front of his

But the narrator continues: "War makes people cruel. So we cannot say one nation is more cruel than another He describes American troops in Vietnam, who "scatter poison by helicopter"
—presumably Agent Orange, a defoliant suspected to have caused birth defects

among Vietnamese and the children of J.S. servicemen.
The lesson ends with the statement, These stories are sad, but sometimes we

The lesson includes parts that say Japan is the world's most cruel country. We concluded we cannot let this textbook be used.'

Shizuka Kamei, A right-wing legislator

have to face uncomfortable things to make our life better." Although the textbook passed an Education Ministry screening last June and 24,000 copies have already been ordered for senior high schools nationwide, sever-

al ruling party politicians protested.

Shizuka Kamei, a prominent rightwing legislator from the ruling party and wing legislator from the ruling party and an outspoken advocate of the revisionist camp, said a group of 41 like-minded legislators met late in September to campaign against the textbook.

"It is out of the question to include material to promote a certain ideology."

Mr. Kamei said. "The lesson includes most in the world's most

parts that say Japan is the world's most cruel country and a story which cannot be proved. We concluded we cannot let this textbook be used at schools."

Mr. Kamen's group supported Seisuke Okuno, the Cabinet minister forced to resign this spring after he said that Japan did not have any "aggressive intentions" in China in the 1930s.

Although Mr. Kamei represents the right wing of the ruling party, several accounts of the cabinet meeting where ministers discussed Mr. Okuno's resignation suggested that several ruling party leaders supported Mr. Okuno and his

The Japan Teachers' Union and the opposition Japan Socialist Party de-nounced the decision to amend the textbook and charged that the ruling party and the Education Ministry bad pres-sured Sanseido into dropping the offend-

ing passage.
A statement issued Monday by the Japan Teachers' Union said, "The action by the ruling party and measures takes by the Education Ministry and the pu lishing company is leading in a very oar-gerous direction."

Gentaro Nakajima, the minister of education, denied exerting any pressure on Sanseido. "Various voices were raised on this issue," he said. "But the change is a totally voluntary decision on the pubishing company, and the ministry accepted their offer to change the text-

Mr. Ishinabe said Sanseido acted after

Mr. Ishmabe said Sansatide the reading press accounts that distorted the textbook passage to make it seem as if.

Japanese were innately cruel people.

We decided to change it because this misunderstanding could be a hindrance as the healthy cultivation of students. to the healthy cultivation of students' sentiments," he said. "There has been direct contact or pressure. We shall coltinue holding to the principle of freedom of smeath in our multipation business."

of speech in our publication business.

The publishing company will replace the lesson on war with one describing the musical "My Fair Lady."

Khomeini Urges Iranians to Rebuild Without the Help of U.S. or Soviets

By Elaine Sciolino
New York Times Service

WASHINGTON - In a statement on Iran's postwar policies, Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini has called on the Iranian people to re-build the country without relying on either the Soviet Union or the

The statement, reported by the Iranian press on Monday and made available in Washington on Tuesday, appeared to run counter to speculation in the West that Iran was eager to reopen talks with the

United States.
"God willing, the warrior Iranian people will maintain their revolutionary and sacred rancor and anger in their hearts and use their oppressor-burning flames against the criminal Soviet Union and the world-devouring United States and their surrogates." Avatollah Khomeini said in a written message,

The Iranian leader, 86, who is said to be in very poor health, added, "As long as I live, I will not allow the real direction of our policies to change," repeating the im-portance of the long-held policy of "neither East nor West," Avatollah Khomeini's statement

was issued as the White House and the State Department repeated strong denials that the United States was talking with Tehran about the release of the nine Americans beld hostage by Iranian-

the release in Lebanon of an Indian to keep Iran independent of domi-citizen with U.S. resident status nance by either of the superpowers 20 months.

The former hostage, Mithilesbwar Singh, said in Damascus that he had not been treated as harshly could also be a warning to go slow as he had expected and that the to those elements of the regime who three Americans held with him were all right.

The ayatollah's statement was is- are inevitable. sued in response to a letter from Iran's senior officials asking about guidelines for reconstruction.

Those seeking guidance were Hashemi Rafsanjani, speaker of the Iranian parliament and commander in chief of the armed forces; Ayatollah Abdul Karim Musavi-Ardabili, the chief justice, and Mir Hussein Moussavi, the prime minister.

The statement by Ayatollah Khomeini was his fullest explanation of how he believes Iran should try to rebuild its economic, social and military systems since Iran embraced a cease-fire in the Gulf War Bush Linked to Release on Aug. 20. Despite the "acceptance of

peace," be said, the development and expansion of the country's defensive and military power "is one ceived arms, possibly in a deal to of the fundamental and primary free the captive, The Associated objective of reconstruction

backed groups in Lehanon as a Some experts say they believe his prelude to an improvement in ties. remarks were little more than a The denials occurred a day after restatement of his repeated desire who had been beld hostage by pro- and would, therefore, have little Iranian kidnappers for more than effect on efforts of his subordinates to rebuild the country with the help

of outsiders. But they said the statement have concluded that face-to-face negotiations with the United States

If statements from Tehran and Washington are any guide, the normalization of relations between Britain and Iran last week and the release of Mr. Singh do not appear to have brought the United States and Iran closer to improving diplomatic relations.

nied that the United States had negotiated or would negotiate the release of the bostages, and he declined to speculate on why the captors freed Mr. Singh.

press reported from Paris.

hassan Bani-Sadr, said Tuesday

arms to Iran," be said, "Does that bave something to do with the release? I don't know." He gave no

The White House spokesman. Marlin Fitzwater, said in Washington: "There is a fellow named Lawless. He is over there. What he's up to, nobody knows. But be doesn' represent the United States. He does not represent the vice president or the president or anybody

Mr. Fitzwater said that the "charges are not true -- from top to "Bani-Sadr's full of beans." he

In a brief exchange with reporters, President Ronald Reagan de-

A former president of Iran said that an aide to Vice President George Busb negotiated Mr. Singh's release and that Iran re-

But the former president, Abol-

"There has been a delivery of

A spokesman for Mr. Bush, the Republican presidential nominee termed Mr. Bani-Sadr's remarks "absolutely false." Mr. Bani-Sadr said in Paris,

where be lives in exile, that according to his information, a man named Richard Lawless negotiated the release of Mr. Singh. But be said Mr. Lawless "has denied it." "I am trying to verify it," he



The United Nations secretary-general, Javier Pérez de Cuéllar, left, and Foreign Minister Tariq Azir of Iraq entering a meeting in New York to discuss resuming negotiations on a permanent peace with Iran. Mr. Aziz said after a meeting on Wednesday that the talks were a "constructive exchange."

Israel Vote Unit Bans Kahane Party that be did not know if the shipment of weapons was related to the From Role in Parliament Elections

By Joel Brinkley

New York Times Service JERUSALEM - Israel's Central Election Commission banned eign Minister Shimon Peres's La-But if the ban against Kach is up-bor Party nor Mr. Shamir's Likud held, those votes would almost us-kach Party on Wednesday from are likely to gain enough seats, even that would be acceptable coalition with their likely coalition partners, participating in Israel's parliamentary elections next month.

The commission ruled 28 to 5 that Mr. Kahane, an American emigrant who advocates forcible expulsion of all 2.2 million Arabs from Israel and its occupied territories, beaded a party that was "racist" and "undemocratic," under a law. The law was written three years ago specifically to disqualify Kach from participation in elec-

Mr. Kahane had said he would appeal any ban to the Supreme Court But if the court upholds the election commission's ban, the disqualification would be a major boon to the conservative Likud Party. It might give Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir's party the edge it needs to form a coalition to control Israel's government for the next

a tie. Polls show that neither Forto gain control of the government. But an independent political

polister and analyst, Hanoch Smith, said his surveys over the last several months have shown that Likud could take a majority of the seats - if Likud was willing to take Kach as a coalition partner.

Kach now has just one seat in Israel's 120-seat parliament. Mr. Kahane fills it. But the 10-month Palestinian uprising has driven thousands of rightist voters even farther right, and surveys now show that Mr. Kahane's party would get at least three seats in the next parliament

"Without Kahane, they won't be able to get a majority" unless pre-sent trends change, Mr. Smith said last week :

Rabbi Kahane's views are so ex-

Pollsters and analysts of the left would not join forces with him, and the right now rate the election a tie. Polls show that neither Forworld give him the needed 61 seats. partners for Likud.

Recognizing that, Ikutiel Ben-Ya'acov, a Kach spokesman, said Wednesday's election commission vote "was a political decision made by politicians."

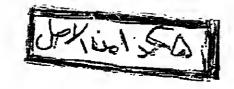
But commission members, all of them sitting or aspiring members of the parliament from other parties, said they voted to ban Kach because it espoused "Nazi-like ideology," and "racism."

The election commission banned Kach from running in the last election, too. But the Supreme Court overturned that ban, saying there

was no law to support it. So in its present session, the parhament passed the law banning parties that are "racist" or "undemocratic," specifically so the com-mission would have a legal founda-

	G			
CHURCH ELINAVEO GO		Discover the nost satisfyi	he worlds ng cigarette.	

tion for banning Kach this time. treme that Mr. Shamir has said he **ESCORTS & GUIDES ESCORTS & GUIDES** INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFIED LEANA ******* dos. Tel: 01 328 3898. (Continued from Back Page) INTERNATIONAL ESCORT Visana young secort service \$33371 ESCORTS & GUIDES **ESCORTS & GUIDES** ESCORTS & GUIDES SERVICE FRANKFURT NEW -LADY ESCORT + TRAVEL SENICE CALL 0#749 74 01. **MUNICUL + 91 23 14** ESCORT AND GUIDE AGENCY. The Friendly Service. Head office in New York 330 W 56 St NYC 10019 TORYO. VIF BEAUTIFUL MERCEDES YJJ ESCOTI AGENCY ANDOAY TILL MONG-IT - 7 DAYS MAJOR CIEDIT CARDS ACCEPTED TELLONDON (01) 235 0069 **ZURICH 558720** Private Toerism Guide Servi Credit Cords Accepted Tel: 03-962-7123 LONDON BUTE ESCORT SERVICE of major credit code code code code code code code to the phone 01-243-0039. ATHENS DECUTIVE ESCORT AND Guide Service 7 doys or week, English spoken. Tel: 36-17-46 Athere ZURICH WARRINGS ESCORT SERVICE Mutitilingual. Yelephone: 01 / 463.80.54. 212-765-7896 212-765-7754 MAJOR CREXT CARDS AND CHECKS ACCEPTED Escort Service. Telephone: Modrid 341-262-6536 FRANKFURT CHESEA ESCORT SERVICE. Tel: 01-584-6513/2749 (4-12pm) INTERFACES ОИДОИ **ARISTOCATS** Landon Escort Service houldham Street, Landon V major Credit Cards Accept Tel. 01-258 0090 [3 LINES] New German Escort & Travel Service Tel: 01-482 6250 HIGH CLASS ESCORT SERVICE. HIGH CLASS ESCORT SERVICE. Teleghore 599 B015 LONDON ***** COLOGNE** + AREA ***** Young elegant Scort Service. National Service and Se *GENEVA GINGER'5* ESCORT SERVICE 022/34 41 86 NEW YORK *ZURICH *CAROLINE ESCORT SERVICE, 01 / 252 61 74 LONDON Multirguod Excort Servica. Tek (39-2) 8931/07. F. R. A. N. K. F. U. R. T. - "TOP TEN" ESCORT SERVICE. TEI: 069/55-88-26. THE BEST IN TOWN. AMSTERDAM APOLLO CLUB ESCOT Servica. Tek 202/66/1/6 from 2 par. 76, Apollologa Amsterdam. HAMBURG AMSTERDAM 2006 AMSTERDAM 2 BELGRAVIA 17 ECORT AGENCY Y THE MIDNIGHT - 7 DAYS OR OLENT CAUSS AND OREOUS ACCEPTED TELLONDON (01) 235 0069 Escert Service. Fel: 736 5877 MAYFAIR CLUB ESCORT SERVICE from 5pm ROTTERDAM [0]10-425-4155 COPPRIAGEN COPPRIAGEN Dive Exact Service International, Please call +45-1958/95. Please call +45-1958/95. Please/Duese/dort/All great, Male+feede Scort Service, 0271/383 141 LONDON ZURICH op Escort Service. Tel: 01/41 76 09 Portmen Escort Agency CAPRICE-NYC ESCORT SERVICE IN NEW YORK TEL: 212-737 3291 MILAN VIP Escort Agency 2-461125 VIENNA Evelyn First Class Escort Service Tel: 37 56 70. LONDON LATIN AMERICAN Stort Service. Open severe days a week. Tel: 01 700 (1973. CMDON BRAZILIAN ESCORT Service. Open seven days a week. Multilinguid. Tel: 01 723 4666 """"IONIDON MARITYN""" Bubbly, confinential lady accurt service. Tel: 01 385 7671. CICHE NEW YORK'S most sucketive. LONDON ESSELDORF - KOELN - ESSEN KENSINGTON SECORT SERVICE 10A Kensington Church St, W8 TEL 937 9136 or 937 9132 All projet grading property Desselbutor - Malein - Lasen -Born - Krefeld - Dreiterg - and area. Corry's Escart & trovel Service. Gradi cords, 24 hrs. 2011/3/1000 MADRID IMPACT ESCORT and Guide Service. Mollifigual. Visc. Open 11 cm - midright. Tel: 261 4142 MAYFAIR ROME CLIB ERRORE ESCORT & Gude Service. Tel: 06/539 2604 or 589 1146 (from 4pm to 9:30 pm) LONDON TOVELY MODEL Vienna Escort Service 56 65 84 Skanour Escar Service. Tel: 259 90 02. TOKYO" - FRST CLASS" - ESCORT Guide and Membership Service Tel-829 351-2278 Elegant escort service. Telephone: 01-2867703



A firially in hilling Mr Intarial.

mathe is Jakanisten, and Weaker THE WORLD'S LO to the har · [中国 科格斯] dies main AND THE PERSON a agreement the leaves ere in a



Kahane Par

a. left, and f

Mis HITE .

Marie 111 attractive 122 at

ent Elections

all they be not 9977 B there has no

100

÷ :

interior

1.40

1000000

1111 -

WATER AWAY STATES

per 13 1 =

REPORT TO SERVICE

482.1

1.7

Lebanon. *** * · · · 随位 经认证

1984, intelligence finding. But officials have said that Mr. Casey, frustrated by his agency's failure to act rapidly, asked Saudi Arabia to finance and organize the Fadiallah bombing as an "off the is "inconsistent." The drafters books" operation outside official

U.S. channels.

A month later, in May 1985, it was reported that reported Lebaways, insisting that all actions "must be" lawful but also stating that they "are deemed" lawful in nese intelligence agents had been advance.

three years.

the United Kingdom.

year, 55 percent.

do them best.

back spending on education in 1981. A decade ago, direct, uncon-

ditional government grants provided the university system with 75

percent of its recurrent income; last

The government says the policy

Missoni Collection Brightens an Otherwise Dull Day By Suzy Menkes mouse with beige and grey dominating the show. The aim was to were piped with pattern and the MILAN - Drop-dead sexiloosen up tailoring with long, soft ness is going out of fashion. skirts, which came in smudgy Italian designers who once prints. The curvy jackets with flaunted femininity have calmed down, and the quieter ones are spotty wide-leg pants looked live-

now whispering. All the Milan summer collections are showing

less flesh, partly because there are longer skirts and pants.

Women are also being asked

to take the veil. Transparent voile, chiffon and organza float free over a body-fitted silhouette

that were really open-sided to-

nics, dropping to the calf. Underneath weot loog-sleeved blouses and pants in chiffon.

Those pants were wide --- very

wide - and came also in silk

with side pleats under long fitted jackets, or in fluttering chiffon.

in spite of the lightness of the materials, the line looked heavy.

The filmy fabrics seemed most

convincing at night, when dress-es, ruched on the bodice, had

graceful ballet-tength skirts in black chiffon layered over a deep

Basile was also quiet as a

(Continued from page 1)

been interpreted as having antho-

rized assassinations, but he said he could not say definitively why they

[Mr. Bush, asked during an ap-pearance in Littleton, Colorado, if

the report in The Washington Post

were true, said: "Absolutely oot

To circumvent the law against assassinations is absolutely crimi-

The Reagan administration's de-cision to undertake potentially vio-

lent actions to counter terrorism

grew out of intense frustration with

continued car bombings of U.S.

buildings and the taking of hos-

tages in Lebanon, sources said. Mr. Reagan signed the first find-

ing with the so-called license-to-kill

language on Nov. 13, 1984, just

days after his landslide re-election

victory. The House and Senate in-

telligence committees were not told

of the critical language of the find-

That finding was rescinded on April 10, 1985, a month after a car bomb exploded in Beirut near the

residence of Mohammed Hussein

Fadlaliah, leader of the Hezboliah, or Party of God, faction of pro-Iranian militants that the United

States has tied to terrorist actions,

incloding the 1983 bombing of the

U.S. Marine Corps compound in

The 1985 explosion killed more

than 80 people, but not Mr. Fadlal-

lah. The bombing was carried out by a group of Lebanese intelligence officers. U.S. officials originally considered these Lebanese poten-

tial assets for anti-terrorist opera-

tions envisioned in the Nov. 13,

ing, the sources said.

were rescinded.

MILAN FASHION

lier. Chiffon scarves drifting about, voile tunics with pants and layered chiffon skirts all softened the silhouette. Mid-calf dresses. fitted to the body, seemed newer. and a few Indian colors - burnt umber, ocher and mustard yellow

or cover up bare arms and legs. The effect is pleasing rather than spiced things up. Missoni put some fizz into a Clothes were positively monk-ish at Luciano Soprani, where the designer has always favored dull day by producing its best and brightest collection in years. The patchworks of color, zingy the stony beiges and greys of classical Italy. Those colors came out for silken sleeveless coats mixes of pattern and tapestries of knit went back to Missoni basics. They also recalled those swinging days when light boxes oozed globules of color and kilim rugs were something you cut up

That ethnic mood is back in fashion, and the show might have used it to shape the clothes. which were pretty regular: long cardigans, the best knitted in knobbly tweed or in feather light

Stained glass window patterns and mosaic prints were other Missoni ideas from the archives. They came on the very long tubular or swingy skirts and on loose dresses with a raised waist. Pants were wide below a nar-

responsible for the Fadlallah

bombing, and that the Reagan or-

This report, in The Washington

der authorizing pre-emptive anti-terrorist activity had been rescind-

Post, provoked concern in the con-

gressional committees charged

with overseeing covert activities, which demanded an explanation

from the administration. They were

then given the language of the Nov. 13, 1984, finding.

briefed quite soon after the finding

was signed, and they continued to

raise questions about this provision

of the order. Yet another intelli-

gence finding on anti-terrorist ac-

1985, finding was signed on May

guage. It remains in force.

tivity superseding the Ang. 11,

Committee members raised

were piped with pattern and the same print exploded over sarong

The wife of the U.S. ambassador to Italy, Ruth Rabb, is up from Rome to view some shows and was at Ferragamo in a lipstick red jacket. "It was just beautiful," was ber judgment on a collection that had most of the current Milan themes, including the newly revived day dress and the wider pants. These were done in an understated way with colors drawn from nature: beige, tan and shades of green from apple through sage.

Complice, when Claude Montana was its designer, used to be known for giving French polish to Milan style.

Muriel Gratteau, the current designer, is French, and she waves the flag with ber French Revolution theme that brought in striped vests and pants and graphic tricolor designs. That meant ber princess dresses, which might have looked sweet. were bisected into garish blocks of red, white and navy.

Navy dominated the collection, best for a high-waist jump suit. Other forget-it ideas were dresses in solid silk to the knee but sheer chiffon to the calf, transparent singlets with bellbottom pants and a gypsy lay-ered, dress with hankerchiefpoint skirt. It looked like a house in oeed of a designer revolution.



A bright collection from Missoni: Here, a colorful cardigan over a swingy striped silk skirt.

CIA: 2 Orders Said to Loosen Rules CHILE:

(Continued from page 1)

sides' vote final totals.

questions about its apparently A majority of yes votes in the broad authorization of actions that could evade the prohibition on any involvement in assassinations. The CIA assured the committees that the order had been rescinded and no longer applied, officials said.

But after the hijacking of TWA
Flight 847 in June 1985, Mr. Reagan signed a second finding on Aug. 11 with similar "good feith"

There were only scattered reports of irregularities, despite speclanguage.
This time the committees were ulation that violence and intimidation would keep voters from the polls or that the government would cancel the vote at the last minute. Most independent polls had indi-

The campaign battle between General Pinochet's supporters and those who supported a no vote t 12, 1986, without the disputed lan- a bitter one. But Wednesday's voting was peaceful, a shared experi-Interviews in Washington and ence that provided remarkable abroad, and a detailed review of records compiled during investigaties past and reissing the expression

show that the full extent and scope tracks, and some aspects of it are central swath of the country, in-

During the campaign, General orders state that actions underta-ken in good faith and as part of an He ended forced exile and allowed approved operation "must be and the opposition unprecedented access to television.

■ Constitution Fear

lawyers believe the constitution under which the vote was taken assures cootinued military dominance whether the country votes for or against the extension of General Pinochet's direct rule, Renters

If the general loses the vote, the leaves him in command of the 57,000-member army.

The Chilean Army has enabled General Pinochet to stay in power and was his main instrument in the ruthless anti-Communist campaign following the 1973 coup. Thou-sands of leftists were killed or driv-

force, the army is present in every level of local and national government. Even the governor of the

tioo written in 1980 and adopted in a plebiscite that opponents of Gencral Pinochet assert was frandulent.
Tailor-made to the wishes of the
military, the constitution has been sharply criticized both in Chile and

ARMS:

Soviet Concession

were strong, while excluding up to 8,000 aircraft that the West says the

eight centuries of existence, Oxford was supported entirely by private West is prepared to discuss Soviet proposals to reduce aircraft but is of an initial agreement to cut con-

ventional arms. The West wants to concentrate on reducing tanks and artillery, where the Soviet Union holds the advantage.

say the West has not ruled out the possibility of limiting planes in a second phase of talks that could follow the completion of a treaty

POLL: Doubt Over Quayle Helps Dukakis Close Gap

(Continued from page 1)

clearly hurting the Republican ticket. Mr. Bentsen was an easy winner when voters were asked if they would vote for him or Mr. Quayle if the election were only for a vice president.

Among the minority of voters who said that their opinion of the vice presidential candidates mattered "a lot" in deciding how they would vote for president, Mr. Dukakis led by 50 percent to 35 percent. Among the rest, Mr. Bush led by 50 percent to 39 percent,

The dropoff for the Republican ticket among voters concerned about the vice presidency came not only because of the apparent low esteem in which the electorate holds Mr. Quayle, but also because of Mr. Bentsen's relatively high standing among the voters, particularly among moderates and conser-

Although the survey was generally positive news for Mr. Dukakis, it also contained some disquieting signals for the Democratic nominee. The Bush campaign has clearly succeeded in severely tarnishing Mr. Dukakis's public image. More voters view Mr. Dukakis unfavorably (35 percent) than favorably (32 percent). That was the highest unfavorable rating yet recorded for Mr. Dukakis in a Times-CBS poll.

High unfavorable ratings are regarded by political professionals as dangerous, since they indicate that voters are disinclined to consider voting for the candidate.

Mr. Bush still has a more positive image: 39 percent saw him favorably and 32 percent viewed him unfavorably.

These numbers help explain why the Dukakis campaign is mounting a fierce attack on Mr. Bush this week with a series of tough televi-

sion commercials. "They've got to go to war with Bush on TV," said Governor Bill Clinton of Arkansas, a supporter of Mr. Dukakis. "Bush has called Du-kakis everything but a mongrel dog in his television commercials, and those commercials have to be effec

constitution grants him another year as president, makes him a senator for life and, most importantly, Bush and Mr. Dukakis are suffering from relatively high oegative ratings, each man's only recourse may be to paint his adversary as even worse.

Poland Sets Inquiry on **Union Aide**

By John Tagliabue New York Times Service
WARSAW — A Polish prosecu tor has begnn an investigation of Solidarity's national spokesman because the spokesman appeared before a U.S. congressional committee in September.

A government spokesman said the goal of the investigation was to determine if Janusz Onyszkiewicz, a mathematician who acts as the outlawed union's national spokesman, acted illegally when he testi-fied Sept. 23 before a congressional human rights committee.

In a bitter personal attack, the Polish government spokesman, Jerzy Urban, said it was "strange" that "a Polish citizen would appear before foreign state anthorities. opposed to limiting planes as part acting as a collaborator," and would seek to dissuade Congress "from promoting cooperatioo without economic preconditions."

Mr. Onyszkiewicz testified before the communities together with The Bush campaign has also enjoyed considerable success in its effort to label Mr. Dukakis "a libeffort to label Mr. Dukakis "a libeffort to label Mr. Dukakis "a lib-

eral." The poll found that 43 percent of the voters said Mr. Dukakis was a liberal, up from 36 percent last month and 27 percent last May. Only 41 percent in the new poll saw Mr. Dukakis as a moderate or a conservative, down from 48 percent in September.

The hage majority of voters describe themselves as moderate (45 percent) or conservative (34 per-cent). Only 15 percent call themselves bberals.

The poll suggested that the election may be hardening along re-gional lines. Mr. Bush had a considerable lead over Mr. Dukakis in the South and the vice president was also ahead in the West. Mr. Dukakis led in the Northeast. where he gained more ground than anywhere else in the country.

The Middle West is becoming the election's battleground there, the poll showed the contest is virtually even. The candidates are than women did.

western states: Michigan, Illinois

The Middle West is the region where Mr. Bush's campaign has said that Mr. Quayle would help the Republican ticket. But the poll showed he is oot doing so.

Mr. Bush has also said that Mr. Quayle would help the Republican ticket among younger voters. Bot the poll suggested that the Indiana senator may be hurting Mr. Bush among young people even more than in the rest of the electorate,

In the presidential contest, there was one striking shift recorded in the new survey: the virtual disap-pearance of the "gender gap."

In the new survey, the choice among men was 46 percent for Mr. Bush and 43 percent for Mr. Dokakis. Amoog women, it was 45 per-cent for Mr. Bush and 43 percent for Mr. Dukakis. Before, men gave

\$40,000,000

That's Forty Million U.S. Dollars!

THE NEW YORK

LOTTERY

Pick Your Own Numbers

Play Lotto 6/54

Get Rich in America's

Biggest Lottery

Millions of U.S. Dollars are won regularly playing the

World Famous New York Lottery. In fact, the New York

Lottery has AWARDED BILLIONS OF DOLLARS to

people who have won - including its biggest Jackpot of

U.S. \$41,000,000. Imagine all the things you could do and

enjoy with \$41,000,000. Every year, people from all over the

world go to New York just to play the New York Lottery.

Now, you too can play the World's Greatest Lottery and win a MULTI-MILLION DOLLAR JACKPOT.

SOVIET: Market Reforms Urged

(Continued from page 1)

instrument of public control over quality and cost," he said. Challenging the ecovectional Marxist-Leninist view that the

state must own all productive property, he said the current experiments with cooperative ownership and renting property to farmers and small entrepreneurs should be expanded to heavy industry. "Our previous concepts of public property and our attitudes to this problem have proved to be untena-

ble," he said. His comments were reminiscent of Mr. Yakovley's declaration in August that the key to economic change was "instilling a sense of ownership" in workers and Mr. Medvedev, like Mr. Gorbachev, rejected the idea of allowing a formal political opposition to the Communist Party, while leaving

the way open for creation of new

"public organizations" that would defend the interests of citizens. ■ Moscow Faults Romania Michael Dobbs of The Washing-

ton Post reported from Moscow:
Mr. Gorbachev mei Wednesday
in Moscow with the Romanian leader, Nicolae Ceausescu, and signaled the Kremlin's concern over economie and political policies that have left Romania out of step with its Communist neighors.

In an unusually blunt luneheon address, the Soviet leader made it clear that he is disturbed by economie mismanagement and human rights violations in Romania. He said that the failings of any Communist country could bring discredit on the entire Communist

Under Mr. Ceausescu, Romania has become the most economically backward and politically repressive state in Europe outside Albania, it has also become embroiled in a dispute with its more progressive Communist neighbor, Huogary, over reports of discrimination

Although Mr. Gorbachev's criti-cism of Romania was indirect, his message was elear. He told Mr. Ceausescu that several Communist countries were pursuing "profound reforms" while others were trying to resolve their problems "within the frameworks of existing structures and methods.

against its large Huogarian minor-

Noting that the reputation of Communism would rise or fall according to the "combined experience of the socialist nations," Mr. Gorbachev added, "The success of each of them will be a common ideological achievement, but the failure of any can, alas, mean a commoo setback."

Although Mr. Gorbachev acknowledged that any country was free to pursue its national interests. he insisted that "the saving of the Mr. Bush a much larger advantage buman habitat" was the common concern of all. This was seen as an

indirect appeal to Mr. Ceausescu to pay attention to protests voiced by

eighboring countries over his environmental policies. In his reply, Mr. Ceausescu indicated that he intended to continue along his solitary path. He told Mr. Gorbachev that "one should al-

ways bear in mind the fact that the

revolutionary process is unfolding in each country in different condi-Herald W. Eribane. BUSINESS/FINANCE MORE

BUSINESS **NEWS** The Trib's husiness section is now more comprehensive than exitively day it's parked with the husiness news

Monday: Europendo International Credit and World Stocks in Review sday: <u>International Stock Markets</u> Wednesday: Madron Avenue Thursday: International Manager, Friday: Wall Street Watch Saturday.

Economic Syne Tuesday through Saturday; Currency Markets Personal Investme on the second Monday of every month. And the latest financial figures every day

Call Toll-Free Save up to 50 %

on your subscription to the International Herald Tribune

Austria: 0560 305 Belgium: (+) (92) 218 45 43 Denmark: 0430 00 80 Finland: (+) (90) 60 30 30 France: 05-436 436 Germany: 0130 25 31 Greece: (++) 691 02 42 Luxembourg: 49 49 60 Monaco: 05 436 436 Netherlands: 08-022 08 15 Norway: (+) (02) 41 34 69 Portugal: (*) (01) 80 71 23 Spain: (+) (91) 401 29 00 Sweden: (*) (08) 21 01 90

Switzerland: 046 05 68 00

Herald Eribunc

Playing Lotto 6/54 is Easy

Lotto is the World's most popular form of lottery. The Official New York version is called Lotto 6/54 and is FULLY BACKED BY THE GOVERNMENT. Each week two draws are held in public—under strict supervision in New York Lotto 6/54 is easy to play. You pick your own numbers by selecting any 6 of 54 possible numbers from 1 to 54. It's that simple. The numbers you select are cutered in the Lotto 6/54 Computer System and if they match the same numbers in the draw — YOU WIN THE JACKPOT. Even if you didn't select all six ounders, you could still be a winner! If you have only 3, plus a supplementary number or 4, or 5 numbers correct, you win one of the thousands of other prizes.

Here's How You Can Play

All you have to do to play the World Famous New York Lottery is to complete the order form and send it to United States International Marketing's world wide processing center, along with your payment. You can play 2. 4 or 6 games for 15, 26, or 52 weeks. REMEMBER, EACH ADDITIONAL WEEKLY GAME YOU PLAY INCREASES YOUR CHANCE TO WIN THE JACKPOUT Once your completed order form and payment is received noter. Once your completed order form and payment is received, your numbers will automatically be entered in the computer system and you will receive an "Official Entry Confirmation" by return mail. Your "Official Entry Confirmation" will indicate the numbers you

Fast Service

Your subscriptions are sent to our express address located right in Amsterdam's World Famous Schiphol Airport. From there, your subscriptions are immediately sent by our special air-courier to New York. THIS ENABLES US TO PROCESS YOUR SUBSCRIPTIONS FROM ANY LOCATION WORLDWIDE IN THE SHORTEST POSSIBLE TIME.

You Will Be Notified Immediately When You Win

United States (international Marketing will immediately notify you when you win any prize of \$1,000 or more. In addition, you receive a complete list of winning numbers after every tenth draw so that you can carefully check how you are doing. YOUR PRIZE MONEY WILL BE CONFIDENTIALLY PAID DIRECTLY TO YOU ANYWHERE IN THE WORLD. Upon expiration of your subscription you will receive a final itemized statement of your winnings.

United States International Marketing P.O. Box 7525 1118 ZG Schiphol Centrum The Netherlands

CIRCLE YOUR NUMBERS

New York, U.S.A. ITT Telex 4976556

Subscribe Now! Think what a jackpot of \$40,000,000 could mean to you -You must play to win.

PICK YOUR PLAN - Check only one box below next to

une option of	/Our choice. AL	L PRICES IN U	.S. FUNDS
FREE B	ONUS -	INCLUDES 2 DRAWS FREE	INCLUDES 4 ORAWS FREE
EACH WEEK (2 Draws)	15 WEEKS (30 Draws)	26 WEEKS (52 Draws)	52 WEEKS (104 Draws)
2 Garnes	□\$135.	□\$225.	□\$ 450.
4 Games	□\$270.	□\$450.	□\$ 900.
6 Games	□\$405.	□\$675.	□\$1350.

Make Cheque/Bank Draft (in U.S. Funds) payable to: United States International Marketing Mail to: United States International Marketing

Direct Telex to 1118 ZG Schiphol Centrum
The Netherlands
New York, U.S.A.
ITT Telex 4976556 Answerback: Jackpot

VALID ONLY WHERE LEGAL

Not available to residents of The Netherlands
Linked States International Mariosing is a privide company.
Not affiliated with any Agency or Government.
The prices quoted herain include handling and trustee

CIRCLE SIX NUMBE	RS FROM 1-54 IN EACH GAM	RS E YOU WEST TO DI AV
GAME 1 1 2 8 4 6 6 7 8 9 18 11 12 13 14 15 18 17 18 19 29 21 22 23 24 26 26 27 38 29 38 31 32 33 34 36 38 37 36 89 48 41 42 43 44 45 48 47 46 49 59 61 52 63 54 GAME 4 1 2 3 4 6 8 7 8 9 18 11 12 13 14 16 18 17 18 19 38 21 22 23 24 36 28 27 28 29 38 31 32 33 84 35 38	GAME 2 1 2 3 4 6 6 7 8 9 16 11 12 13 14 16 18 17 18 19 29 21 22 23 24 25 28 27 28 29 36 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 48 41 43 43 44 46 48 47 48 49 69 61 62 53 54 GAME 5 1 3 3 4 6 6 7 8 9 19 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 38 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 38 39 38 31 32 38 34 35 36	GAME 3 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 18 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 26 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 26 28 36 31 32 33 34 35 38 37 38 39 49 41 42 48 44 46 48 47 49 49 56 51 62 53 54 GAME 6 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 16 11 12 13 14 16 16 17 18 19 28 31 23 23 24 35 28 27
37 38 39 49 41 42 43 44 45	87 38 39 48 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 59 51 52 53 54 Telephon	26 29 39 31 32 33 34 36 36 37 38 39 48 41 43 43 44 46 48 47 48 49 56 51 63 63 64 8
	 	

JOHANNESBURG — President Pieter W. Boths and Poreign

one-on-one autorial undergraduate

instruction could continue much

longer at Oxford and Cambridge.

3.500 postgraduates and about

money to run an effective cam-paign." Bothas to Go to Strauss Rites Minister R.F. Botha will attend the list so the university could make an funeral of the Bavarian premier, appeal to its 116,000 living gradu-Franz Josef Strauss, in Munich on Priday, the Foreign Ministry announced Wednesday.

ales; to most of the alumni the university had oever sent a single thing since they left.

TENURE: Lesson in Thatcherism

seemed to want to have it both

2,500 academic and research staff five-year contracts. And there will "There's the political constraint almost certainly be a next time. The of oot doing for anybody what you can't do for everybody," he said. direct government contribotion, 45.7 percent of Oxford's total in-"When the government in this country took over most of the cost come last year, the equivalent of \$81 million, is scheduled to decline of higher education, the colleges were by and large for the priviby 2.5 percent a year for the next It has been hard for British aca-

demics to get used to. Since the early part of this century, the gov-ernment has provided money in There is a real question whether the costs will be met in an increasingly populist society. It would really be a shame if they aren't." abundance to all 54 universities in

Henry Drucker, the American But Mrs. Thatcher began cutting political scientist who has been given the assignment of changing the gloomy financial picture at Oxford, said, "Tutorials of two students per tutor, rather than one, will be in-creasingly common." Each tutor now has about 12 undergraduates

The government also pays un-Mr. Drucker helps the universidergraduate tuition, close to \$5,000 a year at Oxford, for most British ty's vice chancellor, Sir Patrick Neill, to run s five-year private fund-raising drive, the Campaign for Oxford, whose goal (somewhere around \$350 million) will be an-

is intended to make the university system reorganize itself along ratio-nal lines, concentrating studies in nounced when it begins Oct. 26. specialized fields at the places that "The rest of the British universities are depending on us," Mr. Drucker said. "If we were to fail, Mr. Brewster said the more seri-

ous question was whether the though we aren't going to fail, it mique, and expensive, system of would be disastrous." unique, and expensive, system of The irony is that for most of its eight centuries of existence, Oxford

There are 9,730 undergraduates, funds. "We are profoundly rich in assets that don't produce any income," Mr. Drucker said. "One of the things we have to do is invest

One of the first things he had to do was to scrape together a mailing

A Big Turnout

7.4 million Chileans who had regis-

tered to vote in the plebiscite. Opposition leaders also were concerned about some discrepancies between technical information they were receiving from their pollwatchers and figures being released by the government. They said the discrepancies could affect the two

plebiscite would mean that General Pinochet would scree eight more years as president. Rejection of his candidacy would mean he would remain in office for nearly another-year and a half, after which free presidential elections must be held.

cated General Pinochet would lose.

records compiled during investigations into the Iran-contra affair, of its public will. show that the full extent and scope of the White House secret war against terrorists operated on many

eluding metropolitan Santiago. The language in the 1984 and 1985 findings is ambiguous. The Pinochet lifted all states of emer-

Many diplomats and Chilean

reported from Santiago.

Unlike the navy and the air

central bank is an army general. The vote stems from a constitu-

(Continued from page 1)

Soviets use as defensive intercep-

But administration officials also

Ian Nowak, a director of the Polish-American Congress, an organization of Americans of Polish descent, on human rights in Poland and on the treatment of Poles in other countries, notably the Soviet

SCIENCE

It's never been easier or more economical to subscribe to the International Herald Tribune. Just call your toll-free number below and tell te operator which subscription period you prefer.
You may pay by credit card or we will invoice you or your company.

If a toll-free number is not available in your country of residence or if you prefer to order by mail, just complete and mail the coupon below.

(Offer valid until December 2, 1983 for new subscribers only I										
Country/Currency		TOLL-FREE TELEPHONE NUMBER	12 months (+52 tree ssues)	ONE-YEAR SAVINGS	6 months (+26 free (ssues)	3months (+13 free (ssues)				
Austria**	A Sch	0660 396	4,400	3.608	2,500	1 350				
Balgium**	BFr	(02) 218 45 43*	11,000	7.200	6.000	3,300				
Denmark**	Dkr	0430 00 50	2700	1 304	1,500	B30				
Finland**	FM	(90) 60 30 30"	1 760_	1 334	970	540				
France	FF	05-436 436	1.500	1.230	830	455				
Germany" *	D.M	0130 25 31	580	403	320	176				
Gr Britain	£		135	83	74	41				
Greece**	Dr	691 02 42***	23.500	23,820	13.250	7,300				
Ireland	Elri		155	118	85	47				
italy	Lire		360,000	295,200	200,000	110.000				
Luxembourg	LFr	49 49 60	11,000	7,200	6.000	3,300				
Netherlands**	Я	06-022 08 15	600	492	340	185				
Norway**	NW	(02) 41 34 89"	2.000	1.276	1,100	600				
Portugal®®	Esc	(01) 20 71 23"	26,000	26,780	14,300	7,900				
Span**	Ptas.	(91) 401 29 00°	31,000	21.780	17.000	9.400				
Sweden**	5.hz	(08) 21 OF 90°	2.000	1.276	1,100	600				
Switzerland	ŞFr	046-05-68-00	455	455	255	141				
Rest of Europe, form. Fr Atr., Mic			470	Vanes	260	145				
Rest of Air ,Gult :	St. Assa S	·	620	by	340	190				
Control (Later Ar	norice S		540	conutry	205	160				

Herald Eribune.

To: Subscription Manager, International Herald Tribune, 181 Avenue Charles-de-Gautle, 92521 Neutilly Cedex, France. Tel.; (f) 46 37 93 61; telev: 612832; tax: 46 37 93 70.

10.1 (1) 10.01 0	dail touch direct and se	0.00.00
Please enter my subscription !	or:	
12 months	6 months	3 months
(+52 FREE issues)	6 months (+26 FFEE issues) (162 issues in all)	(+13 FREE issues (91 issues in all)
(364 issues in all)	(162 ISSUES IN all)	(91 Issues on all)
My check is enclosed.	L Please cha	arge my credit card.
☐ Access ☐ Arnex ☐ Dine	are I Furnment II Most	errand IT Visa
LI ACCES LI MICK LI DA	ES TIMES	cicara H Apa
Card expiry date	Signature	1,18
	.5	7. 8
Card account number		
Name		***
Na (E	*	
Address		
	A11 1879 2 11	
City/Code/Country	10.73	444
City/Code/Country		

Genetic Disease Hunters Embark on Vast Quest

By Harold M. Schmeck Jr.

New York Times Service
New YORK — Dr. James D. Watson,
who is about to assume a key role in the largest biological research project ever contemplated, sees it as the redemption of a longstanding bargain between scientists and other citizens. If think it is imperative to keep our bargain with the people who have supported biomedical research," he

The project will immensely expand knowledge of human genetics. Directly and indirectly, that knowledge will be used to seek new ways of curing or coping with important diseases by teasing out the server of the server. crets of the genes.

Dr. Watson was co-discoverer in 1953 of the structure of DNA (deoxyribonucleic acid), the substance of the genes in all living things. In 1962, he shared a Nobel Prize for that work with Dr. Francis H.C. Crick, now at the Salk Institute in La Jolla, California, and Dr. Maurice H.F. Wilkins of Cambridge University in England. The discovery showed bow DNA functions as the repository of all hereditary information and led to a revolution in biology that

continues to accelerate and expand. The job that Dr. Watson begins this week involves beloing to organize a feder-ally supported project to define all of the

roughly 50,000 to 100,000 human genes. It is known as the genome project, a genome being the sum of all the genes of any organism. The project, if approved by Congress, is expected to take 15 years and to come the country by the project of the pr

cost several billion dollars. The double belix of the DNA molecule is like a twisted spiral staircase in which the rungs are made up of pairs of four subunits called bases: adenine always paired with thymine, cytosine always paired with guanine. The succession of those bases up and down the staircase is the code the cell uses as manufacturing instructions to make all the substances that give it life, structure and function. Gene mapping means find-ing the precise locations of all the genes on one or another of the 46 human chromosomes. Defining the genes chemically means learning the correct identity and order of all the DNA submits that make op all the human genes. This final portion of the genome project is called sequencing.

Dr. Watson has been appointed asso-ciate director of the National Institutes of Health for genome research, a newly created post to oversee the institutes' involve-

ment with the genome project. In his early years of research, Dr. Watson was known as a brash, witty and often abrasive enfant terrible. The oew appointment seemingly completes his metamor-

phosis into a senior statesman of science.

"People know that I am interested in
biology as a whole," he said. "Of course, I
am also interested in human beings."

The project is a logical outcome of the discovery made in 1953, but until recently, the idea would have been derided as fantasy because it was so far beyond the techni-cal capabilities of the science. The effort is made possible oow by a series of advances that have increased knowledge of the genes and allow much of the work to be done by

The project is expected to yield benefits to human health. In recent years, it has become increasingly clear that genetic fac-tors are important in many diseases.
"We are the genetic disease bunters,"

said Dr. Watson, a tall, slim man whose gray hair is receding to wisps, whose eyes intense, whose conversation comes in short bursts. His comments are sharp. His distaste for the mediocre comes across clearly as he discusses the need for high

quality research in the work ahead.

The new project's prime objective is to map and define chemically all of the human genes, and those of some other species as well. The project has already received some federal seed money. To go forward on the scale that scientists like Dr. Watson want, however, major congressional fi-

nancing will be occessary. The two lead agencies will be the National Institutes of Health and the Department of Energy, although the details of how the project will be organized are yet to be worked out. Dr. Watson will continue as director of

Dr. Watson will continue as director of the Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory on Long Island, a post he has held since 1968. The laboratory is known throughout the world as a center for genetics research. The genome project has been a matter of intense debate and discussion among scientists. Some have applanded the idea. Others have argued that such a huge project will drain needed funds from many other areas of biomedical research.

Dr. Watson said he believed the opposi-

other areas of biomedical research.

Dr. Watson said be believed the opposition had dwindled, particularly now that it is clear that the institutes will play a major role. The institutes, the federal government's main agency for the financing and conduct of biomedical research, are widely respected among scientists.

Besides cost and scope, there are other similarities between the genome project and the American effort that put the first men on the moon in 1969. Like NASA's Apollo project the cases. Apollo project, the genome project does not require major new scientific discoveries. There are many important technical and engineering problems to be solved, but oo big conceptual question marks.

A Cosmic Puzzle



Dr. James D. Watson

Gamma Puzzle **Strains Physics**

By Walter Sullivan New York Times Service

D ARTICLES that seem to violate current theories about the and two colleagues in their report. behavior of radiation from space If any of these three explanations behavior of radiation from space are striking the earth at extremely high energy, scientists from several research installations have coo-

extremely high energy light waves, strengthens observations reported or gamma rays, but when it hit the in 1983 by German astrophysicists. atmosphere it produces a shower of That report was considered so bidebris typical of impacts by matter. zarre that few scientists accepted it. The conclusions were drawn from

it for more than a year while they checked their work and struggled to find some conventional explana-

Three possibilities have been proposed: that gamma rays at high has also obtained puzzling results energy behave like bits of matter, while observing gamma rays, even though they are light waves:

The Los Alamos observations even though they are light waves; that the observations were not of

This last possibility is "the ultimate in exotie explanations," said Dr. Darragh A. Nagle of Los Alamos

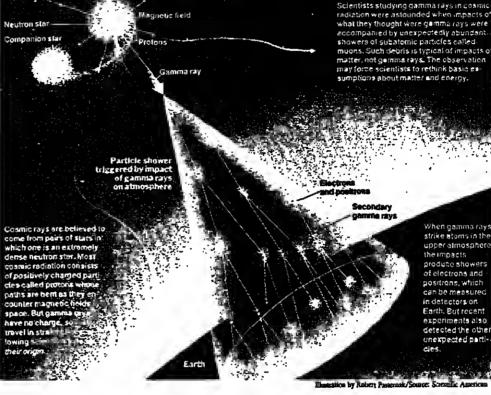
proves correct, the implications would be revolotionary, requiring a fundamental rethinking of some basie assumptions of modern phys-The radiation was assumed to be ics. The research confirms and

Dr. Malvin A. Ruderman, prosimultaneous observations of the fessor of physics at Columbia Unishowers by two types of detectors versity in New York and specialist at the Los Alamos National Laboratory in New Mexico.

versity in New York and specialist in elementary partieles and astrophysics, said the observations were The finding is so startling that "extraordinarily exciting," al-the researchers delayed publishing though he wished that more data

on the phenomenon were available. His view was echoed by Dr. Trevor C. Weekes of the Smithsonian Astrophysical Observatory on Mount Hopkins in Arizona, who

were conducted by a score of physigamma rays at all but rather of cists. Those playing leading roles unexpectedly massive neutrinos, included Dr. Nagle, Dr. Jordan A. subatomic particles believed to Goodman of the University of have little or too mass, or that the Maryland, Dr. Guarang B. Yodh of particles are unknown to science. the University of California at Ir-



vine and Dr. Jeremy Lloyd-Evans, oow at the University of Sussex,

What they recorded were particle showers like those initiated in the upper aumosphere when particles or gamma rays hit an atom. These collisions generate high-en-ergy electrons and their positively charged twins, positrons. As they

oms, generating yet more electrons and positrons. This cascading continues until, by the time the shower reaches the ground, there are thousands of electrons and positrons. At Los

speed toward earth, these particles

hit other atoms, producing more

Alamos these were recorded by more than 100 detectors. Cosmie rays are chiefly protons, the ouclei of hydrogen atoms. Because they are electrically charged. their paths are bent by magnetie fields they encounter during the millions of years that they travel in space. They reach earth from all directions and it is impossible to tell where they came from and thus

all cosmic rays. Like waves of visi-ble light, they have no electric charge and therefore travel through For 400 days, ending in July 1987, the Los Alamos group looked at Hercules X-1. On July 24, 1986, space in a straight line. The direc-tions from which gamma rays ar-rive are determined by comparing the scientists recorded what were taken to be two 30-minute bursts of gamma rays. In the next burst, 10 showers occurred when, statisticalthe times when electrons and posily, only 2.6 were expected. trons from a shower first reach each detector in an array. Only if the source is directly overhead are resulted from gamma rays. But sithe arrivals simultaneous. The relamultaneous observations at Los tive times, which vary by fractions Alamos showed the shower conof a second, can indicate direction isined an unexpected abundance of to within one degree. short-lived particles called muons.

Physicists believe that most, if not all, high-energy cosmic rays are produced by pairs of stars in which one is a neutron star, one that has collapsed to extreme density, spinning at revolutions measured in secoods or less. Its spinning mag-netic field hurls protons and other particles that it has sucked from the companion star directly into space, except for the few that hit surrounding gas. This initiates a se-quence generating gamma rays.

Among such two-star combinations are those in the constellations radiation has been observed.

In Australia, a Bid to Save Giant Clams

Fertilization That Avoids Surgery

By Gina Kolata DOCTORS in Australia have New York Times Service developed a technique for implanting fertilized eggs in women's fallopian tubes. They hope the technique will improve the success rate of in vitro fertilization, without

With in vitro fertilization, eggs are removed from a woman's ovaries, fertilized in a laboratory dish and then inserted into the uterus in the hope that pregnancy will result. When fertilized eggs are put in the oterus, rather than in the fallopian tubes where fertilization normally occurs, success may be reduced.

Until now, efforts to implant ferblized eggs in the tubes involved abdominal surgery. In the new procedure, doctors use catheters. The method is expected to help women who ovulate and whose fallopian tubes are healthy, but who have

been unable to become pregnant. Women with healthy fallopian tubes constitute as many as onefifth of women at in vitro fertilization clinics, said Dr. Joseph Schulman, director of the Genetics and IVF Institute in Fairfax: Virginia.

For many of the women, the problem is that their sexual parttier's semen cootains low numbers of sperm cells that make them incapable of fertilizing an egg. By mixing the semen and eggs in a laboratory dish, doctors improve the odds of fertilization.

The new method of implantation was developed by Dr. Robert P.S. Jansen, Dr. John C. Anderson, and Dr. Paul S. Sutherland of the Royal Prince Albert Hospital and Sydney IVF in Sydney, Australia. The catheter cootains an extremely fine inner catheter that the doctor can manipulate to insert a developing embryo into the fallopian tube

without surgery. Reporting on the new device in a recent issue of the New England Journal of Medicine, Dr. Jansen and his colleagues said they have transferred embryos into five womcn, and one became pregnant. Dr. Schulman has tried the method on two women in the United States. Both of them became pregnant, but

INTERNATIONAL POSITIONS

AMERICAN UNIVERSITY OF PARIS

DEAN OF THE UNIVERSITY

The American University of Paris seeks a chief academic officer to provide dynamic leadership for the faculty as we embark on a challenging agenda of new program development and curricular

innovation.

The American University of Paris is an independent, private institution of higher education, chartered by the State of Delaware in 1962
and accredited by Middle States (reaffirmed 1988). It errots approximately 1100 students from over 60 nations (50% American, 15%
French) and awards the B.A. and B.S. degrees in art history,
comparative literature, computer science, European cultural studies,
French studies, international affairs, international business administration, and international economics. Academic programs are reinforced
by an extensive co-curriculum drawing on the city's cultural resources,
internship opportunities, and the largest English-language library in
continental Europe. Classes other than foreign languages are conducted in English; all students must attain competency in French as
well.

The successful candidate will have an earned doctorate in a liberal arts or science discipline, a distinguished record of teaching and scholarship, and significant experience in academic administration. As well, (s) he should have a demonstrated commitment to effective shared governance and to excellence in academic programs. Fluency

snared governance and to excellence in academic programs. Fluency in written and spoken French is preferred.

Salary range is very competitive and commensurate with experience. Heview of applications will begin **November 15** and continue until the position is filled. Starting date: July 1, 1989.

Send nominations or letters of application with a c.v. to: Prof. George Wanklyn, Chair. Dean Search Committee.
Tha American University of Paris,
31, avenue Bosquet, 75007 Paris - FRANCE.

Equal Opportunity Employer

JOB OPPORTUNITY

A well established Agricultural business group in the Kingdom of Saudi Arebie, offers an exciting cereer opportunity for e

MARKETING MANAGER

The candidate must possess a degree in Agricultural Pesticides. Comprehensive experience in the area of plant protection, market planning end projections is a must.

Those having minimum experience of 5 years in e similer position, sound knowledge of Arabic and English and transferable Iqame, may apply with complete deteils, to:

The Personnel Manager P.Q. Box 8128 - Jeddah 21482 SAUDI ARABIA Attractive remuneration peckage depending

on qualifications and work experience.

"INTERNATIONAL POSITIONS" appears every Thursday

----- · · · ·

NITROGENOUS FERTILIZERS INDUSTRY S.A. (AEVAL)

is seeking a

CONSULTANT

For an Ammonia and Urea Project, using Natural Gas as

raw traterial.

The Consultant must be independent and not be tied to any particular ammonia and urea technologies.

Tha Scope of Work of the Consultant will be to assist AEVAL to prepare the Invitations to Bid, as well as draft contracts, for the selection of Contractor(s) for Ammonio and Urea Plants and evaluate the offers including the technologies. Interested qualified companies should send prequalification documents to:

NITROGENOUS FERTILIZERS INDUSTRY S.A. 15, Valaoritou Str., Athens 10671, Greece c/o Dept. General Manager of Development including:

Detailed references of their general experience in the chemical industry in connection with the Scope of Work described above, as well as of their specific experience on Ammonia and Urea Plants with natural gas as the

Resumes of personnel anticipated to work in this project.

prequalification documents must be received by AEVAL not later than October 25th, 1988, and will be used to prepare a short list of companies to which invitation to Bid will be sent.

Our client, part of a major international organisation, is expanding its futures and physical crude oil trading operations in London and has vacancies for

EXPERIENCED CRUDE OIL TRADERS

Applicants will have at least 5 years experience of crude oil trading in both futures and physical markets, and must be capable of making an immediate contribution to our clients business.

Please reply to: Box 31088, I.H.T., 63 Long Acre, London WC2E 9 JH, United Kingdom.

INVESTMENT BANKER

Small private consulting firm seeks

INTERNATIONAL FINANCE PROFESSIONAL

International merger and acquisition corporate finance projects.

Fluent French and English. Frequent trips.

Send c.v. to: Box D236, International Herald Tribune, 92521 Neuilly, Cedex, France.

direction of Cygnus X-3 were being observed. Because they were not then observed by more sensitive detectors the earlier observations are now questioned. While they are Cygnus and Hercules, known as unrelated to the new ones, the Cygnus X-3 and Hercules X-1. It is physicists have sought to be as sure how they were formed. chiefly from them that the puzzling as possible of their conclusions be-radiation has been observed. Gamma rays are thought to represent far less than one percent of

By Michael Richardson tional Herald Tribune

ORPHEUS ISLAND, Australia -When seen beneath the water through the lens of a snorkeling mask, the giant clams being grown oo the reef in an experimental mariculture farm look like rows of technicolor cabbages. Some are mortled brown; others peacock

blue, green and purple.

The juvenile clams are protected from fish and other predators by long mesh-wire boxes staked to the coral At high tide they lie under a meter (three feet) of seawater. But when the tide recedes, scientists can walk out to the oursery on the

The project is part of an international effort to save some of the oortheastern coast of Australia that seven species of giant clam from extinction. John S. Lucas, leader of the breeding program at Orpheus
In their natural habitat, the giant
Island, said that clam farming is on
clams of the Tridocnidae family are the verge of becoming a new indus-

Herald Teribung

Now Printed in New York

For Same Day Service in

Key American Cities.

To subscribe coll us toll-free in the U.S.:

1-800-882 2884. (In New York, call: 212-752 3890.)

Or write: International Herald Tribune, 850 Third Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10022. Or Telex: 427175. Or Fax: 212-755 8785.

try for island nations in the Asia-chored to the seabed, they are the Pacific region. Some experts be-largest bivalve mollusks in the lieve that sales of clam meat to

If elam farming is developed, said Mr. Lucas, it could bring "substantial financial benefits to countries of this region, many of which suffer from depressed economies." And, he added, domestication of the giant clam "should also reverse the current trend towards extinction of this group, and enable

restocking of many reefs which have been over-exploited." Mr. Lucas is head of the Zoology Department at James Cook University in Townsville, a city on the serves as one of the main entry points to the Great Barrier Reef. a prime target for fishermen. An-

largest bivalve mollusks in the world. The king of the clams, Tri-Asia, where it is prized both as an dacna gigas, has a shell length of aphrodisiac and a culinary delicamore than one meter when it cy, could earn up to \$100 million a reaches 50 years of age and weighs year in export income. reaches 500 kilograms (almost 1,100 pounds). Giant clams live on, or near, cor-al reefs in shallow tropical waters of the Pacific and Indian oceans

and the South China Sea. Once

It was assumed that the shower

The observations from Hercales

X-I were reported last year in Mu-

nich at a conference on cosmic rays

and will be published shortly by

The problem is being ap-

proached with caution because of doubts about reports in 1985 that

highly penetrating muons from the

Physical Review Letters.

common throughout the Indo-Pacific area, the two largest bivalves, Tridacnu gigas and Tridacna der-asa, have been listed as threatened species by the International Union for the Conservation of Nature. Experts say that overfishing in the last two decades by foreign trawlers, particularly from Taiwan, and to a lesser extent by Pacific islanders, has caused the drastic decline

Clam meat is part of the tradi-tional diet of many islanders. It is also relished by people in Japan, Taiwan, Hong Kong, Singapore and other countries of East Asia. As much as 20 percent of the total As much as 20 percent of the total weight of a clam is mear. The adductor muscles, which open and close the clam shells, are worth about \$25 a kilogram, while the mantle muscles currently fetch up to \$10 a kilo.

An insatiable consumer appetite for claim meat in Asia scat trawlers to distant reefs and breeding grounds in the 1970s and the 1980s. some 50 clam ships were sent south from Taiwan each year. In 1986, for example, a Taiwanese boat seized in the Solomon Islands had six tons of high protein clam meat on board, culled from about 10,000

Much of this fishing was illegal and Mr. Lucas said it had wiped

out *Tridacua gigas* in most parts of Micronesia, the Marianas, Guam, Tuvalu, Vanuatu, New Caledonia and Fiji. In the Philippines and parts of Indonesia, the species is close to extinction, he added. Clam shells in the Philippines are sold to tourists and exported. In Indonesia, they are used to make floor

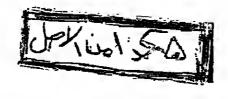
The Great Barrier Reef has become a haven for giant clams because they are not widely sought by Australians either for meat or for the shells. The mollusks have been declared protected species and intensified air and sea surveillance has halted foreign poaching since 1985. Taiwan has helped by imposing a heavy duty on imported clam meat

The Australian Center for Inter-national Agricultural Research, a national Agricultural Research, a government aid agency, has been funding the clam breeding project on Orpheus Island for four years. on Orpheus Island for four years. Scientists from Fiji. Papua New Guinea and the Philippines are also involved and the technology is being transferred to Pacific islands.

Richard D. Braley, an American marine biologist working on the project, said that Tridacna gigas and Tridacna geras, the two species of giant clam being farmed on Oror grant cam owne tarmed on or-pheus Island, have excellent potential for commercial cultivation.

tial for commercial cultivation.

Clams, he said, are "freaks of evolution." They are bermaphrodites capable of releasing tens of millions of eggs or the sperm to fertilize them, depending on the reproductive pattern of other clams in the breeding ground. If one clams releases eggs, another will produce sperm. Braley said that mature grant clams were induced to breed in seawater tanks at the Orpheus Isscawater tanks at the Orpheus Island research station.



Fertilization

Surgery

1-1-0 -

Water St. 14.

THAT STORY

443m. 4.m

the personal service

Section 2

at the second

124 (421)

30000

144. 31.1

1000

tang dan di

BARNE I'

Se Page

4.812

250000 000

274.5

4

W 1224

157 6.4 40 3 3

17.1

1

4.851

SETS.

್ಷಿಚರ ಕ

التنامعة وتهار

13. :

F-1-2011

grade in the

, i

3

100 4000 gran his ger William $O(M^{n_{k}})^{-n_{k}}$

Join the Territorial Army, Learn Corporate Survival

By SHERRY BUCHANAN

ONDON — The current corporate trend of seeking to turn executives into leaders by sending them to outwardbound type adventure camps, where they take military-style survival training, is being gone one better by some British companies: they are encouraging managers to pursue the real thing and sign up with the Territorial Army and Volunteer Reserve Forces, the British equivalent of the U.S. National

TA recruits are required to go through intensive, often gruel-ing training two weeks a year, a minimum of six weekends a year and a few nights a week.

"We stress leadership training," said Colonel Tony Ward at
TA headquarters in London.
Colonel Ward is the TA's
The TA 'enhances

The TA 'enhances

your self-discipline

communication

and your

skills.

chief administrative officer. "We can provide training at no cost to the firm," he said,
"so the firm gets a better individual and the country gets a better defense."

Unlike management training courses where the company foots the bill, TA recruits

actually get paid according to rank while training. A private, for instance, gets £14.62 (\$24.80) a day; a major, £49.83.

The TA is conducting a £2 million-a-year advertising campaign to change its image from that of a bunch of beer-drinking weekend warriors to one of committed individuals learning

essential leadership and communication skills.

"It's not just like going on a survival game and playing bangbang," said Charles Bailey, 30, an accounts manager with ICL, the large computer company, and a captain in the Honorable Artillery Company. "It allows you to work together as a team, enhances your self-discipline and your communication skills."

Several British multinationals, including ICL, Imperial Chemical Industries, British Airways, British Petroleum and National Westminster Bank, give an average of two weeks' paid leave in addition to vacation time to managers who are TA members. Each company has several hundred employees in the TA.

NE AIM of the TA's ad campaign is to get British chief executives to do more, by personally endorsing the TA and by letting their employees know they support it.

But even enthusiastic TA members say the training is rigorous, it takes time away from job and family, and it requires a high level of commitment that some overworked executives may not be willing to give. Typically, it includes training in close-order drill, weapons and map reading, and 12-mile (20-kilometer) cross-country runs carrying 100-pound (45-kilogram) packs, often in

"It's best to start in your early 20s," said Mr. Bailey of ICL, who joined the TA at 20. "Once you start going up the management tree, it gets more difficult because the TA takes a lot of your time. Some companies don't favor it because of that."

One personnel director with an investment bank in London said, "Employers should not go out of their way to push executives into joining the TA, but they should support them if they wish to," He himself is a TA member.

A major question is whether leadership skills acquired in the army are transferable and suitable to corporate life. "Most corporate organizations are not democratic institutions.

and, depending on the industry, there are similarities between the army and corporations," said Manfred Kets de Vries, professor of organizational behavior at INSEAD, the business school in Fontainebleau, France.

Mr. Kets de Vries pointed out that the military is one of the oldest leadership training models, favored, among others, by

Currency Rates

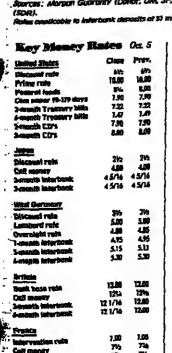
									Oct. 5
	*	\$	D.M.	F.F.	124.	Gldr.	E.F.	S.F.	Yea
Adosterdum	2.104	3.5415	1.1275	0.3311	0,1513 •	_	5.787 *	1.3247	1.5732
Brussels(a)	39.105	44.20	28,94	4.1545	2,5134 *	18,5765		24,44	1225
Fruckfurt	7.4653	2.159		4.2936	0.T342 *	0.5547	4771 *	1.1774	1,3955
London (b)	1.494		3.1598	10.757	2.354.50	3,5405	44.185	2.684	Z24.415
Milan	1,390,50	2.354.00	745.30	218.80		41.07	35,565	274.65	10.370
New York(c)	_	7.495 b	7.8445	430	1,390.50	2.103	39.65	1.5105	133.35
Peris	6.354	10.757	3.4058	-	0.67	3,0305	0.1425	ADDAY	4.7528
Takyo	133.45	224.20	71.57	21.04	0.762	43.37	3,4306	3436	
Zarich	1,5824	2,6024	0.247	0.2496	&TI4 *	6,7537	44528 4		1,1854
ECU	1,1114	0.4545	28742	7.0632	1,565,70	2.3300	43,471	1.7633	HEET
5DR	1,2958	8.7455	24177	4.7374	1,799,77	2734	51,4777	20545	17250

38-day 68-day 1,6711 1,6863 132.92 132.51 1,6582 1,8530 1.4619 1.32.06 1.8473

Sources: (adasuer Bank (Brussels): Banco Commerciale Hallande Paris (Paris): Bank of Taksa (Taksa): IMF (SDR); BAII (dil (ruble), Other data from Reuters and AP.

Interest Rates

SEC. 64	THE PERSON	cy De	Popular		French		•	ct. 5
	Deller	D-Mark	Swiss Franc	Starting	French Franc	Yea	ECN	SDR
mostly	2 14-6 74	4 70-4 %	3 16-3 74	11 74-12 %	711-711	4 %-4 %	74-74	A
inerite.	314.574	4 14-4 16	314-376	1175-12 K	746-746	4 Yes Yo	7 %-7 %	7
monte	A Red Ye	5 K-5 %	396-394	11 8-12 %	74-74h	44.00	745-7%	714
	IN-EN	54-54	374-374	11 44-12 14	6-814	Fire Ch	7 >-7 %	74
AMEN,	83, 656	54.5%	34-34	11 %-11 %		F4-47	7%-7%	
			NAC DAR	SF, Pound. I	FF, yen); 1	Joyds Bord	(ECU);	Réular



8 % - 8 % 814 - 8% 812 - 8% 8 % - 8 % 64 - 6%

U.S. Money Market Fm

Telerato laterest Rate Index: 1.050 Source: Merrill Lynch, Telerate

Gold

Hone Kons 291.25
Laxensberry 397.49
Perts (12.5 kile) 297.25
Landon 297.25
Reaw York

violate state laws that prohibit liquor manufacturers from owning retail liquor ontless. Two of Pillsbury's leading restaurant units, Bennigan's and Steak & Ale, serve liquor, although Grand Met has said it would sell those units. Pillsbury said Thesday that courts in five states had already issued re-

straining orders blocking Grand Met from buying its stock. Pillshury stock rose \$1 to \$58 a share at the close Wednesday on the New York Stock Exchange. On Tuesday, its price jumped \$18.50 in Most Wall Street speculation of

response to the bid but did not a friendly suitor centered on a for-exceed Grand Met's offer price of eign buyer, not so much because of CHICAGO — Pillsbury Co., moving to thwart a hostile £3.1 billion (\$5.26 billion) bid from Grand Metropolitan PLC, has sued the British food and beverage con-\$60 a share. Several analysis said they believed the bid will be suc-cessful, but Pillsbury asked its stockholders to delay action while it studied the bid.

The suits charge that if the take-over goes ahead, Grand Met would It represents the largest offer for a U.S. company by a British one. Pillsbury, a maker of cake mixes, refrigerated dough, frozen vegetables and other products, which had sales of \$6.19 billion in the year ended May 31, may have little choice but to accept Grand Met's. all aspects of its offer, including the offer if it cannot find a friendly suitor.

The offer would not only give Pillsbury shareholders a 53 percent premium over the price their shares were trading at last week, it is also well above what most analysts

accounting rules that would make most American companies look \$92 million a year for 40 years.

less profitable if they bought Pills- Foreign companies are oot affected

bury might eventually sell for \$64 would have to deduct that m or \$65 a share, which would raise every year from their earnings. the overall price to \$5.6 billion.

Part of the analysts' reasoning
was that Grand Met had told Pills-

Traders said that Tuesday's mar-ket price did not reflect such sentimeni because of the extremely

beavy institutional selling. tential buyers.

a friendly suitor centered on a for-eign buyer, not so much because of the weak dollar but because of U.S. good will in the Grand Met offer would amount to \$3.68 billion, or Some analysts said they felt Pills- mean that American companies would have to deduct that much

> Kohlberg, Kravis, Roberts & Co. the foremost management buyout bouse in the United States, regularly offers to serve as a friendly buy-

But Kohlberg, Kravis is understood to have approached Pillsbury last summer, when takeover rumors began circulating. Kohlberg, Kra-The accounting concept known vis is understood to have suggested as good will seemed to chiminate that Pillsbury might think about most American corporations as po"doing it now rather than later" and is said to have been told by

hear from us."

Traders said that Kohlberg, Kravis might be too busy trying to buy Kroger Co., the big grocery chain, to enter the Pillsbury battle. The Wall Street firm raised its bid for Kroger to \$64 a share Tuesday, or more than \$5 billion.

In a numor that traders found difficult to accept, Volvo AB, the Swedish car maker, was thought to be a possible bidder for Pillsbury but Tuesday denied any interest.
The name of Kraft Inc. emerged

as a potential suitor but appeared to be discounted because of the good will problem. It emerged after Shearson Lehman Huston Inc., one of lour advisers to Pillsbury, put Pillsbury on its restricted list.

The names of Nestle SA and Unilever also were suggested -

Pillsbury Moves to Fend Off £3.1 Billion Bid by Grand Met

quickly discounter and retailing group, owner of the Burger King fast-food chain, did not stop Grand Met officials from showing up in Pillsbury's home town Tuesday to press their cause for the bid.

In a news conference in Minneapolis, the officials sought to fore-stall a backlash by saying that they had no plans for a wholesale breakup of Pillsbury. They also said they were eager to meet Pillsbury executives to discuss a friendly combina-

There was much speculation on Wall Street that Pillsbury would not have urged stockholders to wait for the Grand Met offer unless it felt comfortable that it would be able to offer them something better they always are whenever food than \$60 a share.

U.S. Body Revises **S&L Costs**

glomerate in 13 states.

Up to \$50 Billion May Be Needed

WASHINGTON - The Federal

Home Loan Bank Board said Wednesday that the cost of bailing out insolvent U.S. savings and loan associations could be as high as \$45 to \$50 billion, a large increase from its previous \$31 billion estimate.

The chairman of the bank board, M. Danny Wall, said that the higher figure reflected new information on thrift institutions' losses in the second quarter as well as a more accurate picture of the costs of re-cent resolutions of thrift cases,

The revision by Mr. Wall of the estimated effect of the massive financial crisis brings it more into line with estimates by other govern-ment agencies. The General Accounting Office also projects a \$45 to \$50 billion cost.

But it is still far short of private estimates, which range from \$75 billion to \$100 billion.

The bank board, which regulates the 3,000 U.S. thrifts, also said it would need to extend the special assessment that thrifts pay for fedcorrect 10 years, unless Congress comes up with another solution.

The assessment, on healthy thrifts, is to meet the cost estimate of merging, sching or closing ap-proximately 500 insolvent ones.

Savings and loan associations currently pay 21 cents a year in regular and special assessments to the bank board to insure every \$100 in deposits, nearly double the 12 cents per \$100 regular assessment paid by commercial banks. Mr. Wall said that Congress

should consider a number of op-tions before asking American taxpayers to pay for a thrift bailout. The bank board's new estimate was contained in testimony pre-

See THRIFTS, Page 15



The chairman of Scandinavian Airlines System, Jan Carlzon, right, signing a major joint venture agreement with Texas Air Corp. The chairman of Texas Air, Frank Lorenzo, is pictured at left.

SAS Pushing Ahead With Growth

Carrier Reportedly Sets Meeting With Head of Alitalia

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches STOCKHOLM - Scandinavian Airlines System, which announced a major link-up with Texas Air Corp. this week, is reportedly pushing ahead in its quest for expansion through talks about potential coop-eration with Alitalia, the Italian

A Swedish business magazine, The Veckans Affarer, has reported eral insurance to 30 years from the that the head of Alitzlia, Carlo Verri, will hold talks with SAS in

Stockholm later this month. Mr. Verri was quoted as saying he wants "to exchange views on what ways may be open for possible future cooperation," the maga-

The cooperation agreement with Texas Air - the owner of Eastern Air Lines and Continental Airlines in the United States - drew a mixed response Wednesday from analysts and a hostile reaction from

some SAS employees. But the link-up is believed to have made the Scandinavian carrier a more attractive partner. The president of SAS, Jan Carlzon, has said he aims to make SAS one of Europe's five top airlines, but until this week SAS has failed in at-

tempts to hook up with other major Kleinwort Grieveson. "But Texas carriers.

"I have seen what Jan Carlzon has done with SAS, and without doubt we have a lot to learn from him," Mr. Verri said, SAS is jointly owned by the gov-

ernments of Sweden, Denmark and Norway, and private investors in those countries. In the past two years, SAS has had unsuccessful merger talks with

the Belgian carrier Sabena and failed to buy a minority stake in British Caledonian, losing out in the latter deal when British Airways PLC took over Caledonian.

In August, SAS announced a \$204 million deal to buy 40 percent of the Argentine state airline Acro-lineas Argentinas. But that deal has run into trouble in the Argentinian parliament where strong opposition has emerged.

Many analysts said SAS made an important breakthrough in securing as powerful an ally as Texas

"It's a very good arrangement from a geographical and strategic viewpoint," said Brian Knox, an

America

Growth

Fund

analyst with the London brokerage

Weekly net asset

U.S. \$22.64

Listed on the

Stock Exchange

Amsterdam

macht 214, 1016 BS Am

value

Listed on the Amsterdam

Pierson, Heldring & Pierson N.V. Herengracht 214, 1016 BS Amsterdam. Tel. + 31 - 20 - 211188.

Stock Exchange

Energy

Tokyo Pacific Holdings N.V. 3-10-1988 U.S. \$215.63

Weekly net asset

Weekly net asset

39-9-1988 U.S. \$33.50

Listed on the

Stock Exchange

Amsterdam

value on

value on

"It's a high-risk deal for SAS," said lan Wild, an airlines analyst with Barclays de Zocte Wedd.
"Texas has severe problems on the

labor-relations front."
But, he added, "I prefer SAS

with the deal than without it. They've moved a good way closer to their goal of becoming one of Europe's top five airlines. The agreement calls for SAS to

pay Texas Air a total of \$50 million in installments for the right to share terminal facilities in Newark, New Jersey, and New York's John F. Kennedy International Airport. SAS was also offered the right to buy up to 10 percent of Texas Air's

ommon stock on the open market. The accord, signed Tuesday, also includes provisions for coordinating marketing, reservations and scheduling systems, and the companies will establish a joint training program for airline workers.

Texas Air, in turn, said it might buy a stake in one or more of the spanies that has holds part of the private half of SAS. The marriage of a financially

See SAS, Page 13

Irving Managers End Resistance To BONY Offer

NEW YORK - Irving Bank Corp., in a surprise move, said recommended that the lrving board accept a revised, \$1.48 billion takeover offer from Bank of New York Co., its long-time suitor.

The agreement appears to draw to a close the lengthiest takeover battle between major U.S. corporations and the first such hostile light between two hig American banks. A special Irving board meeting was scheduled Friday to vote on the

A merger would nearly double the size of Bank of New York, vaulting it close to the 10 largest U.S. hanking companies. The two had \$47.8 billion in combined assets as of June 30.

Irving had vehemently opposed any merger with the Bank of New York since its takeover bid first surfaced in September 1987.

If Irving's board accepts the recommendation of the charman, Jo-

eph A. Rice, the bank will waive a New York State anti-takeover law, strike down its anti-takeover defenses and end lawsuits it had

Mr. Rice said he would retire once the merger was completed. He had been planning to retire anyway

Under the bid, Bank of New stock, said D. Emerson Phelps, an berg, Kravis.

Living spokesman. He said the entire deal was valued at \$78.42 a share, or around \$1.48 billion, more than \$200 milbon higher than the previous hostile offer from Bank of New York That offer included the same amount of cash, but contained slightly less stock and did not include the warrants.

comment immediately on the chain of events that led to Irving's unexpected reversal, except to remark It looks like it's over now."

The Bank of New York spokesman also was not immediately available for comment Wednesday. his secretary said. The surprise announcement

came one day after Bank of New York won another legal hattle in its yearlong hid to acquire Irving. On Tuesday, an appeals court dealt a crushing blow to Irving when it

See IRVING, Page 13

Macmillan Rejects Bid By Maxwell

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches

NEW YORK - Macmillan Inc. which already has agreed to a \$2.5 billion buy-out from the invest-ment firm Kohlberg, Kravis, Roberts & Co. said Wednesday that its board had rejected a more recent by early November 1989, an Irving spokesman said.

spokesman said.

slightly higher offer from the British publisher Robert Maxwell.

The publishing giant said its York would pay \$15 in cash and board would recommend that 1.675 shares of its own stock for shareholders reject Mr. Maxwell's each of Irving's 18.9 million common shares outstanding, plus a tained several conditions, including warrant valued at \$5 toward the invalidation of a "legal and binding purchase of Bank of New York cootractual obligation" with Kohl-

A spokesman for Maxwell Communication Corp. said he was surprised by the rejection. There was no immediate comment from Mr. Maxwell, who was attending a political party conference in Blackpool, England.

Macmillan stock rose 25 cents a See MACMILLAN, Page 13

Fears Of a Worsening Glut **Send Oil Prices Tumbling**

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches NEW YORK - Oil prices ex-Wednesday on fears that the glut in markets could worsen, with November futures losing almost 50 OPEC since July 1, had resigned.

This was denied by Kennal Saiki,

At the close of trading in New York, West Texas Intermediate, the benchmark U.S. crude oil, had shimped 47 cents to \$12.60 per barrel for November delivery, a new

low since August 1986. In London earlier, spot crude oil prices tumbled by 40 to 70 cents a

widely traded crude, fell to \$11.20 restore discipline after a full meat-per barrel for prompt delivery at ing of its 13 oil ministers, scheduled the close of European trading from to start on Nov. 21. \$11.60 on Tuesday.

issaded through \$13 per barrel. The sharp falls were prompted by reports of heavy oil tanker bookings out of the Gulf, which fueled fears that Gulf members of OPEC, notably Saudi Arabia, had

no intention of reining in production in the short term. Saudi Arabia, the biggest oil exporter, said Monday that it would not freeze its output while other barrels per day in August and 20 members of the Organization of million in September, the third-Petroleum Exporting Countries quarter average of 19.6 million barwere violating output quotas man-

TRAVEL of your corporation?

WE DO NOT SOLICIT YOUR BUSINESS, BUT...

Are you a BUSINESS TRAVELLER or in change of the BUSINESS

Do you know that you can SAVE AT LEAST 10% p.a. on your travel

We are not a travel agency and we do out solicit your travel business

If interested, please units or phone:
TAMAR CONSULTANTS, 48 Bid. Georges-Favors, 1204 Geneva (Switzerland). Phone: 41.22.20 30 22 - Fac: 4).22.20 71 46

budget without changing any of your habits at all?

We can however show you how to make these savings.

by bearish news, prices were affectaded their recent sharp decline ed by several factors. Among them

> spokesman for OPEC, in Vienna. Another rumor, that Nigeria had decided to leave the 13-nation cartel, was also officially denied. Meanwhile, Norway threatened Wednesday to drop production

curbs it had put in place to support OPEC, if the cartel failed to stop its rices tumbled by 40 to 70 cents a members exceeding output quotas.

The oil and energy minister, North Sea Brent Blend, the most Anne Oeien, said that OPEC must

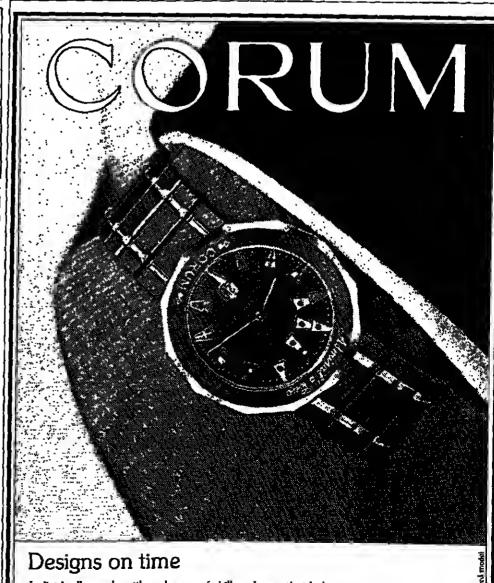
Also contributing to the weak Analysts in New York raised the mess in prices was a report issued possibility of a price crash matching the one in 1986 as futures prices troleum Institute, which showed a 5.3 million barrel increase in U.S. crade oil stocks.

And in Paris, the International Energy Agency said Wednesday that world crude oil supplies reached 50.8 million barrels per day in August and September, the highest level since early 1980. The 21-nation agency set total

output by OPEC at 19.8 million reis was up 1 million barrels from April-June. (Reuters, AFP, AP)

Information: Pierson, Heldring & Pierson N.V. Herengracht 214, 1016 BS Anjsterdam Tel. + 31 - 20 - 20188

WORLD STOCKS IN REVIEW



Individually made with a degree of skill and care that belongs to a former time, Corum Watches carry design into the

The Admiral's Cup epitomises this with unusual twelvesided case and the original decoration of enamelled nautical pennants denoting the hours on the watch face.

For a brochure write to Corum, 2301 La Chaux-de-Fonds, Switzerland

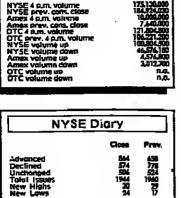
*

Dow Jones Bond Averages 89.73 89.71 89.76 +0.14 +0.06 +0.21

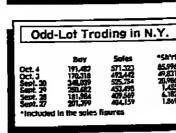
| 324 AAM | 141 | 172 | 173 | 174 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 |

11% Amoco
6% Amre
11% Anodrk
11% Anodrk
11% Anodrk
11% Anodrk
11% Anodrk
11% Anodrk
12% Anthen
6% Anthen
6% Anoch
6% Anthen
6% Apoch
6% Apoch
17% Anoph
17% Anolisk
8% Apolisk
8% Apolisk
17% Archon
17% Arosch
17% Armod
17% Armod
17% Armod
17% Armod
17% Armod
18% Arme
11% Armod
18% Armod
18% Armod
19% Affice
19% Affice
19% Affice
19% Affice
19% Allisar
1

Div. Yid. PE 1905 High Low Quat. Chase



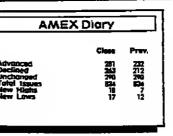
Morket Sales

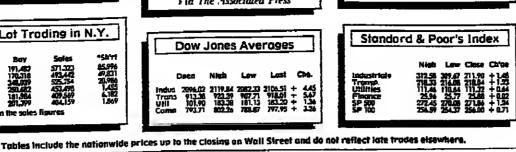


NYSE Index



Dow Jones Averages

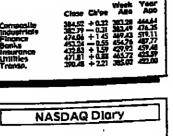




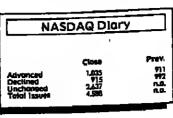
Hmsft 1
NmsfdF
HmsfB
Honda
Honwal
Hospial
Horizon
Hrzhtt
NCA
Hottinv
Houghab
Housea
House

1.600 23 13

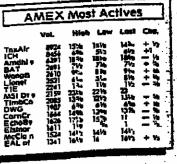
Div. Yid. PE 700s High Law Cost Circe



NASDAQ Index



Great CU, As Close



AMEX Stock Index 298.46 297.97 219.97

Industrial furnaces...

use less fuel with Ametek's

electronic system that pre-

cisely controls fuel air mix

and usually pays for itself

For current reports, write

Paoli, Pennsylvania 1930f

JAN, FEB. MAR, APR

within lour months

NYSE Posts Moderate Advance

York Stock Exchange, after a day of erratic moments." movements in which stocks involved in takeovers dominated the activity.

The Dow Jones industrial average, which slipped 3.20 points Tuesday, rose 4.45 to close at 2,106.51.

Advances led declines by an 8-5 margin. Volume on the Big Board totaled about 175.1 million shares, compared with 157.8 million traded Tuesday.

The market opened with modest gains but within 30 minutes of the opening bell the Dow had reversed itself and tumbled about 13 points before stabilizing.

It then managed to advance more than 10 points before giving all that back in early-afternoon trading. The modest gain came in the final half hour. "The Dow was all over the map but in a

narrow range," said Trude Latimer, a market analyst with Josephthal & Co. "This is a wildly speculative market, dominated by rumor stocks. But underneath all the wild action in the rumor stocks, we did see some real buying going on."

not looking for any reason to do something. They don't need a reason. Broad-market indexes also advanced. The NYSE, up 11/8 to 581/4. The stock jumped 18 New York Stock Exchange index rose 0.69 to points Tuesday after a surprise \$60-a-share 153.62. Standard & Poor's 500-stock index rose takeover bid made by Grand Metropolitan. 1.24 to 271.86. The price of an average share added 15 cents.

1.676 45 9
1.106 45 17
1.72 73 10
1.72 34 15
1.54 4.3 15
48 1.7 28
44 2.3 17
1.76 10.3
1.88 12.7 11
2.20 3.1 20
1.55 64
1.156 5

Close Qual. Chiga

67% + % 17% + % 127%

41% 24% 34% 13% 36% 19% 20% 20% 17% 8% 30 16% 13%

12 Marsh High Low Stock

Vinted Press International

NEW YORK — Stock prices posted modest gains Wednesday in active trading on the New York Stock Exchange after a strategy and the strategy was distorted by two "psychologically weak York Stock Exchange after a strategy activity was distorted by two "psychologically weak York Stock Exchange after a strategy activity was distorted by two "psychologically weak York Stock Exchange after a strategy activity was distorted by two "psychologically weak York Stock Exchange after a strategy activity was distorted by two "psychologically weak York Stock Exchange after a strategy activity was distorted by two "psychologically weak York Stock Exchange at the strategy activity was distorted by two "psychologically weak York Stock Exchange at the strategy activity was distorted by two "psychologically weak York Stock Exchange at the strategy activity was distorted by two "psychologically weak York Stock Exchange at the strategy activity was distorted by two "psychologically weak York Stock Exchange at the strategy activity was distorted by two "psychologically weak York Stock Exchange at the strategy activity was distorted by two "psychologically weak York Stock Exchange at the strategy activity was distorted by two "psychologically weak York Stock Exchange at the strategy activity was distorted by two "psychologically weak York Stock Exchange at the strategy activity was distorted by two "psychologically weak York Stock Exchange at the strategy activity was distorted by two "psychologically weak York Stock Exchange at the strategy activity was distorted by two "psychologically weak York Stock Exchange at the strategy activity was distorted by two "psychologically weak York Stock Exchange at the strategy activity was distorted by the strategy at the

85,996 49,831 20,986 1,455 6,182

"Goodyear fell sharply on lower earnings estimates and then one investment firm downgraded Digital Equipment," Mr. Barthel said. "Both of those developments overwhelmed a more positive backdrop with gold and oil declining."

In the early going, Goodyear was off more than 4 points and Digital Equipment tumbled more than 2 points. The stocks remained under essure at midafternoon.

The biggest game in town right now is in special situations. That's where the hot money is oing." Mr. Barthel said.
He said investors also remained focused on Friday's scheduled release of the U.S. jobless

report for September. "The Friday number is fairly important," Mr. Barthel said. "It will either confirm the August number, which suggested a moderation in the economy, or show the economy to be still robust."

The market fears that if the September data recently the most influential report in the Despite the concern over the next report on setting of Federal Reserve policy — does not unemployment, Ms. Latimer said "traders in confirm a moderation in the economy, upward this market don't care about economic reports. Pi Analysts might discuss reports, but a trader is essure on interest rates could result. "We should see people even off positions ahead of Friday," Mr. Barthel said. Pillsbury was the most active issue on the

Union Carbide followed, gaining 1 to 261/s. Kroger was third, up 31/s to 587/s.

557627556464 WINESTON STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF 1.17 .64 1.00 .16 .200 2.45 1.50

22 21 14 40 55 718 50 44 5 20 11 18 12 11 15 175 63 200 51 215 44 400 55 15 24 292 50 4554 447 18 21 18 27 17 24 7 17 22 9 5 18 25 14 12 5 5 1 .88 4.0 1.00 8.1 1.12 4.5 1.36 3.5 1.00 3.8 1.30 43 20 24 240 46 2.20e18.0 SS .05e .4 13 .7re164 4 .55e 1.9 2.60e 9.9 8 1.8: 44 2.65e10.2 13 The state of the s | Color | Colo

No. 1 A STEEL AND STREET AND STREET

14% + ½
25% + ½
14% + ½
14% + ½
14% + ½
46½ + ½
16% + ½
16% + ½
16% + ½
16% + ½
15% + ½
15% + ½
15% + ½
15% + ½
15% + ½ 25% 14 28% 45% 46% 10 34% 11% 55% 16% 67% 46% 46% 17% 4 00 10.1 2.15 9.7 2.00 2.3 1 10 3.1

#4 JRVFP 51 Jonssey Jethol 5 Jepon 6 Jerc of 10° John Cn 17°s Josen 15°s Josen

124	014	KDI
24'b	13'4	LM
41'a	71'b	Kmari
194b	111's	Kmari
194b	111's	Kmari
114	11's	Kmari
12's	14's	KCSo of
12's	KMARI	
13's	KMARI	
14's		
14's	KMARI	
15's	KMARI	
15's	KMARI	
16's		
17's	KMARI	
18's	KMARI	

+1

Marrian	20	1.7	3284		
Marrian	1.5	11.9	88		
Marrian	20	4	1	141	
Marrian	20	4	1	141	
Marrian	20	4	1	141	
Marrian	20	4	1	141	
Marrian	20	4	1	141	
Marrian	20	4	1	141	
Marrian	4	1	1	1	1
Marrian	4	1	1	1	
Marrian	4	1	1	1	
Marrian	4	1	1	1	
Marrian	4	1	1	1	
Marrian	4	1	1	1	
Marrian	4	1	1	1	
Marrian	4	1	1		
Marrian	4	1	1		
Marrian	5	4	1		
Marrian	7	1			
Marria 178 - 455 - 157005 17 27 27 17 5 16 27 18 14 17 27 24 2 2 12 2 74					

1.522 2.4 7 1248 .04 1.3 22 127 .05 1.3 22 127 .250 97 31 5964 .251 15 775 1.8 24 27 2715 1.96 10.5 10 100 1.96 10.5 10 100 .251 10.3 592 7.34 10.3 592

(Continued on next page)

| Compared | Sale | Sal

13% 7% ECC
25% 4 EMG
ANY, 27 EMG
ANY, 27 EMG
12% 7% EMG
14% 11 EMG
ANY, 27 EMG
14% 11 EMG
ANY, 27 EMG
ANY, 27 EMG
ANY, 27 EMG
15% 6% EMG
15% 39% EXCOR'S
15% 10% ECOID
25% 11% EOSIGF
26% 11% ECOID
26% 11% ECOID
26% 11% ECOID
26% 11% EMM
26% 11% EM

679 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 60

BUSINE

onso

Mostile W

Carte I this is

More As A St.

sted lake ...

Midaletti e DOM: N. S Rank ! pecture and

direct.

Bai

Bangaria

OUICON LAY

The rice.

Will not j

on.

renvi-



A luxurious, useful gift for executives on the move.

The desk diary that picks up and goes with you

Half your life's story—or even more—is inscribed on the pages of your desk diary. Yet when you travel or go to meetings, most desk diaries are too cumbersome to take along.

That's why the International Herald Tribune —constantly alert to
the needs of busy executives —had this desk diary especially designed for its readers. Bound in
luxurious silk-grain black leather, it's perfect on
your desk, offering all the noting space of any
standard desk diary. Yet pick it up and you'll find
it weighs a more 340 grams (12 oz.)



No voluminous data and statistics are included in this diary, but on the other hand a removable address book saves hours of re-copying from year to year.
Diary measures 22 x 15 cm

(8.5 x 6 in.), fits easily into the slim-mest attaché case, and has gilt-metal corners, gold page-edges and French blue paper. Per-sonalized with gilt initials on the cover, it's a marvelous gift for friends, business contacts and associates. (Note that quantity discounts are available.) Please allow 30 days for delivery.

it weigns a mere 340 grams (12 oz.).	• 41	INTERNATIONAL &	-			
it weighs a mere 340 grams (12 oz.).	lerali	O HELLER	Eribui	10		
Payment is by credit card only. All major cards a (Please note that French residents may pay b	eraid i no Charles-d eccepted. ov check	une, Karen Di e-Gaulle, 9252 Please send i	ot, Special Pr I Neuilly Ce me	rojects Divisio dex., France. . 1989 IHT De	OI.	INITIALS up to 3 per de
in French francs, at the current exchange rate. W that checks in other currencies cannot be accepted	e regret xd.)	1-4 diaries	5-9 diaries	10-19 diaries	Additional pactogs Outside Entrope	Outside Europe
Please charge to my Access Visa Ar	mex	U.S. \$39 each	U.S. \$37 each	U.S. \$35 each	U.S. S7 each	SI2per order
credit card:	asterCard	Name_	DE.			
Card No Exp. date		Address	—————			
Signature		City/Code/C	Country	·		6-10-8
potensary for credit card purchase;						
	7'R	VAT	Or	VAI		

A major international conference cosponsored by the International Herald Tribune and Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher, and Flom

LONDON, NOVEMBER 10, 1988

The last two years have seen a dramatic upsurge in international corporate mergers and acquisitions. As the number of such international transactions has increased, the use of hostile tactics has also begun spreading rapidly, even among European and Japanese companies. These developments present business executives and public officials with important challenges and opportunities.

The International Herald Tribune and Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher and Flom have developed an exceptionally timely program which will address the effect of this new wave of international mergers and acquisitions upon business strategies and public policies.

A distinguished group of speakers will address the meeting including:

Joseph Flom -Skadden, Arps. Slate, Meagher and Flom Commissioner Joseph A. Grundfest, = U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission
Ambassador Alfred H. Kingon U.S. Ambassador to the EC and former Presidential Assistant, Robert Maxwell = Chairman, Maxwell Communication Corp. plc

Dr. Hans Dahm: Senior Vice President, Westdeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale

John Hennessy CEO, Credit Suisse First Boston

George Magan — Director, J.O. Hambro Magan & Co. Ltd.

Sir Michael Palliser

Chairman, Samuel Montagu & Co.

The Honorable Peter Peterson =

Chairman, The Blackstone Group

Bruce Wasserstein

Chairman, Wasserstein, Perella & Co.

Jean François Verstrynge ______ Member of the Cabinet of Peter Sutherland, European Commission Reto Domeniconi =

Executive Vice President, Nestle SA

Herald Eribune For full program information, please either * fax your business card to (441) 240 2254 * telex your full name and address to 262009 * or telephone (441) 379 4302 Mergers and Acquisitions Conference International Herald Tribune

1 Long Acre, London WC2E 9JH

6-10-88

U.S. Futures Via The Associated Press Open High Low Close Grains | Addies 11,144 Prev. Sale. | Prev. Day Open Int. 37,744 a | DRANGE TURCE INVCE) | 15,000 Ibs. cents per lb. | 185,50 | 125,00 Ibs. cents per lb. | 185,50 | 175,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 176,00 | 90Y 8EAN DIL ICBT)
46,000 Ds- dollars per 10
420 Ds- dollars per 10
425 R20 Dec
13.95 20.75 Jon
13.40 20.85 Aug
13.90 22.45 Jul
13.90 22.50 Sep
23.90 22.90 Sep
23.90 22.90 Dec
23.90 22.90 Dec
23.90 22.90 Dec
24.90 22.90 Dec
24.90 22.90 Dec
25.90 25.90 Sep 115.00 84.50 108.50 96.00 94.00 84.75 87.50 82.50 5.000 frev o 430.0 430.0 1062.9 1062.9 1073.0 945.0 985.0 910.0 72.57 74.67 74.57 75.55 74.55 72.80 Prev. Doy Open Int. 84.113
PLATINUM (NY ME)
50 Iroy az, dollars per trov az,
647.50 452.00 Oct 510.50 511.3
646.80 459.00 Jan 507.50 511.4
445.50 459.00 Jan 507.50 515.4
447.50 501.00 Jul 520.00 515.4
544.00 507.00 Oct
531.50185 Jul 520.00 515.6
51.50185 Prev. Soles 5445
Prev. Doy Open Int. 30.146 611578
PALLA DIUM (NY ME)
1001707 az, dollars per oz FEEDER CATTLE (CME)
44,000 lbs.- cents per lb.
12,200 49,70 Oct 82,84,65 70,25 Nov 82,84,65 14,00 Jon 83,84,65 14,00 Jon 82,82,45 72,25 Apr 81,81,00 74,00 May 80,79,00 78,50 Aup 77,750 78,50 Aup 77,750 22,76 Aup 77,750 22,76 Aup 77,750 22,76 Aup 77,750 22,76 Aup 77,750 81,5018 22,764 Pyry, Solen 79,75 40,20 42,15 42,60 45,45 45,87 44,27 44,42 46,30 48,70 48,95 49,20 48,00 48,05 45,18 45,18

Fet Mar Mar Jul Aug 52.55 52.55 52.55 52.55 52.55 52.55 52.55 52.55 52.55 52.55 OFFEE CINYCSCE)

37500 HS- tempora

15025 16035 Det 18420 12590 12545 12520 -- L17 Currency Options

HILACELPHIA EXCHANGE ption & Strike interlying Price Colli-

US T. BILLS HAMA!

US T. BILLS HAMA!

SI million-pris of 100 poct

94.69 91.17 Dec 92.45 90.67 92.41 92.42

92.43 91.24 Andr 92.45 92.72 92.67 92.47

91.44 91.97 Join 90.57 92.57 92.57 92.57

91.11 91.83 Dec 92.45 92.45 92.47 92.41

92.11 91.83 Dec 92.45 92.45 92.47 92.41

92.11 91.83 Dec 92.45 92.45 92.57

92.11 91.71 Join 92.11 Join 92.11 92.11

E3.1 Loids 1.078 Prov. Soles 1.187

Prov. Day Open int. 20.475

18 YR. TREASURY COMP.

94.17 90.5 Dec 94.9 94.70 94.7

94.6 89.25 Andr 94.2 94.9 93.28 92.29

95.25 Bec 1 Jun 92.25 92.77 93.17 93.18

95.11 Solls 97.97 97.98

Fel. Soles Prov. Soles 10.925

Fel. Soles Prov. Soles 10.925 US TREASURY BONDS [CBT] Mact.
Dec 91.24
Mor 91.36
Jun 91.22
Sep 91.05
Dec 90.76
Dec 90.76
Dec 90.76
Dec 90.47
Jun 90.68
Sep 90.76
For 90.68

Mar 127.5 124.5 121.5 124.7 May 125.6 126.25 121.70 124.0 Jul 125.90 126.75 124.00 124.65 Sed 126.75 124.75 124.00 124.65 Dec 121.75 121.75 121.75 124.00 Mar

8.00 E.99

647.0 456.0 629.0 656.5 656.5 652.0

-./4 -./5 -./7 +145 +100

+1.45 +1.10 +.70 +.70 +.30 +.30 +.80 +.80 E-91. Soles - 6.000 Prev - 50 Prev - Dov Open Int. 37.43 NEATING DIL (NYARE) 42.000 sol - cents ser col - 51.40 37.50 Doc - 51.50 Do +2.70 +2.60 +2.60 +2.60 +2.60 +2.60 +2.60 +2.60 +2.60 +2.60 +2.60 +2.60 +2.60 +2.60 +2.60 +2.60 Commodity Indexes Previous 1.062.40 f

Mody's 1.857.70
D.J. Futures 1.857.70
D.J. Futures 135.91
Conf. Research 238.71
Moody's 10se 100: Dec, 31, 1931, p - preliminary: 1 · final Reviers: base 100: Seo. 18, 1931.
Dow Janes: base 100: Dec, 31, 1974. TO OUR READERS IN HOLLAND

The International Herald Tribune is now on newsstands throughout Holland every morning six days a week Monday-Saturday. If you have problems getting your copy, please contact: Edipress International B.V.

Wilhelminastraat 13rd 2011 VH Haarlem P.O. Box 363 2000 AJ Haarlem Tel.: (023) 32 23 41/Tx: 41833

Paris Commodities **London Metals** London Commodities **US.Treasuries** France Reports Surplus **DM Futures**

In June Trade Measure Agence France-Presse

Agence France Presse

PARIS — France registered a 3.2 billion franc (\$504.10 million) scasonally adjusted surplus in its trade and services payments in June, the Finance Ministry said Wednesday

The figure, which includes tradingoods and services as well as certain financial transfers, contrasted with a revised 3.6 billion franc deficit for May.

The Finance Ministry said that including the June figures, France's balance of payments for the first six months of 1988 stood at a 5.8 billion franc surplus, compared with a deficit of 5.6 billion francs for the same period last year. Dividends

IECREASED

for the same period last year.

INTERNATIONAL MANAGER

Spot Commodities

> S&P 100 Index Options

Company Results

Options

0.81 0.91 0.15 0.99 1.92 2.94 6.17 6.49 1.15

1987 93.30 0.041 1988 304,80 13,10 9,37 Winn-Dixie Stores

WASHINGTON - Consolidat-

ed Gold Fields PLC and an affili-

ate said Wednesday they have

asked President Ronald Reagan to

block a proposed hostile takeover

by Minerals & Resources Corp. on

the grounds that such a buy-out

would endanger U.S. national secu-

rity.
Consolidated Gold Fields, based

in London, and its 49 percent-

owned Newmont Mining Corp., which owns the largest U.S. gold mine, have asked the president to

exercise his authority under the Do-

Minorco is controlled by a com-

bination of South African interests,

Consolidated Mines Ltd., both of

which are controlled by Harry F.

Consolidated Gold Fields said

the proposed acquisition would be

the largest purchase to date of U.S. assets by South African interests

and would imperil U.S. access to

strategic and precious metals that are vital to U.S. national security.

said half its assets are concentrated

to complete the investigation and

then 15 days to determine what

The company said it and New-

(Continued from first finance page)

bank's "poison pill" anti-takeover

The defense would have allowed

all Irving shareholders - except a

hostile suitor - to buy \$400 worth

of Irving shares for \$200 if any

suitor bought more than 20 percent

of Irving stock without the support

of Irving's management. Such de-

IRVING: Managers Accept Bid

serve Board

action should be taken.

producer.

Consolidated Gold Fields, which

including Anglo-American Corp.

of South Africa Ltd. and De Beers

fense Production Act.

弹车

& Stock Index

海初 7年4 7年5 1111

NUMCOS. Bath America <u> Steilt But u.</u>. CONTRACTOR OF THE greaters from the

ER. MAR. APR.

e te ep r LONG BUY AT A

According to the latest merger proposal, all present directors of Irving would be invited to join Bank of New York's board of directors, and all key personnel decisions would be made by a committee of directors made up of three directors of the Bank of New York and two current living directors:

diately enjoin the transfer of its power to block takeovers that U.S. assets pending completion of

Hostile Minorco Bid Is Labeled a Threat to U.S. Security

Consolidated Appeals to Reagan

the investigation.

Consolidated Gold Fields itself has gold operations in South Africa. A company spokesman said 17 percent of its pretax operating profits come from South African

could endanger U.S. security under

Minorco's bid for Consolidated Gold Fields was the biggest in Brit-ish history. It offered £2 billion (about \$3.3 billion), valuing the The U.S. president gained the gold concern at £2.9 billion.

Kuwait Examines BP Order

By Warren Getler

International Herald Tribune LONDON - Speculation arose Wednesday about a possible European Community probe of a British ruling that ordered the Kuwait Investment Office to slash its stake in British Petroleum P.C., while a lawyer for the Kuwaitis raised the prospect of a challenge to the or-

A European Community spokesman denied a report that European officials were examining the legitimacy of the decision Thesday by the U.K. Department of Trade and Industry, which called for the investment office to pare its stake in BP to 9.9 percent from 21.6 per-

in the United States, produces stra-tegic minerals including rutile and zircon. The company said it will "There's been nn approach to the commission by the KIO or by any-body else on the matter," said the soon become a significant platinum Consolidated Gold Fields said EC official. He said reviews are the president has 30 days from the usually undertaken only if comdate its request was filed to initiate an investigation, 45 days after that

plaints are registered.

The only possible basis for a complaint, he said, would be the Arab states to study seriously new claim that the investment office is a company incorporated in Britain that has been discriminated against mont asked that Mr. Reagan imme- as a shareholder. A senior partner policies."

the recently-passed U.S. trade bill. which amended the Defense Production Act.

in the London law firm represent-

day that "KIO clearly is not incorporated here. It's not a corporation at all, but an agency of the state of Earlier, Wednesday, Miebael Walter, the British lawyer repre-senting the Kuwaitis, said his cli-

Mr. Walter, an attorney with Stephenson Harwood, said a thorough review of the British government's case would be completed soon. The Kuwaitis will then decide on a course of action, possibly including a legal appeal, be said.

ents were "still shocked" by the

"If a challenge in Europe is pos-sible, it is something we would con-sider," said Mr. Walter. But he em-phasized that such a challenge is not a foregone conclusion. A leading newspaper in The United Arab Emirates, Al-Khaleej.

said Wednesday: The British move is yet another reason to prompt alternatives. It is time for migrant Arab funds to come back home, and for a revision of investment

MACMILLAN: 'No' to Maxwell

Bank of New York, which owns (Continued from first finance page) boosted a previous offer to \$90.25 a strack down a key provision of the bank's "poison pill" anti-takeover a 4.9 percent stake in Irving al-ready has received conditional apshare to \$88.625 on the New York share in cash, but said that the new bid was subject to, among other, things, the climination of the lock-Stock Exchange. proval to merge by the Federal Re-

Macmillan agreed last week to an offer from Kohlberg, Kravis of During the past year, Milan-\$90.05 in cash for 91 percent of Macmillan's outstanding shares, based Banca Commerciale Italiana SpA, offered to merge with Irving. But it recently withdrew the bid in with the balance to be acquired for notes and warrants and securities. August after the Fed ruled the It-Kohlberg, Kravis is an investment laian government agency thal firm that specializes in leveraged vices are intended to make unsolic- owned most of Banca Commerciale

ited takeover bids prohibitively ex-pensive. had to supply financial imforma-tion in the irving offer. When it agreed to that offer, Macmillan promised that Kohlberg. Kravis could buy four of In a recent twist in the takeover Macmillan's businesses for \$865 saga, Banca Commerciale denied million should their merger not be last week that it held secret talks concluded. Those businesses inwith Bank of New York to divide clude the Berlitz language centers, up Irving. Allegations about a sethe directory division, the directcret agreement to divide Irving marketing division and a division that publishes state legal codes. were made in a press report that quoted a senior executive at Bank of New York. (AP. Reuters, UPI) Two days later, Mr. Maxwell

costly for a bidder to acquire the company without support of management, and a limit of \$70 million on the amount of fees to be paid to Kohlberg, Kravis. As an alternative, Mr. Maxwell said he would pay \$900 million for the four businesses that Macmillan

agreed to sell to Kohlberg, Kravis, and to drop his tender offer. In its terse, one-sentence announcement Wednesday, Macmillan made no reference to Mr. Maxwell's alternative proposal.

(AP, Reuters, UPI)

Surprising Stock Advance Follows Manville Decision

NEW YORK - Investors are apparently confused about the size of a stock dilution in the reorganization plan that Manville Corp. will follow as it comes out of bankrupicy, analysts said Wednesday. The last legal burdle to the restructuring was removed Monday

when the Supreme Court refused to hear an appeal of the plan, which is expected to be completed by the end of 1988.

Analysts were haffled by a sharp rise in Manville stock Tuesday, when it added \$1.125 to end at \$2.875 a share. On Wednesday, the stock held steady.

"People remember the classic bankruptcy turnarounds and think this will be nne of them," said Stephen J. Dobi, an analyst at Salomon Bruthers Inc. "It won't be. There will be massive dilution." The stock, which is subject to a 1-for-8 reverse solit when Manville completes its reorganization, traded as high as \$3,125 Tuesday.

Manville reacted with surprise to the stock activity. "We wonder if people are losing sight of the fact the securities are highly speculative," said William Bullock, a Manville spokesman.

Phillip Schaeffer, co-director of a hankruptcy fund at Cowen &

Co., and an investor in Manville securities, said he thought part of the rise might have resulted from pressure on those who had sold the stock short, expecting the price to drop. Such investors would be forced to buy shares to cover their positions if the price began to rise.
But Mr. Dobi said, "It appears the demand is coming from small retail accounts," he said. He said the stock is worth about \$1 a share.

Set to Fall in 3d Quarter

United Press International

terial and employee-benefits costs.

expect a recovery in the fourth quar-

ter, but it is unlikely it will be strong

enough to offset the disappointing past three months," said Robert Mercer, Goodyear chairman.

up option" granted to Kohlberg.

fense, which would make it more

The incident demonstrates the February, hy promising the con-Goodyear Tire Earnings For U.S. Automakers, a Model End to Year

By Patrick L. Smith

International Herold Tribune TOKYO - The police arrested

twn stock brokers nn Wednesday,

including a former executive at No-

mura Securities Co., and charged them with defrauding investors by

claiming to have access in the ac-

counts of leading Japanese politi-

The two brokers were accused of

offering clients the opportunity to

invest in issues they said were "po-

litical stocks," those manipulated by local stock brokers and financial

institutions on behalf of political

figures in return for favorable

Such stocks have long been a principal source of campaign funds

for many members of the govern-

ing Liberal Democratic Party. They are also recognized among investors as among the most attrac-

nive investments in the Tokyo mar-

ket, since they generally advance

with unusual speed and carry virtu-

By Philip E. Ross New York Times Sernee

AKRON, Ohio - The Good-DETROIT - Robust U.S. auto year Tire & Rubber Co. said sales in late September closed the 1928 model year nn a strong nnte. Wednesday that it was expecting a financially poor third quarter, pri-Americans purchased 15.6 milmanily due to increases in raw malion vehicles in the year, up about 1 percent from 1987, making it the

Goodyear said earnings could be as low as \$1.10 a share, compared with \$2.98 a share a year ago. "We third-best year ever. Sales of U.S.-made vehicles totaled 11.7 million, up about 3.5 percent from the previous model year. Sales of imports fell about 7.5 percent, to 3.85 million. That decline reflected the weakening of the dollar against other currencies, es-

pecially the Japanese yen. It was a far better year than analysts bad forecast after its inauspicious beginning in October 1987. when the stock market collapsed. From that point economists studied each report of 10-day car sales for signs of cutbacks in consumer

spending. They never came. Other conditions of the Maxwell bid included elimination of Macmillan's "poison pill" takeover de-

themselves raising production plans throughout the year in meet demand. They ended September with an average 59-day supply of cars, which is considered ideal. And that was without an end-ofsummer clearance sale, as in earlier

In September, sales of light vehi-

cles were down about 6.7 percent from the comparable period in 1987, totaling about 1.2 million. This was still a good result, analysts Ann C. Knight, an auto industry analyst for PaineWebber Inc. in

New York said the drop in September reflected, in part, the distortion

caused by clearance sales last year. Sales of U.S.-made cars were down 6 percent in September at 576,535, but that amounted to a rate of 7.6 million per year, the

same strong level that has prevailed over the last eight months. By comensuean, for the first time in parison, 7,1 million cars were sold years, U.S. manufacturers found in 1987.

Sales of imported cars are estimated to have totaled 250,000 in September, down about 13 percent. for an annual sales rate of 3 millinn, In the calendar year 1987, 3.2 million imported cars were sold.

brokers and cornorations.

be effective against it.

laws prohibiting insider trading.

Many financial analysts remain

skeptical that new legislatinn.

which came into effect Oct. I, will

Cn. more than a decade ago, were

charged with fraud by the Tokyo

They are alleged to have de-

frauded a local real estate firm of

300 million ven (\$2.25 million) in

District Prosecutors Office.

■ France Firm on Quotas France said on Wednesday it was still treating Bluehird cars, made in Britain by Nissan Mntor Co., as Japanese and subject to strict import regulations, Reuters reported from Paris. A first ship-

rived in the port of Le Havre. France's attempt to impose quotas on the cars becase their EC content is less than 80 percent has prompted a protest by Britain to

ment of 1,000 of the cars bas ar-

the European Commission. Under the terms of an agreement with Japan. France limits Japanese imports to 3 percent of the domestic market. The Bluebirds were let in Monday because the limit has nnt been reached this year, an Industry Ministry spokesman said.

2 Tokyo Brokers Accused of Fraud broad acceptance of pulitical cern substantial gains if it invested

stocks among Japanese investors, in stocks the two brokers said were analysis said Wednesday, and the then lavored by Tokyo politicians. Nomura Securities dismissed extent in which leading securities houses are widely believed to be Mr. Kashiwagi a month later, when involved in trading them. It also an internal investigation by the coincides with increasing interna- firm revealed that he had used his tional criticism over the insider position at Nomura to defraud the

invesior. trading practices of many Japanese The twn brokers were also al-Until recently, Japan had no leged to have used internal Nomura documents to gain the trust of the prospective client. A Nomura executive said Wednesday that the company believed the incident was the only one involving the Nomura

"We regret this incident, al-In the arrests on Wednesday, Hidenobu Kashiwagi, 38, a former though it does not directly involve department bead of Numura Secu-rities Co., and Masahiko Dobashi, us." the Nomura official said. "We recognize the need to better edu-45, who formed his own investment firm after leaving Daiwa Securities

cate our employees." Tokyn investigators said, bowever, that the two men are also suspected of defrauding another real estate firm, Mogami Kosan Co., of 5 billion yen by using similar meth-

Record Losses In '88 Seen for

OSLO - Narway's troubled commercial and savings banks will lose a record 6 billion krager (\$871.1 million) on loans and guarantees this year. 40 percent more than 1987's record losses, the Bank and Securities Inspectorate said

Norway Banks

Wednesday. Narway's three biggest banks. Den norske Creditbank, Bergen Bank A/S and Christiania Bank og Kredit-kassen, are expected to account for 70 percent of the 19gg loan losses for commer-

cial banks, the agency said.
It said losses of commercial banks, which are suffering from corporate bankruptcies, would amount to 4.2 billion kroner, 25 percent more than in 1987,

SAS: Carrier Pushing Ahead With Expansion Plans After Texas Air Deal

(Continued from first finance page) U.S. carrier, signed an agreement pressed U.S. sirline company and a with British Airways late last year service-oriented European carrier to set up a world-wide marketing makes sense for both, analysts said.

SAS will get the access to U.S. routes that it is seeking while Texas Air will get cash that it needs, noted Authory Hatch, an analysi for Argus Research Corp.

The agreement is not unprocedented, but it combines elements of existing arrangements in a new way. United Airlines, the biggest

partnership.

The deal was not welcomed by trade unions in Denmark, which represent about 8,000 of the 34,000 SAS employees. A union statement criticized Texas Air's labor rela-

Swedish and Norwegian unions were silent about the deal.

As European deregnlation approaches, similar accords between Europe. major airlines in the United States and Europe are likely to crop np. said Andrew Geller, an airline analyst for Provident National Bank in

Enskilda Securities, said the agreement would strengthen the hand of SAS m seeking a new European partner, such as Sabena or the Dutch airline KLM, which it needs

Separately, a report published Wednesday said Texas Air is holding discussions to sell its East Coast air shuttle to the developer Donald Trump. According to unidentified Rob Rogers, an analyst with sources quoted by The Wall Street Journal, the price tag on the threecity shuttle is in the \$200 million range. A Texas Air spokesman declined comment on the report.

(AP, Reuters)

Banco de Bilbao and Banco de Vizcaya

ANNOUNCEMENT OF MERGER BETWEEN BANCO DE BILBAO, S.A. AND BANCO DE VIZCAYA, S.A.

The Directors of Banca de Bilbaa and Banca de Vizcaya are pleased ta annaunce that with effect an 1st Octaber 1988 their two Banks have merged to farm a new Bank to be named BANCO BILBAO VIZCAYA, S.A. (BBV). The merger, which has already received the necessary sharehalders' and regulatary appravals in Spain, has been accamplished under the Laws af Spain. BANCO BILBAO VIZCAYA assumes by universal succession all the assets, liabilities and undertakings af bath Banca de Bilbaa and Banca de Vizcaya and these two present banks have been autamatically dissalved.

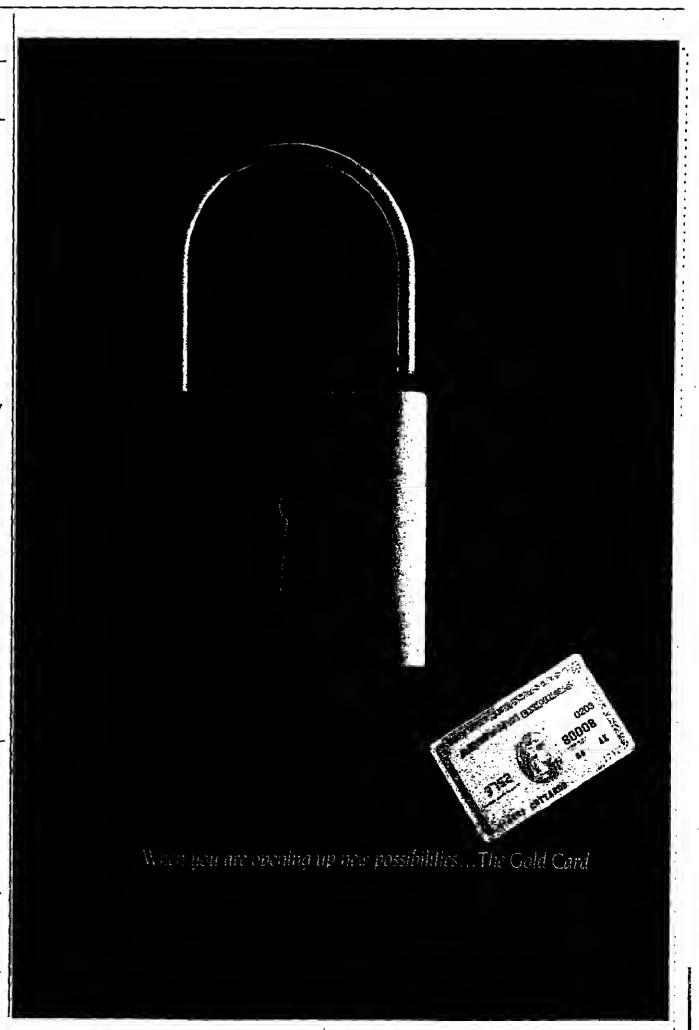
The rights of custamers and employees will not be adversely affected in any way, and the merger will enable BBV to enhance its range and quality af

custamer services and ta pravide wider career appartunities to staff. BBV is pawerfully represented in all sectors of the market and is Spain's leading bank in retail, carparate, investment and international banking aperations. As befits its international rale, BBV has an extensive averseas network af branches, subsidiary banks and representative affices warldwide and with particular facus an cauntries of the Eurapean Cammunity.

The merger between Banca de Bilbaa and Banco de Vizcaya on equal terms is in the apinian of the Directors an unique appartunity ta create in the farm af BANCO BILBAO VIZCAYA a truly universal and competitive bank for the benefit of sharehalders, custamers and staff alike.



BANCO BILBAO VIZCAYA



P

12 a

SANGERIA ST

614 - 12 615 + 12 11 319

52 Howsen 5 Howern 1574 Howsen 1774 Howsen 27 4 Hubers 472 Hubers 472 Hubers

57: 1CH of 1CH o

60 s intil s
60 a intil s
7 inima of
2 z iniBuni
11 iniP
12 iniPe
13 iniPe
13 iniPe
4 iniPe
4 iniPe
4 iniPe
4 iniPe
4 iniPe
14 iniPe
16 in

E e Josias 11 Joseph 5'a Jillodan 5'a Jillodan 1'a Jahmas 1'; Johnan 1'a Johnan 10's Johnan 10's Johnan

as Littera 2's Limbro 8's Limbro 8's Limbro 4's Litter 6's Lutter 8's Lutter 6's Lutter

2'4 KANA 4

A KANA 4

A KANA 4

A KANA 4

A KANA 6

Y KANA 6

Y KANA 6

A KA

.10e 1.5 14 .20 43 5

20 45 40 16

뿧퍪

53656* 12 4

154 73

Wednesdays

Tables include the nationwide prices us to the closing on Wall Street and do not reflect late trades elsewhere Vin The Associated Press

10% 4 5% 12% 4!a 2'8 3'4 10%

16 15 4 1574 32 722 72 + 3

278 3934 54e 11.

Div. Ytd. PE 100s High Low Quot. Cl/96

.52 23 9

3.20 4.7 9 .17 1.8 37 .53e 5.5

3.55 5.1

1.15 3.2

275 3.7

1.95 2.3

.29 .7

1.95 5.5

215 41 295 56

A-hwp 29 .7
A-hwp sc
A-ibm 4.25 4.2
A-ibm sc
A-mrs sc
A-mrs 5c
A-mo 5c
A-mob 5c
A-mob 5c
A-mob 5c

A-S se A-unp A-unp

25⁷4

·Io

C

215 2.95 5...

AFR SC ...

AFR ARCHIT ...

AFR ARC

1375 B&H n 644 BA F 336 4.4 34 BB PEI 396 7.2 14 BB PI wi

213 10

4% 1% Diodes 12% 5% Divinit 13% 5% Divinit 13% 5% Dianti a 13% 16% Donely 6% 3% Dycom 23% 13% Duoly 3% BSON 514 BSON 514 BSON 514 BSON 514 BSON 515 BSON 517 BSOIGHT A BUT BSON 517 BSOIGHT A BUT BSON 517 BSON 518 201-1-12 101-1-12 101-1-12 101-1-12 101-1-12 101-1-12 101-1-12 101-1-12 101-1-12 101-1-12 101-1-12 101-1-12 101-1-12 101-1-12 101-1-12 101-12 14 16 10 6.16e20.3 75-105-10 - 35 11 24 10 19 19 AB 3.3 11 12 A5 2.7 149 360 A0 2.5 149 43 1.32 10.5 2 0.3 2 16 1236 200 95 .72 3.7 11 2 25 21 15 56 29 13 136 28 14 40 84 0 26/4-94h 24h 13/4-13/4-13/4-13/4-13/4-13/4-13/4-10/4 ASI 8.4 7 28 400 29 10 13 .05e .4 19 80 15 11 1.92 9.4 .48 1.3 14 14 1.20 5.5 20 2.50e 48 .30e 1.4 12

.24 2.4 8

25 41 218 41

44 10 12 40 17 10

72,

454 + 39 -

1-0 2-0 3-0 17

.11e 1.5

93

.20 21 38 1 10c131 1.13 124 207el 1,7 .701 52 172 44 .10 42 50 13 .767 42 454 3 6 40 67 5 246 5 38 2% GT1
3'3 Gainsca
14 Gais Cain
14 Gais Cain
14 Garan
143 Garan
143 Garan
143 Garan
1'4 Gains
1'4 Gain
1'5 Gain
1'5 Gain
1'5 Gain
1'6 GEC with
5 Gain
6 Gain
1'6 GEC with
6 Gain
1 Gain 521-4 201-5 18 30-6 18 7-7 18

1054 1054 - 16
55-2 554 - 16
55-2 554 - 16
20 2054 - 16
120 1174 - 16
57-6 6
47-7 1174 - 17
57-6 6
47-7 1174 - 17
57-6 6
47-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 1174 - 17
57-7 7'-0 4'-1 19'-1 19'-1 19'-1 10 GEC WIM
GRIANT
GRIANT
GRANGT
GENEROT
G

.10e 1.1 31 14 28 24 11 85f 48 35 13

.134

291 1.3

1.50 8.2

10 م2 0م

34s EAC 54: EZCD 64 ENSR 3 ESI 1: EaglCI 74: EaglFn 134 EAL of 91: EAL of 91: EAL of

HAL HMG HUBCO Harrell Harre-Hotoro Hotoro Hillor Hillor Hillor Hillor 176 115 3 1.53e13; 7 25e 15 16 47 11 15 Hillys Hillys 12 Helds 12 Helds 12 Helds 12 Herd 13 Hers 13 Herd 13 Hers 13 Herd 17 2 Holes 2 Hers 13 Helds 15 14 Holes 2 H 16 47 10 48 51 7 4 6 11 1 255 1 5 1 1

714 MCO ME
74 VSA
1 MS6 et
8 MS1 D15
1 MS6 et
1 MS6 Et
2 M6050
91 MacMac
21 M6050
51 Materia
31 Marec
314 Marec
315 Materia
315 Marec
315 Materia
316 Marec
317 Materia
317 Materia
318 Marec
318 Ma Service Control of the control of th 뀰 23 :4 iş 29e : :

·#: #1 ·\$

27's PLMn ... 2. 9.2
21's PSE ... 22's PSE ... 241 Posc en oft 34 18.0
22's Posc en oft 34 18.0
22's Posc en oft 34 18.0
24's Posc en oft 35 18.0
25's POSC en oft 35 18.0 | 00:11 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:12 | 10:1 .56 9.1 11 1.60 1.9 11 .12 1.8 14 716 374 274 - 4 1274 .20 15 12 13 .034 .10 13 .42 9,6 15 152 152 152 + RAC n
RBW
RAC n
RBS inf
RBS in 914 130 2034 11'-8'-9'-4'-14'-14'-17'-17 .5 18 49 29 10 205 125 23

320 1,4 12

34 + 2014 5/W 120 50 11 21 + 12 + 5PI H2 D12 (2) 15 0

\$ 30'- 30'- 30'- 13 \$ 13': 13': 13': -

1.51e 43 12

Sec 45 41 17 14 370 54 12

.481 4.2 20

240 5 75 20 4 19 1.40 6,6 14 A6e 7.3 -20e 1.1

200 1.8 S 24 1.5 16

1 60 7.4 16 20 33 6

30 23 8 212 80 40 30 134 7.9 48

50'-10'-16'-13'-13'-26'-12'-21'-8'-

· .i.;i.; -

S':: TonoyB

13'4 Tossy a

2'4 Toos a

18'4 TcOs n

18'5 Teleson

18'5 Teleson

18'5 Tereo

18'5 Teleson

18 .05e .1 3e .05 .1 3e .06 12 44 .36 12 44 .15 15 .16 1.8 90 .80 11 6 7 1 20 13 2.53 4.6 .30 40 2 .28 14 10 1.30 7.1 33e 5.3 7"= USPRI 6"= UniCre 4% Unicore 5% Unicore 11s UFoodA 2:2 Ufwed 14"> US Cel n 7's Unitery 2:2 UnivBi 4 1's UnivBi 4 1's UnivRit 6's UnivRit 816 518 17 11 638 617 6 519 112 138 428 638 17 1618 67 325 316 333 418 648 618 51g -- 1g 11 + 5g 67g - 1g 13g -- 1g 13g -- 1g 17g -- 1g 17g -- 1g 17g -- 1g 23

1,50 11 5 82 gre 13 12 176 96 247 94

10

.000 1.02 1.00 1.00 1.19 2.50 5.70 8.94

125e 14

101 5/4 4 165n 1 25/16 703 21 16 27/4 13 5/1

210 12's 12's 12's + 48' 24 38 39 39 24 11's 12's 12's + 5 16 3's 3's 3's + 5 2 3's 3's 3's + 5 2 3's 3's 3's + 5 2 4 13's 11's 3's + 5 47 31's 31's 31's + 5

9;

.72 27

Shoime in the state of the stat

14 5 VHT w7
10% "14 VST
6% 314 VTX 96e129 7 20 1.30e16.3 e 150 big

(Continued on next page)



APRIL, AND IT'S SNOWING! WHY DOES THE FREAK WEATHER ALWAYS ARRIVE WHEN I DO? AT LEAST THERE'S A WARM FRONT APPROACHING - SINGAPORE AIRLINES BUSINESS CLASS, ALL THE WAY HOME

CURR

A 10

18:15

Sec. 5

programme and the second

Dollar Ends Steady in Slow Trading

NEW YORK — The dollar ended little changed against most currencies after a quiet session. A sharp drop in world oil prices led many to concur that an improved inflation outlook would alleviate pressure on the Federal Reserve System to tighten monetary policy,

dealers said.
They said most of the activity was focused on adjusting positions ahead of the release Friday of U.S. employment figures for September.
"But you couldn't help but watch the oil price and not wonder about the broader implications, one dealer added.

"Everyone is still waiting for the nonfarm payroll and nothing's go-ing to jolt the dollar out of this range," said Thomas Benfer, of the foreign exchange division at the Bank of Montreal.

The dollar ended at 1.8645 Deutsche marks, up from 1.8648 on Tuesday, and it was unchanged at 133.35 yen.

The dollar rose to 1.5835 Swiss

francs from 1.5830 but it eased to 6.3470 French francs from 6.3495. The British pound edged up to \$1.6950 from \$1.6948.

London Dollar Rates Tue. 133,18 1,5790 4,3275

In London, the dollar closed slightly firmer, after a lethargic ses-sion in which the approach of the U.S. employment report robbed operators of any real incentive to

trade, dealers said. The market perception is that the employment figures make ev-erything else look unimportant, said Steve Kelleher, corporate treasury adviser at Chemical Bank in London. He noted that a breakdown of the data would provide clues to the level of economic activ-

ity in the United States.

The dollar firmed to 1.8625 Deutsche marks at the close in London, from 1.8605 DM at Tuesday's close, while it advanced to 133_50 yea from 133.18. The dollar also rose to 1.5837 Swiss francs from Tuesday's 1.5790 and to 6.3450 French francs from 6.3375.

The British pound again slipped very slightly against a rising dollar, closing at \$1.6960, down from \$1.6963 on Tuesday. But the pound was steady at 75.8 on its tradeweighted index.

Dealers said that activity was subdued all day, with the dollar confined to very slim trading ranges between 1.8610 DM and 1.8667 DM, and 133.36 yen to 133.80 yen.
A small flurry occurred in the

middle of the European afternoon, they said, when the dollar suddenly dropped to near its day's low. However, this was linked to cross-trading involving the mark and the Swiss franc, Relatively firm West German in-

terest rates and a lack of dollar focus propelled the mark above 0.85 Swiss francs for the first time since March 1986, dealers said. Many dealers expect dollar trading to be equally sluggish Thursday, in the absence of unexpected news that might dislodge it from its

indecisive stance. Dealers noted that central banks had demonstrated their intention of capping any dollar move beyond I.89 DM. (Reuters, UPI, AFP)

U.S. House Backs Rule

On Foreign-Held Assets

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches

WASHINGTON — The House of Representatives, warning that U.S. policy makers should not be ignorant about who controls the American economy, voted on Wednesday to require greater disclosure of foreign ownership of U.S. businesses and property.

The bill, which is opposed by the Reagan administration, was approved on a 250-170 vote and sent to the U.S. Senate, where its adoption is considered unlikely. The House last year attached a similar proposal to an omnibus trade bill, but the Senate rejected the amendment and the House dropped it after President Ronald amendment and the House dropped it after President Ronald Reagan threatened to veto the measure.

It requires foreign firms or individuals acquiring more than a 5

percent interest in a U.S. business or property to file reports on the investment to the Commerce Department.

Foreign firms acquiring controlling interests in U.S. companies with assets over \$20 million would have to file additional information in the controlling interests in U.S. companies with assets over \$20 million would have to file additional information. tion, including balance sheets and identity and nationality of the firm's officers and directors.

Foreign investors who have registered with the Commerce Department would also have to file annual reports, and the department would have to report annually to Congress on the extent of foreign

Foreign ownership of U.S. assets has tripled in the last seven years to an estimated \$1.5 trillion, said Representative John W. Bryant, Democrat of Texas, who sponsored the legislation.

He said that 17 U.S. agencies now collected "very fragmentary data," much of which was not available, even to Congress. Opponents of the bill said that it would discourage foreign investment in the United States, limiting the creation of new jobs for American workers. (UPI, Reuters)

EC Anti-Dumping Duties Upheld

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatcher
LUXEMBOURG — The European Court of Justice, in a case involving the European Communi-

ty's anti-dumping policy, upheld on Wednesday a 1985 decision by the EC to key duties against five Japanese typewriter companies accused selling their goods in Europe-an markets at unfairly low prices.

The roling was expected to strengthen the hand of the European Commission, the EC's executive body, in its increasing use of such duties to protect European Community industry from Japanese

In another aspect of the dispute, the Japanese government said it had asked the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade to mediate in a dispute over EC taxes on goods assembled in Europe by Japanese

The companies involved in the court raling on Wednesday were Brother Industries Ltd., Silver Sciko, Canon Inc., Sharp Corp. and

Tokyo Electric Co.

The EC Commission began an inquiry in 1985 into their trade practices of the companies, after allegations from European manufactures that the commanies were facturers that the companies were selling electronic typewriters in Eu-

rope at unfair prices.
The EC said that in 1984 alone the companies had increased their market share in Europe to almost 40 percent from 28 percent at the beginning of that year.

It imposed duties ranging from 21-35 percent on their typewriters. The rate is based on a calculation of the difference between the export price and the "normal value," which is based on domestic price.

The main argument of the Japanese companies centered on the setting of the "normal value." They also said that EC typewriter makers had been too slow to adjust in electronics, and could not keep up with the sharp rise in demand after electronic typewriters came onto the market in 1978.

The court also rejected a com- so far in calendar 1988.

filiated company.

single economic entity.

The duties against the companies helped in trigger a broader dispute.

They transferred part of their production to European plants, causing European manufacturers to complain that the factories largely assembled Japanese-made compounfair prices and market share.

"screwdriver law," requiring that at parties. least 40 percent of the components

plaint, submitted by Brother, that used in such plants be manufacthe normal value should not be used in EC countries. In the first established on the basis of the price application of the law, subsidiaries that it charged to its distributor, of four of the five companies were Brother Sales Ltd., which is an af- hit with anti-dumping levies in

ApriL It ruled that a parent company and its affiliated distributor were a breaches GATT rules because it

to mediate in the dispute, according to a Ministry of International Trade and Industry spokesman in nents, enabling them to maintain Tokyo. If there is no success, the next Japanese move would be in These complaints prompted the ask for an arbitration panel, whose EC in enact in 1987 the so-called conclusions must be upbeld by all

(AFP, Reuters)

Effect of Exchange Rates on Trade Imbalances May Lessen

have had in recent years on correcting external imbalances may disappear soon, and the dollar's recent rise may actually slow the correction of the U.S. external deficit, the

Part Part

30

of Continued :

24

chief of the OECD said Wednesday.

In an address to the Council of Europe's Parliamentary Assembly in Strasbourg. Jean-Claude Paye, secretary general of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and

been running at around 4 percent, and it appears "likely to remain at much the same level in the second half of 1988 and could start to fail thereafter." This would be in line with latest estimates by the International Monetary Fund, which predicts an inflation-adjusted growth rate for the industrialized

economies in 1988 of 3.9 percent.

OECD projections that were made public in June indicated a growth rate of 3 percent in 1988, slowing to 2.5 percent in 1989.

Mr. Paya else

Germany, Mr. Paye said the imbalances began to diminish more than a year ago thanks to policies adopted in those countries and to U.S., and slower than in the average of the U.S., and slower the u.S., and u.S., a exchange-rate adjustments. But, he said, "it is possible that the effects

of the changes in exchange rates over the past three years will disappear quite rapidly." He noted that Japanese and German exporters have been able to adapt to the revalu-

ation of their currencies.

■ Steel Output in Europe to Rise Production of raw steel in the European Community will rise this year to about 133.5 million tons - a six percent increase over 1987, the European Commission said Wednesday, Agence France-Presse reported

Another risk is that the dollar's rise "is prompting fears in some quarters that the U.S. external adjustment processes may be slowing down. This makes it even more in the fourth quarter would be around 33 million tons, compared with 32.43 million for the same period last year.

THRIFTS: Cost Estimate Boosted

(Continued from first finance page) pared for the Senate Budget Com-

Senator Lawton Chiles, Demo-Senator Lawton Chiles, Demo-crat of Florida and chairman of the special control of the spe Senate Budget Committee, called Mr. Wall in testify on whether the Federal Savings & Loan Insurance Corp., which insures deposits in savings and loans, would need a

taxpayer bailout Mr. Wall insisted that the insurance corporation could still handle the costs if the special assessment were extended. He acknowledged that this would place "an exceed-

ingly heavy burden on the thrift industry." When Mr. Wall suggested this summer that the assessment would have to continue over 10 years, be unleashed a flood of protests from

industry lobby groups. He said that the insurance corporation would need another \$24.9 billion to \$29.9 billion, in current dollars, to complete the cleanup of the nation's insolvent thrifts following the resolution of 122 cases

In fiscal 1988, which ended Sept. 30, the insurance curporation promised \$20.4 billion in assistance

Money-losing thrift institutions posted a combined loss of \$5.1 bil-lion in the second quarter. That was only partly offset by \$1.5 billion in profits made by 71 percent of the industry, leaving an overall \$3.6 billion shortfall.

That was an improvement from the \$3.9 billion loss in the first quarter and a record \$4.0 billion deficit in the final quarter of 1987. Mr. Wall said that it was difficult

to calculate the effect of the higher costs on the U.S. budget deficit because only certain kinds of government assistance count toward

However, Bruce Steinberg, an analyst with Merrill Lynch & Co., estimated that the budget deficit will be inflated by nearly \$15 billion a year over the next three years, based on a cost estimate of \$50 billion for bailing out the thrift industry. (Reuters, AP, UPI)



This list, compiled by the AP, consists of the 1,000 most troded securities in terms of dollar value.

It is updated fwice a year, Via The Associated Press

NASDAQ prices as of 4 p.m. New York time. Div. Yid. PE 100s High Low 4 P.M. Chipe

Admisy
Admisy
Admisy
Advisy
Advisy
Advisy
Adviso
Ad | \(\text{if} \) | \(\text{i 10140

BBST s

BELA

912 COM 746 CPC 1270 EPI 22 CTEC 1072 CUC Intl 746 CVIN SC 346 Contents 448 Con 15% 15% 1739 174 15% 175% 175% 175% 175% 175% 175%

Development, said the growth of economic activity in the Western industrialized democracies in 1988 will be much faster than the OECD had originally predicted.

The average growth rate of the 24 OECD members' economies in the first half has Div. Yid. PE 100s Hism Low 4 P.M. Crise

Turning to the messive external imbal alowing down. This makes it even more for the same of the control of the

- 10 137 3174

E
- 12 20 9
1.32 95 866 18
1.32 95 12 866 18
1.32 95 12 866 18
1.32 11 126 18
1.32 11 126 18
1.33 18 11 126 18
1.34 18 18
1.35 18
1.36 18
1.37 18
1.37 18
1.37 18
1.37 18
1.37 18
1.38 18
1.38 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39 18
1.39

11441744174417441744174417441744174417541744174417441744174417541754175417541754175417541754175417541754-1.00 1.44 .50 1.20 .80 .92 188 R 75 R 135 R 1

D Abouth
High Low Stack Div. Yld. PE 100s High Low 4 P.M. Orbe

Jaj Sn
JILG
Jocasn
Jorgenr
Jeffrap
June .15 1.7 44 2.1 210 45 .100 9 .16 5 .16 Ur 22% 21% 4% 11% 29% 6% 21% 21% 20% 22% 13% 31% 47% 15% 67% 19% 22% 12% 21% 4% 11% 27% 15% 6% 21% 11% 11% 131/2 239/4 239/4 161/4 181/4 181/4 181/4 181/4 181/4 181/4

111/4 5Vs Kruger .22 3.1 15 1093 7 674 7 171/6 5Vs Kulcke __ 23 276 9 874 884

- 16 125 16 16 16 16 - 3423666 2014; 1944 2014; 15 315 1414 14 1414; 141 .16 .05e 1.20 .80 .40 .40 .1,18

50 75 22 24 4 5 5 6 7 5 5% 10 14 18 244 2434 2012 1973 10 614 1914 1914 24 1314 24 1314

12 Month
High Low Stock Div. Ytd. PE 198s High Low 4 P.A.L. Chipe
High Low Stock Div. Ytd. PE 198s High Low 4 P.A.L. Chipe
High Low Stock Div. Ytd. PE 108s High Low 4 P.A.L. Chipe

RPM 5 RODUS RODUS RODUS RODUS ROSUS

SCI SYS

SEI SIF SYS

SFIELD

SFIELD

SFIELD

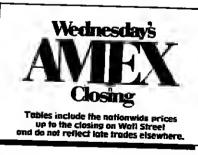
SOFT

SO

15% 7% 15% 7% 15% 15% 11% 6% 27% 13% 6% 3% 15% 5% 3% 14 15% 7 15% 12% 19% 2 20 16% 3214 1016 2510 534 736 1376 1474 1644 2514

| High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low 4 P.Al. Chine | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div. Yid. PE 100s | High Low Stock | Div.

1.60 .10e .28 1.28 1.85 .40 .12 .52b .10 321-2 973-1 11-6-6 12-7-1 16-7-1 .56 1.18 1.20 40 1.00



1746 1746 2874 2874 1387 18 25

7916 204 20 314 13 224 934 4272 2095 3 3 1946 1576 1576 1676 1676 19% 49% 13% 4% 13% 10% 10%

1 XIXCUW

BOOKS

THE SHAH'S LAST RIDE: The Fate of an Ally

By William Shawcross. 463 pages. \$19.95. Simon & Schuster, 1230 Avenue of the Americas, New York, N. Y. 10020.

Reviewed by Thomas Powers

T HIS is not a pretty story. The last days of Mohammed Reza Pahlavi, who fled Tehran in January 1979 but never abdicated, were spent in itinerant exile, turned away by one international "friend" after another, gouged by his hosts of convenience, and slowly dying of cancer as his doctors wrangled over his treatment. Only Anwar Sadat of Egypt welcomed him in his first week of

exile, and then gave him a place to die at the end.

The skeleton of the story was daily fare in the newspapers of the time, but nothing you read then will prepare you for the sad, cold story William Shawcross tells in this fine book. The shah's rule in Iran is the background, not the subject, of "The Shah's Last Ride." Its moral, gently stressed, is that where the "loyalty and convenience" of states are concerned, the one rarely survives the other. So it proved with the shah.

The revolution that ended his 38 years of rule delivered his country into the hands of the Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeni, an aged but far from decrepit Islamic funda-mentalist. The shah's old international "friends" were thus confronted with a new situation, and a choice - all too easily reached, as Shawcross describes it - between loyalty to the shah, who needed refuge, and accommodation with the new rulers of Iran who hated him. President Jimmy Carter wasted no time in deciding to close the door. He said he didn't want the shah playing tennis in the United States while Americans were being killed in Iran.

Who can blame him? Iran was oil-rich, the biggest country of the Middle East, site of many sensitive istening posts for intelligence on the Soviet Union, potential guardian of the gates to the Gulf. You can make the list of good reasons for putting relations with Iran first as long as you like. Like Carter, the newly elected Margaret Thatcher of Britain had her reasons,

Bruno Kreisky of Austria had his, the French, the Swiss and the Germans had theirs. The shah did not get the picture until he had worn out his welcome in Morocco, which took about a month. South Africa looked like the next stop - the only other offer was Paraguay's - until David Rockefeller and Henry Kissinger squeezed an invitation from the Bahamas.

But that didn't last long either. Within two months the shah moved on to Mexico, where a long-simmering. erratically treated medical condition took over direction of what life remained to him. The history of the disease that killed the shah forms a fascinating coda in Shawcross' book. The shah did not want for money to pay for the best medical treatment, but neither life nor death is simple for kings. Fight separate groups of doctors cared for the shah at one time or another. All were eminent, and there's the rub: They resented each other, differed in diagnosis and treatment, and poisoned the circle of family and courtiers surrounding the shah with conflicting advice. The shah himself was given a vague and muffled version of his condition until the end.

When the danger of his condition, and the need for When the danger of his condition, and the need for vigorous medical attention, finally became clear, President Carter relented and granted the shah permission to enter the United States on Oct. 23, 1979, with notorious results. Twelve days after his arrival the U.S. Embassy in Tehran was occupied and its occupants taken prisoner, a heaven-sent crisis, as Khomeni must have thought, which gave him a year to consolidate his revolution. The occupation ended the shah's American sojourn; he was hustled from New York to Lackland Air Force Base in Texas and thence to Panama, Mexico having declined to repeat the honor. In March 1980, the shah returned to Egypt where his spleen was finally removed — too late. He died in July, conscious of his dignity until the end. He never understood how it all happened.

Shaperress has privited a commelling state has ded.

Shawcross has written a compelling, even-handed, artful book, more like a novel than a history.

Thomas Powers, author of "The Man Who Kept the Secrets: Richard Helms and the CLA." is at work on a history of nuclear weapons. He wrote this for The Washing-

BRIDGE

By Alan Truscott

RUNNING winners can create problems for the defense even squeeze or an end play. An illustration is the diagramed deal from a ing was; NORTH social game in Sydney, Australia. Sitting South was Tun Seres, who after three decades as the brightest star Down Under seems to have opted for retirement from tournament

In three no-trump, he won the opening spade lead with the ace, knowing that East could not have a second spade in light of the three-spade opening. He then cashed the diamond ace, uncovering the division in that suit.

to cash the club ace and finesse the his king-queen of hearts and conjack, scoring nine tricks if West held tinuing that suit, with or without the queen but suffering a four-trick cashing his spade queen. But he defeat in the actual position: East played low, and East had the last would win and lead a low heart, permitting West to establish his with the jack.

spades. Instead, Seres decided to take eight tricks and hope the de-fense would permit him to score a ace. West won with the queen and roblems for the defense even minth. He led the club ten to the continued with the king. East overwhen there is no prospect of a king, finessed in diamonds and took with the ace, intending to play a

WEST ♦ K 109 ∇ K Q 4 ♦ —	₹18 ₩18	EAST
	SOUTH 4 J 8 7 ∇ 7 2 4 A	

South led a heart, and West would The obvious play at this point was have beaten the contract by taking chance for the defense when he won

The club seven would have been club, but Seres had the last word. He discarded his club ace, and the dummy came back to life, scoring two of

NORTH \$42 \$\times 10953 \$\times 1096 \$\times KJ8	
WEST (D) ★KQ10963 ♥KQ4 0— ♣9643 EAST	\$0UTH ♣AJ87 ∇72 ◆AK832 ♣A10
♦ 5 ∇AJ86 9Q754 ♣ Q752	
North and South were	vulnerable.

West 3 4 Pass

North Pass Pass

World Stock Markets Via Agence France Presse Gasing prices in local currencies, Oct. 5



ndex : 1854 Landor Iraicem Italices Italinobil Mediobo Montreli NBA Oliverii Pireli Pireli RAS Rinascei Solipem SIP SME Srira Blanda Seri Toro ESCHOLENCE SELECTION TO THE THE RESERVE TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF

172

Oct. 4

\$21544 \$2154 \$2154 \$21544 \$215 +10

Oct 5

placked 125 : 2740£49 Provides : 2750£62 New Index : 2756.76 Previous : 8139.78

Consider Gyri Modermark Mediter Bergress No Sentition Bergress No Schindler Suitzer Swiss Neins Swiss Neins

aBC indee: \$42.49 Previous : 541.29

Tokyo

Nitochi Nitochi Cable Handa Ito Yakada Jason Air Lines Kalima Kansai Power

Sales Stack

BRISINESS PROPLE
IN THE AREARY

WRENESDAY, THERSON, FRIDAY

FOR THE LATEST NEWS ON CONFORME

ANALOGINATION OF MANAGEMENT CHARLES

THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME & DY HINT Arroad and Boll Lan

Oct 4

feeding

d Him.

make: I'e

ייי רווא מ

ar Rapidi, Mil.

game by the contra

COREB

monal Footbati

ACROSS 1 Frosted

5 Actress from Greece 10 Thicke from Canada

.C

14 Ball role 15 in accord 16 Tarzan transporter

17 Temperamental One 19 Room addition

20 Take both sides 21 Arranged by type 23 Invalid 24 Computer

25 Walk like ducks 28 Opposite of

tivated 31 Red 85 -32 S.R.O.

indications 33 Lingerie item 34 Loving 35 Enclosed

36 Pegwee 37 Tsk 38 Solemn 39 Goblin

9 Spicy

10 Reluctant

11 Highway

12 Pot starter

13 Lack

18 Grown

22 Excuses

dad, e.g.

29 "Sesame Street"

character

30 Goes with

32 Recordсотралу пате

35 Cave in

38 Gathers

38 Cheat

46 Dull

49 Scads

53 Staff

39 Merit pay 41 Crucial times

42 Aliudes (to)

47 Radius, e.g.

48 Actress Merrill

50 Father of Cainan

44 Southern nut

45 Starling relative

40 Purist 42 Wakes 43 Unnecessar feature 44 Quaker leader

24 Clementina's 45 Yacht's home 25 Floats 47 Confuse 26 Here and there 51 Author Murdoch 27 Toothpaste 52 Parade

54 Resort for one's 28 Sounder 55 Fish locator 56 "Do -

others..." 57 Summer refreshments 58 Rarbara and Anthony 59 Leave behind

DOWN

1 Little rascals 2 Uncovered wagon 3 Eastern bigwig 4 Insisted on

5 Boat mover

6 Bikini, e.g.

7 Cornçake



D New York Times, edited by Eugene Maleska a Shirley or

PEANUTS

BLONDIE

BEETLE BAILEY

WHO'S

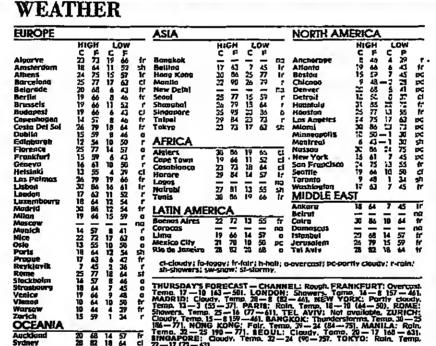
WORKING

IN THE

WARE-

HOUSE

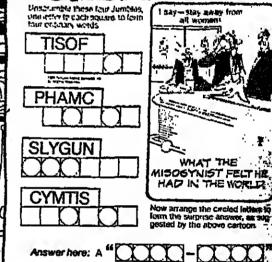
TODAY



Fra

DENNIS THE MENACE

"This is too hard, Dad, Let's find a *Rife* one i"



Jumbles. HUSKY CAMEO JOYFUL HEALTH

Answer: When a coward gets into a "pan," you can expect him to do this—SHAKE LIKE JELLY.

. WOULD YOU

SETTLE FOR

THREE GUIS WHO

ARE WILLING

TO ROW OVER

AND PLAY-

DEAD?

IF I WERE IN CHARGE





BEETLE



MAKER

THOUGHT

50





SIR, BEETLE IS

TRYING TO DRIVE

ME CRAZY AGAIN



ANDY CAPP

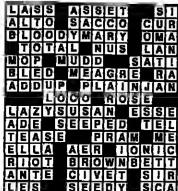










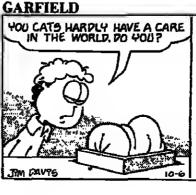






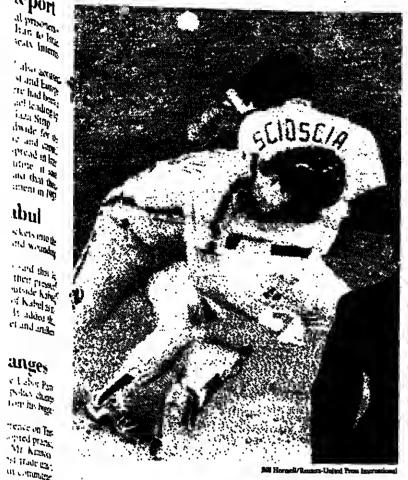








SPORTS



roq9i

and bearings

मानका में कि मान क्षेत्री क्षेत्र महत्त्वा में कि

thul

Mark and Property Com

THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE

KAYLAM'

s per min

Mount bin

ું હતા છે.

d Kahelas

ा गणना में हा जनका है

સાયુક્ક

v Labor Pan

Today change

tom in her

Tende on Tax

Tried pract

VII Ammo

bi ifadr ga-

III CATERNATE

W to W.

atrol

tigh tipager

ores that are

6-7-1 (1000_{3/2})

date hite

Court Courtes

 $\ker \operatorname{pur}(k_{\mathfrak{P}_{\mathbf{q}}})$

um House

on the franchis

أوموتو تأباك

والمراز الماري

CONTRACTOR

i Bogot

والمصارية المتأثثة

100

Rerlin

*

.

16.13

Juden a



CRASH COURSE: Center fielder John Shelby's ninth-inning throw was a split-second late getting to catcher Mike Scioscia, allowing Kevin McReynolds to barrel home with the deciding run.

A's Edge Red Sox, 2-1, in Opener

BOSTON - Dave Henderson, a former Boston postseason hero, singled home the tie-breaking run in the eighth inning as the Oakland Athletics beat the Boston Red Sox 2-1 Wednesday in the first game of

the American League playoffs. Jose Canseco's home run had held up since the fourth inning as Oakland's Dave Stewart and Boston's Bruce Hurst hooked up in a pitching duel. But Wade Boggs hit a run-scoring sacrifice fly in the seventh, setting up Henderson's heroics on a chilly afternoon at Fenway Park

Carney Lansford his Hurst's first pitch in the eighth for a double and Henderson grounded the next pitch into right field for the go-ahead

Henderson, eheered in the pregame introductions, was Boston's saving in the 1986 playoffs against California. His home run rescued the Red Sox when they were nne strike from elimination in Game 5. and Boston rallied to win the series.

Oakland's hullpen, which held loston in three runs in 35 innings this year, did the job again and preserved the lead. Rick Honeycutt relieved Stewart with the bases loaded and one out in the seventh you're going to have disappoint-

and kept Boggs to a sacrifice fly. Io ments, there's no two ways about caught the ball; more likely, it the second. Boggs — a 373 career it," he said. hitter with the hases loaded struck nut in the same situation, the first time he had fanned to 22 lifetime at-bats against Stewart.

Boggs ended the game by striking out with runners on first and second.

AL PLAYOFFS: GAME 1

"I take this loss personally." Boggs said, "I'll take the blame, I left five men on."

Boggs, who struck out 34 times in over 700 plate appearances, said he could not remember the last time he had struck out swinging twice in one game. "I go up there and try to hit the

ball hard," Boggs said. "It doesn't matter who's on base or how many

Boggs was asked to analyze the third-strike swings.

"A had swing," he said of the first. "A very bad swing," he said of Boggs said that Wednesday's

humbling experience was not unusual for a major-league player.

"As long as you play this game.

shutout innings for the Athletics. Eckersley, who woo 20 games as a starter for the Red Sox in 1978, led the major leagues with 45 saves this season, and Oakland's bullpen had a record 64 saves.

Eckersley, who needed nuly seven pitches, all strikes, 10 retire the side in order in the eighth, said he set Boggs up with a sinker that Boggs fouled off on 0-2. The next pitch was "a fastball that jumped." Boggs swung and missed.

"I had a good fastball today and threw strikes," said Eckersley. You either get lit up or you strike them out when you throw strikes --it's as simple as that."

Stewart, a 21-game winner, was masterful through the middle innings. He retired 10 successive batters, starting with the strikeout of Boggs in the second, and had little trouble until the seventh.

and Jody Reed was hit by a pitch.

Rich Gedman followed with a line crowd, giving a shrug that implied, "Whn? Me?" Jim Rice walked with one out, slipped and fell, but kept it to single

Dennis Eckersley, another former Boston star, finished with two center," Henderson said. "I went over and tried to come in on it, and that's why I slipped. But I froze the runner (Kevin Romine) at second

and that was my main abjective." Honeycutt, a left-hander, took over to face the left-handed Boggs. who led the major leagues with a .366 average. Boggs hit a line drive to left fielder Tony Phillips, playing his first game in front of Fenway Park's "Green Monster" wall as a replacement for ailing Dave

Parker, for a tying sacrifice fly. over Boston's other 18-game winner, Clemens, because of a 13-2 record at home, gave up six hits in a complete game. One of the hits was Canseco's long home run through a stiff crosswind and nver the leftfield wall.

The home run brought cries of "steroids, steroids," from the fans, referring to allegations that the hig slugger had bulked up on the drug. Cansero, who has strongly denied

"Sometimes I just try in hit fly that loaded the bases. It was doubt-bails here because the wall is so ful whether Henderson would have close," Canseco said later,

Mets Score 3 in 9th to Nip Dodgers

By Richard Justice

Washington Post Service LOS ANGELES — For eight innings here Tuesday night, there had been the brilliance of Orel Hershiser and the improbability of the Los Angeles Dodgers. There had been Dwight Gooden about to lose a four-hit, 10-strikeout performance. There had been two strikes toward what would have been the final out.

Then there were the New York Mets. In a few stunning minutes, there were only the Mets who, one strike from defeat, rallied to beat the Dodgers, 3-2, in the opener of the National League playoffs.

The Dodgers had taken a 2-0 lead into the ninth, but Gary Carter's two-run, two-out double slipped away from center fielder John Shel-

by and finished a stinging rally. The hit came shortly after Hershiser's fiveweek shutout ended at 67 innings (eight of them on Tuesday). It came off Jay Howell, who hadn't allowed a run since Aug. 11. It was a haymaker. The Dodgers entered this best-ofseven series having lost 10 of II to the Mets and hoping Hershiser could give them three victories. He failed to give them the biggest one.

Said Dave Johnson, the Met manager: "I really felt the Dodgers needed to win the first game. If we could win with Orel on the mound, I thought we could keep our momentum going from the regular season. If we lost, I thought we'd be on equal footing."

If the Dodgers are not devastated by the loss, they'll at least remember it. They'd prayed to be in this position, to have a 2-0 ninth-inning lead in Game 1 with Hershiser on the mound. They'd had only four bits against Gooden and reliever Randy Myers, but they were an out away from winning.

Hershiser had done it to the Giants and Astros, to the Padres and Reds. For five weeks, the game had been his showcase, the mound his

ing only two Mets to reach scoring position through eight innings. He was awash in the tension and emotion of the playoffs, yet he was not only surviving but thriving.

The beginning of the end came when rookie Gregg Jefferies led off the ninth with his third

NL PLAYOFFS: GAME 1

single of the night. He went to second when Keath Hernandez pulled a hard grounder to first baseman Tracy Woodson.

Darryl Strawberry then ended the streak by doubling to right. Jefferies came home. "That changed everything," said Carter. "When you have a guy who has thrown 67 shutout imnings you think you're never going to score against him. When we did, we felt we were back in it."

Manager Tommy Lasorda said that pulling Hershiser was an easy decision. "I thought it was time," he said. "They hit some balls hard. He got a couple of curveballs up to Strawberry." As Hershiser walked off the mound to a stand-

ing ovation. Howell walked in from the bullpen. The Hershisher streak had gotten the headlines, but Howell had won some important games and had been nearly perfect in his last 18 innings. With a 2-1 lead to protect, he walked Kevin McReynolds. He struck ont Howard Johnson, then got in front of Carter with two curveballs. When the Dodgers dissect this series, they may fault Howell, a fireballer who was beaten with his second-best pitch. Carter looped a third curveball into center; Shelby sprinted, leanedcaught the ball, stumbled and lost it. Said Shelby: "It felt like it hit off my glove

and I missed it. I wasn't fooled by it. I thought I had a good chance. That's why I dove." Shelby recovered and threw home, but McReynolds banged into catcher Mike Scioscia a second before the ball arrived.

time in 1988. But until then the game had belonged to Los Angeles. Gooden had risen to the occasion, but the Dodgers scratched out a first-inning run when Steve Sax singled, stole second and scored on Mike Marshall's single. They added to it in the seventh when Scioscia doubled

and Alfredo Griffin (hitting .199) singled.

But they finally got nothing out of it, and in
Wednesday's Game 2 they were to face 20game winner David Cone. "It makes it very difficult for them because John Tudor [injured] is not going out there." Strawberry said. "We have David Cone, and we have to feel good about that,"

Hershiser's streak probably should have ended in the third, but New York's third-base coach, Sam Perlozzo, held Carter at third on a

single by Mookie Wilson. The Mets came close again in the sixth when Jefferies delivered a two-out single and went to third on a single by Hernandez. But they stayed put as Strawberry bit a roller to Franklin

Otherwise, Hershiser was masterful, retiring the side in order in the second, fourth, fifth and seventh innings.

"No matter what, I'll just go forward from here," he said. "I threw the ball better in the later innings. I was fortunate early in the game, and they were fortunate later in the game. Right now, the grys are down, but I don't think it'll

have an effect on tomorrow." Meanwhile, Gooden was at his best. In the third, with runners at first and second, he struck out Stubbs, Kirk Gibson and Marshall in order. That was the beginning of a stretch when 13 Dodgers came to the plate and nine of them walked back, bats in hand.

"He was great," Johnson said, "But 1988 has been that kind of year. We've been coming from behind so many times that you just keep waiting for that kind of thing to happen."

Doctors Say Tyson Not Manic-Depressive

By Phil Berger

New York Times Service NEW YORK — Mike Tyson received a second opinion on his psychiatric state Tuesday, and according to Dr. Abraham Halpern, the world heavyweight champion is not a manio-depressive.

"I saw Mr. Tyson and, from a clinical standpoint he showed no signs of a major mental disor-der," said Halpern, the chairman of United Hospital in Port Ches-ter, New York, and a clinical professor of psychiatry at New York Medical College, "Certainly there's no sign of a manic-depressive condition or psychosis.

Halpern said that after examining Tyson, he spoke for more than an hour to Dr. Henry McCurtis of Harlem Hospital, McCurtis had examined Tyson last month at the request of Tyson's wife, actress Robin Giveus, and her mother, Ruth Roper.

Givens and Roper have said that McCurtis was treating Tyson for a manic-depressive condition. But Halpern said that McCuris "does share the view that with Mike Tyson, we're not dealing with a manic-depressive or psy-

"Dr. McCurtis spoke of a mood regulatory disturbance when we talked," said Halpern. "And that's a far cry from a major mental illness such as manic-

Asked why Tyson would have been taking hithium as a treat-ment if he were not manio-depressive, Halpern said McCurtis told him that "it was offered as a trial to stabilize Tyson's moods." "Getting his information from Mrs. Tyson and her mother, it led him to feel Mike Tyson was kind

of volatile," Halpern said. McCurtis, who has not spoken publicly about the case, was unABC-TV's "20-20," Givens said: Michael is a manic-depressive.

He is. That's inst a fact." Halpern's session with Tyson, which the physician said lasted about an hour, took place in the office of Bill Cayton, Tyson's

Halpern's finding cleared the way for Tyson to defend his title against Frank Bruno in London on Dec. 17. Cayton said he had relayed Halpern's opinion to Jose Sulaiman, president of the World Boxing Council, which has sanctioning power over the Tyson-

"I told him," Cayton said.

Carolyn Britton, and Dr. Halpern both had given Mike a clean bill of health, and José agreed that the fight would be sanctioned. More important, Mike is eager

for the light." Cayton said Tyson plans to bein training Monday in Catskill,

New York Britton had attended Tyson at Columbia-Presbyterian Medical Center in New York after he suffered a concussion in an automobile accident in Catskill on Sept. 4.

Tuesday was the second day in a row Tyson had turned up at Cayton's office, an apparent sign of renewed trust in his manager,

mother-in-law have been bickering since March.

What the apparent peace with Caytoo says about his marriage to Givens, a bitter enemy of Cayton's, remains to be seen, as does the future role that Roper will have in Tyson's career.

From the time her daughter married Tyson, Roper has depicted herself as a surrogate mother to the champion but has insisted she has little or no interest in being the power behind the throne.

But in March, when a breach began to develop between Cayton and Givens, Roper said, "If I'm not involved, Michael doesn't

This summer, before Tyson signed to box Bruno, real estate developer Donald Trump, who is an adviser to the champion, attempted to get Seth Abraham of Home Box Office, which has a multifight contract with Tyson to deal with Roper instead of Cayton. Abraham, who had made his deal with Cayton, declined "Every discussion about Mike Tyson from a business standpoint has been with Bill Cayton.

Abraham said. As Tyson has severed his connetions with longtime friends and associates, it has often appeared to be because they have suffered the displeasure of Givens or Roper.

Neither Roper nor Givens, who left the Tysons' Bernardsville, New Jersey, home after an outburst by Tyson on Sunday, are

returning phone calls.
The complications that have at tended Tyson's career since Roper and Givens became involved with him have raised questions about the motives of Tyson's mother-inlaw, who, Givens said in the "20-

20" interview with Barbara Walters, came to her marriage as part of the "package."

SCOREBOARD

FOOTB	ALL		1.			M.		BAS	EB/	U	3		1
National Football League Leaders							Playoff	s: Go	Ime) 1 E	юх	8 5	
AMERICAN CONFERENCE				NATIONAL CONFERENCE TEAM DEPENSE			AMERICAN LEAGUE						
TEAN	Yerds		Poss	IEA	Yords		Poss	MAKCARD	akrb		/3101	•	abri
Cincinnati	2029	723	1304	Son Francisco	2044	824	1240	Lonsind 3b			996 J	ь	40
Jets	1834	692	1142	Phoenix	2058	BSD	1208	Hendran of			irrett		40
Denver'	1717	648	1069	Datles	1912	715	1797	Conseco rf	411	1 2v	POSTES F	f	40
Rolders	1411	475	1116	Washington	1865	506	1359	McGwir 1b	400	0 Gr	BRITH	1 11	3 0
Pilisburgh	1407	533	1075	Minnesota	1834	570	1266	Steinbach c	2 O I	0 Br	ZIGT	16	4 8
Cleveland	1536	515	1021	New Orleans	1780	86D	7120	Hossey C	100	O BU	ITKS C	5	40
Konsos Cilv	1531	450	1073	Chicago	1769	891	878	Baylor dh	300	O RI	ce dh		2 0
Micmi	1576	407	1109	Philodelphia	1763	481	1082	Polania pr	000	0 Ro	mine	pr	0 1
Houston	1512	497	321	Attente	1732	776	954	Phillips It	388	8 PD	deire	Ph	18
Buffoto	1498	439	1057	Roms	1640	867	973	Gollego 20	400	0 Re	ed 23		20
Segitte	1363	636	. 727	Tomea Bay	1590	482	1108	Webs as	301	0 Ge	dmen	C	3 0
Indianapolis	2307	663	444	Green Boy	1446	221	1125				mero	gr.	0 0
New England	1363	458	145	Giants	1432	449	163	Totals	32 2 4				31 I
Son Diego	1237	500	649	Detroit	1192	393	799	Oakland			900 10		
								Boston		٥	40 800	104-	-1 6
TEAA	A DEFENSE Yords		Pass		PEFENSE Yords	Rush	Poss	Game-Win					
Jefs	1 370	475	275	Chicogo	1162	314	548	Boston 7, 28					
Cleveland	1409	444	765	Minnesota	7306	435	171	HR: Consec					
New England	1443	617	826	Washington	1446	465	957	nr. Curput	~ 11). 2	IP O		RBN	RR
Houston	1473	519	954	Son Francisco	1471	533	938	Ogldond			-		
Denver	1507	589	918	New Orleans	1621	604	1017	Stewart		61-3		1 1	3
Son Diego	1641	406	1035	Green Bay	1436	687	749	Honevett W	1-0	02-3		i	
Indianapolis	1650	404	1044	Dallas	1648	572	1076	Echersley S		2			
Konzas City	1725	105	923	Philadelphia	1664	431	1233	Seeine .		-	-		

nderson (1) 607 1722 715 1024 -644 1726 445 1790 760 1114 627 1305 NATIONAL LEAGUE INDIVIDUAL lerbecks
Aft Corn Yes TD Lef
136 86 1039 10 2
148 94 1136 10 5
138 87 1142 7 4
144 84 1139 8 3
155 98 1181 9 5
158 96 1213 7 7
114 72 848 4 5
179 99 1157 4 4
125 64 840 4 3
121 67 794 6 5 Johnson as Eister as Corter c Bokmn 2b Gooden p 69 713 3 37 416 3 YOSAVU LGTI Walker, Ball, Dickerson, Ind. Bell, Roms Crole, S.F. S.Mitchell, Phoe YAS AVE LGTD Croig. S.F.(RB) 30 383 12.8 24 0 28 259 12.8 36 0 Shuler, Jets Reed, Buff. Palmer, K.C.1R81 Jackson, Phil, Manuel, Glants Martin, N.O.

Sell, Roms Rice, S.F. Sonders, Work, Anderson, Chi. 4 5 1 0 36 6 4 2 0 36 5 4 1 0 39 Playoff Schedule AMERICAN LEAGUE

Anderson, N.C.

PAT FG LOPIS

S-5 14-16 47 47 10-10 10-13 51 40 6-6 10-11 47 36 10-10 2-11 47 34 7-7 9-11 53 34

ND Yes LE AVE

Korils, Den. Bohr, Clev.

Stork, Ind.

ckins) PAT FG LGPts

11-12 10-12 40 41 Oct. 8: Boston of Ookland 15-15 5-13 38 39 Oct. 9: Boston of Ookland 17-16 4-9 44 25 Oct. 12: Ookland of Boston 3-7 9 47 34 Oct. 12: Ookland of Boston 3-9 3-11 53 33 Oct. 12: Ookland of Boston NATIONAL LEAGUE NO Yes LG AV9 15 828 85 413 24 1082 54 414 20 824 56 41.2 ND Yds LG Ave
15 828 55 61.5
26 1002 54 41.4
20 EM 55 41.4
21 1869 55 61.4
21 1869 55 61.4
22 1869 55 61.4
23 1002 53 40.5
24 1002 50 40.5
25 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50 40.5
26 1002 50

10 107 10.7 25 0 Oct. 15: American of Notional 14 139 9.2 16 0 Oct. 16: American of Notional Oct. 16: American of Notional Oct. 16: Notional of American Oct. 17: Notional of American Oct. 17: Notional of American Oct. 18: American of Notional Oct. 18: American oct

SOCCER

EUROPEAN CUP WINNERS' CUP 1First Round, Second Leg) nirocht Frankfurt I, Grosshoppers Zurich 0; Frankfurt advances on 1-0 aggres Bekesesaba 1, Sakaryaspar 0; Saka Sredets 5, Inter Bratislava 0; Sredets ad-rances on 8-2 aggregate. 2 aggregate. on 1, Flamortari Viaro 0; Lech Poznan advances on 42 aggregate.
Guimaraes T. Rada JC 0; Rata JC advances

on 2-1 operagole. EUROPEAN CHAMPIONS CUP 1First Roand, Second Lea) Monaco 2, Valur Reykjavik 6; Manaco advonces on 2-1 aggregate.
Galatasoray 2, Rapid Viento 24; Galata-soray odvances on 2-2 aggregate.
Steauo Buchanest 2, Sparta Progue 2;

vous Bucherest advances en 7-3 opgregate. Nentori Tirona 2 Hamron Spartons 0: Nonort Tirona advances on 3-2 pagregate. HJK Helsinki 2 Porto 0: Porto advances on 3-2 aggregate. Mass (Norway) C. Real Madrid 1; Real ad-

vances on 40 appreparte.

UEFA CUP.

(First Round, Second Leg1

Ulpest Dasta 2, Akrones 1; Ulpest Dasta advances on 2-1 oppreparte.

Locomotive Leiszig 4, Aarou 0; Locomotive Leiszig advances on 7-0 appreparte.

Dunalska Streda 6, Oesters Vaezda 0; Dunalska Streda advances on 6-2 oppreparte.

Lepis Warsow 3, Bayern Munich 7; Bayern Munich advances on 16-4 oppreparte.

Dukia Progue 1, Real Sociedad 3; 4-4 appreparte. Real advances on a war-yools ruite. pate, Real advances on away-goals rule.
Dinomo Zagreb 2, Besilitas 8; Dinomo ad-District 20 green 2, meaning up primaries vances on 2-1 operagete.
Katowice 2, Glasgow Rongers 4; Glasgow odvances on 5-2 operagete.

TRANSITION

American League
BALTIMORE—Named Cat Ripkan Sr.
Wird-base coach, Ton McCrow hilling coach,
Al Juckson phiching coach and Johnny Odes

TORONTO-Rehired Jimy Willia

PITTSBURGH-Fired Syd Thrift, general SAN FRANCISCO-Amounced that Jose Morales, batting coach, will not be retained; named Dusty Baker batting coach, Wendell

BASKETBALL Mettenal Agakethali Association GOLDEN STATE—Signed Maury de Souza. ground to a one-year contract.

FOOTBALL FOOTBALL

Matter Football League
CINCINNATI—Signed Marc Lagen, running back. Placed Daryl Smith, cornerback, to Philadelphia for a first-round arrow such in 1989 and other undisclosed druft picks. N.Y. GIANTS—Wolved Grag Locker, safe-ty. Signed Neal Guopamae, safety. PHOENIX—Assounced that Larry Wilson, seneral monoser, chas also been named a thia for a first-round droft pick in

HOCKEY
Notional Hockey Leeges
HARTFORD—Sent Lindsoy Corson, left
yels: one Cheries Seurepeals and Larry Trader-defensemen, to Singhamfon of the Ameri-

available for comment Tuesday. Mike Tyson and his wife, the actress Robin Givens.

NEW YORK - The first and last word about the National Hock-

ey League season that starts Thurs-day has to be: Gretzky. Six teams have new coaches; four dozen players were traded; the NHL signed new contracts with cable television and referees. But

NHL PREVIEW

no off-season change can challenge the trade of Wayne Gretzky from the Edmonton Oilers to the Los

Angeles Kings.
The Kings, who all but gave the shirts off their backs for him, literally changed their shirts when Gretzky, switching to new blackand-white uniforms to show off

their new star. And the truest sign of Gretzky's enormous talent is that his trade effects not just the Oilers and the Kings but the balance of power of the entire league.

Gretzky will make the Kings better both on the ice and at the box office, but probably won't be a CUTE-ALL

Edmonton and Calgary still are regarded as the class teams in the Smythe Division of the Campbell Conference. In the last five years, the Otlers have won four Stanley Cups, and the Flames were finalists the other year.

Even with Gretzky gone, Edmonton still has awesome scoring punch - and the best goaltender in the league in Grant Fuhr. Jimmy Carson, a 50-goal scorer who was one of the players acquired in the Gretzky deal, will join the steller nucleus of Mark Messier, Jari Kurri, Glenn Anderson, Craig Simpson and Kevin Lowe as the Oilers shoot for their fifth league title in six years.

Calgary could sell repeat as regular-season divisional champion. Last year, the Flames finished with the league's best regular-season record before Edmonton knocked by the netful. Last year, with Ha-kaan Loob, Joey Mullen and rookie MINNESOTA-Agreed to terms with Dino

Gretzky Trade Shifts the NHL's Balance of Power

league. Gretzky joins another potent offensive team that includes highscoring Luc Robitaille - but Los

Angeles also lacks defense and goaltending. Still, the Kings should be in the playoffs again, along with ipeg, thanks to the poor-relative Vancouver Canncks.

Detroit, led by Steve Yzerman, figures to repeat as Norris Division champion. The Red Wings were the only team last year to win both a

SIDELINES

regular-season and playoff title in Ciccarelli and Neal Broten are their division, and they gave the among the most gifted North Stars. scoring. They're also one of the biggest, toughest teams in the Chicago boasts one of the best

> whip the Blackhawks into a better team than finished third last year. St. Louis, Minnesota and Toron- Ballard on down.

to will fight for the last two Norris
playoff spots in the Norris. The
Bhues added forward Mike Bullard

Montreal and Boston will again
fight it out atop the Adams Division of the Wales Conference. Led to will fight for the last two Norris year) in a deal with Calgary. Dino

Oilers fits in the conference finals. who underwent a big change in management with a new general centers in the league in Denis Savard and one of the league's top coaches in Mike Keenan; he should Maple Leafs is Wendel Clark, but Toronto has a lot of problems in the front office from owner Harold

(49 goals and added 53 assists last by all-star defenseman Ray Bourque, the hard-nosed Bruins have a nice mix of veterans and young players who developed in the playoffs. The Canadiens still have many of the players who helped them win the league title three years ago, including goaltender Patrick Roy and Stephane Richer, who scored 50 goals last year.

Buffalo, Hartford and Quebec finished in just that order last sea son, and there's no reason to think they won't again. The key man for the Sabres, who have developed strongly under Ted Sator, could be Ray Sheppard (38 goals last year). The Whalers again will count on Sylvain Turgeon for leadership and Mike Liut for goaltending. Peter Stastny is the big gun for the Nor-

The emergence of New Jersen and the possibilities in Pittsburgh have further tightened up the Patrick Division. Last year, the New York Islanders won the regular-season title, but only seven points separated the first-place team from the last in the league's most exciting divisional race

The Patrick has top goaltenders - Ron Hextall at Philadelphia Sean Borke at New Jersey, Kelly Hrudey and Billy Smith with the New York Islanders, John Vanbiesbrouck and Bob Froese with the New York Rangers and Clint Malarchuk and Pete Peeters in

The Penguins have two of the league's premier talents in center Mario Lemieux, the NHL's most valuable player last year, and de-fenseman Paul Coffey. Guy Laflept, the hall of famer who came • American Dennis Kozlowski, after winning an Olympic bronze medal out of retirement to give hockey (LAT) Rangers a shot in the arm.

Miami Voters Spurn Baseball Stadium MIAMI (AP) — On the opening night of the major league baseball playoffs, voters here voted against paying for a professional baseball stadium. An \$80 million city bond referendum was defeated Tuesday

with nearly 69 percent opposed. With all 504 precincts reporting, the measure was opposed by 14,105 voters to 6,351 in favor.

Approval would have cost the average homeowner about \$68 more in annual property taxes. The stadium would have been built only if Miami

Soviet Basketball Team to Tour U.S.

SEATTLE (UPI) - The Soviet Union's gold-medal basketball team

will play a 10-game tour against U.S. college teams next month.

The Soviets, who defeated Yugoslavia, 76-63, for the Olympic title, will open Nov. 5 against the University of Washington. "It will be their national team, but I'm not sure if it will have all of the players on it who played in the Olympics," said Washington coach's Andy Russo. "They may phase some of them out by then, but it will be their best players."

The rest of the tour will include stops at Nevada-Las Vegas on Nov. 9; Wingis Nov. 10: North Carolina State Nov.

linois, Nov. 10; North Carolina, Nov. 12; North Carolina State, Nov.

14; Ohio State, Nov. 15; Vanderbilt, Nov. 17; Kansas, Nov. 19; Tennesse, Nov. 21; and Oklahoma State, Nov. 22.

acquired a major league team. The city commission voted in July to place the bond issue on the ballot. The push to build a 40,000- to 50,000-seat stadium sparked a battle between city officials and Joe Robbie, owner of the Miami Dolphins football team, who said his stadium in Dade County could accommodate

big-league baseball should the city be granted an expansion franchise.

• Dallas Green, the reported heir to Lou Piniella as New York Yankee manager, about owner George Steinbrenner: "He's a tough man to live with and a tough man to work for. He speaks his mind, even if at times them out of the playoffs in a sumning four-game sweep. Like the
Oilers, the Flames can score goals

Warting Navyatilova, who in 1988 did not win a Grand Slam tennis
event for the first time since 1980: "If this year were a fish, I'd throw it

sensation Joe Nieuwendyk leading in Greco-Roman wrestling; "If you shoot for the moon maybe you'll only another shot, hopes to give the the way, they topped the NHL in get to the street lamp, but at least you got off the ground."

tory. "I'm always in the process of learning

tion, of course, is far worse. But Perlman

has given premieres of concertos by Earl Kim and Robert Starer, and has asked Kim

life. One route is offered by recitals, which

hy their nature offer more flexible reper-

Undoubtedly, the most intellectually

challenging performance experience is that offered by chamber music. Violinists such

as Jascha Heifetz and Isaac Stern turned to

chamber music later in their careers, per-

haps hoping to recapture a freshness and collaborative spark. But Perlman's 1988-89

schedule includes virtually no chamber

believe that next season we'll do some Beethoven trios with Pinchas Zukerman

and Lynn Harrell, and that was exactly a

and Lynn Harreit, and that was exactly a result of saying to myself, 'what's going on here?' The problem is very serious, one of scheduling in the jet age. To do chamber music one cannot just say. 'let's get together and play.' When you play chamber music for the public, it's 'let's get together and the serious that the serious

rehearse.' And when you talk about string quartets, it's like having to live with people

number of recitals, and insisting on cham-

ber-music opportunities are all ways of

expanding what might threaten to become a routine musical diet, one other avenue

would promise even more variety — the path of the conductor, Violinists such as

Zukerman and Yehudi Menuhin have vir-

tually huilt second careers as conductors.

Yet here Perlman draws the line.

If enlarging the repertory, increasing the

music, which he says disturbs him. "I certainly miss it, I can tell you that I

the program material."

ART BUCHWALD

Campaign One-Liners

WASHINGTON — In order to this election who keeps showing up keep up with the election on the sides of milk cartons as a scene, you have to be able to say something intelligent so that people are aware of your knowledge of presidential politics. Here are a few things you can mutter to impress triends and strangers alike:

"My puppy and Danny Quayle play together in the same park."
The thing I admire the most about George Bush is that he was outside the loop when President Reagan was in

"Michael Dukakis always looks as if he has just eaten airline 🚦

"If Beotsen loses he's going to hecome a

card-carrying Buchwald member of American Express." The fact that George Bush's father stole Geronimo's skull when he was a member of the Yale Skull and Bones Fraternity doesn't mean that the vice president won't carry out the laws of the land."

"I would rather have a vice president who lonked like Robert Redford than someone who lonked like

"Mike Dukakis doesn't just have a stiff upper lip - he's stiff all

"Bentsen is the sole candidate in

Book Fair Opens In Frankfurt

FRANKFURT - The world's largest book fair opened Tuesday with a record 8,000 publishing companies seeking ways to sell 340,000 otles, old and new.

The Frankfurt book fair, begun hy a group of publishers in a church 40 years ago, now attracts representatives from 95 countries from Albania to Zimbahwe. The

event runs until Oct. 10. Italy is a central theme for this year's fair, with 3,000 Italian books and 3,500 books about Italy on display, Author Umberto Eco of ftaly and his new novel, "Il Pendulo di Foucault" ("Foucault's Pendulum") attracted the strongest

missing person."
"I wish the ocket was Quayle and Bentsen. That way I would have no problem deciding which one I wanted to dehate Raisa Gor-

People should get off George Bush's back because his friend Noriega didn't go to Vietnam. Anyone who served m the Panama National Guard was no draft dodger.

"I think if Bush becomes president and pardons Ollie North, he should also pardon the person who came up with the idea of naming

Dan Quayle as his running mate."
"Each time Dukakis comes up with a health-care plan, the deficit ge15 sick."

"Somebody told me that if Dan Quayle is elected, he's going to make it possible for every man and woman in this country to get into law school - on a minority pro-

"The reason you haven't heard from Bentsen is that he's been driving cattle across Texas from Amarillo to Houston."

"The only purpose in giving money to your party is so that it will be used to buy dirty, sleazy TV commercials to educate the American people.

'I'd rather have Dan Quavle's finger on the nuclear button than a lot of the teen-age kids in our

neighborhood."
"My brother is a podiatrist, and he says that the reason Dukakis doesn't smile when he is sitting down is because his feet won't touch the floor."

"If Bentsen ever got a sound hite on the evening news, he wouldn't know what to do with it." "I'm sick and tired of jokes

about Bush and Pearl Harbor. Bush was trying to say that what makes this country great is the fact we can observe a day of infamy any time we want to."

"I heard that Betsy Ross hurned three American flags before she got

it right."
"If I was Dan Quayle and I was running for vice president of the United States, I wouldn't answer any quescions either."

The wonderful thing about debates is that nobody has to tell the truth as long as the red light at the top of the camera is on.

Perlman Fiddles With Success

By K. Robert Schwarz

New York Times Service

EW YORK — Common wisdom NEW YORK — Common is at the top holds that Itzhak Perlman is at the top of his profession, and, despite occasional complaints from music critics, few musicians would argue with that assumption. But the 43-year-old violinist seems both-ered by the idea that he may indeed be at the top of his trade.

"It's really not very healthy to think about it," he says. "It I start saying 'I'm at the top, then I might as well quit, because

where can I go from there?
"What I think about is that I have a responsibility to keep on growing musically, and not fall into the trap of saying. Well, this works, and I might as well just keep making a Xerox of myself."

There is no question that Perlman is the best-known and most popular violinist of his generation. Yet one wonders how it is possible for him to maintain his spontaneity, considering the pressures of scheduling, repertory and merchandising.
Such questions become particularly in-

triguing when one glances at Perlman's 1988-89 concert schedule. Recitals make up a large percentage of his commitments, and allow him a certain laotude in programs. Yet in an interview in his Manhattan apartment, he was quick to concede that his dozens of concerto appearances recycle the same handful of works.

I'm quite lucky that I've never been associated with one piece in particular, so sometimes I get a rest from certain pieces, and afterward they come back fresh," Perlman says. The trap that one can fall into is the lack of asking questions, when you put yourself on automatic and you start to play like you've played before. That's one of the dangers, and it is a result of not listening well to oneself, of not asking, 'is it sound-

ing the way I want it to sound?'
This summer I played seven Beethovens, and each performance was different. Granted, there are not many pieces you can say that about, but in the Beethoven there's no such thing as having to search for spontaneity and freshness. Just listen to the music and you find it."

Perlman admits there is an urgent need to enlarge the repertory, but says that his hands are tied by the tastes of andiences, conductors and orchestra managers. "Out of my list of 15 concertos, only maybe five are often asked," he says. "That

is simply a question of economics... Unless you have a music director who is making his own programs and who says. 'I would like you to play the Berg Concerto. you doo't get asked to do that."

REAL ESTATE

TO RENT/SHARE

PARIS AREA UNFURNISHED

SWITZERLAND

LUXURY OFFICES and/or operiment, 180 sq.m., ferrace 80 sq.m. Quiet, toke view, 20 minutes General carport. SY4500 + charges. Please telephone General 022/83 46 10.

REAL ESTATE

WANTED/EXCHANGE

ATTENTION EXECUTIVES

oblish your business messon

in the international Herald Iri-bune, where more than a third of a million recolers world-wide, most of whom are in business and industry, will read it. Just teles as (Paris 6/3595) before 10 a.m., ar-

613595) before 10 c.m., en-suring than we can telax you book, indicate which major considered you what to charge it to, the number and expir-tion date, and your message can appear within 48 hours. Please also include your ad-dress and telephone number for our files.

BUSINESS

OPPORTUNITIES

FUTURES TRADING

FULL CAPITAL

GUARANTEE

"It's a question of the quality of what Yet he keeps trying to enlarge this reper-

INTERNATIONAL

for a year!"

new things, like the Walton Concerto, or the Barber. Elgar was a fairly late entry into my repertory, but not a lot of people ask for it, unless you play in England." With brand-new concertos, the situato compose a new recital piece. And a more grandiose plan is being considered. "Right now I'm thinking of commissioning a concerto. It's just a question of deciding on somebody. But I'm very much aware of the ln the meantime, be must look to other avenues to inject variety into his musical tory opportunities.
"A concerto is like a golf shot: You prepare and prepare and then it's one shot and that's it. But a recital is like a tennis game: You play the game, and you may miss a point, but then you can get the point, and go to deuce, and ultimately win. So it's a different kind of experience, be-cause you have more of a chance to develop

Periman: "Td like to continue the way I'm continuing and not stop musically."

the focus in two, and I don't feel I can do that. At one point, I got the musical sevenyear itch - you know, after you play seven years, you want to conduct. But now I feel that I may not be as good as I would want to be. I'll probably be one of the few, rare musical animals who will just continue doing what I started off with."

There are fields that offer relief from the concert stage. One is the recording studio. but recently Periman has felt the isolation of the studio more acutely, and has begun tending toward live recording. There is a special excitement, the rapport that you feel coming to the stage from the audience," Periman says.

But it is the mass media that allow Perlman to leave the elevated plateau of the concert stage most completely. Does he really believe that an appearance on the Tonight Show helps to expand the audience for classical music?

"People who don't think so will tell you that it's not true, that you're not doing anything for music, that you're basically doing it for yourself. But I really do think you want to do. I feel the focus is much that television has played a very important better when you do one thing. The minute role in more promotion of classical music.

CLASSIFIED

you start doing something else, you divide In a sense it's the strongest way to bring more music to more people. My being on talk shows has familiarized countless peo-ple with fiddle playing. A lot of people come to my concerts who've never been to a concert before."

As to the future, Perlman says only that 'I'd like to continue the way I'm continuing and not stop musically." He recalls the pure joy that can turn even the most backneyed item into a revelation.

"Recently I was playing the Mendels-sohn Concerto, and after 87,000 times how could that bring you musical joy? I did it in Paris, with the Orchestre de Paris and Daniel Barenboim — he's a genius — and all of a sudden the Mendelssohn was a different piece than I'd every played before. "It was like a chain reaction: He would

do something, I would do something, we'd collaborate, and it was a real breakthrough. And to have a breakthrough in a Mendels-sohn Concerto at age 40 plus is quite exciting. This is what is worth waiting for — because in the middle of the whole thing you say to yourself, 'Gee, am I lucky. Am I m a great profession - to actually make a living at something I enjoy."

PEOPLE

A 40th Birthday Party For Charles and 1,500

Prince Charles will celebrate his 40th birthday on Nov. 14 at a party in an inner-city area of Birmingham. The party will be attended his 1,500 of the young people Charles has helped through the Benezit has helped through the Prince's Trust charity he founded. The party will be held in a once derelici tram depot as an example of the joh and business initiatives developed since 1982, said Tom Shebbeare, director of the trust . . . The prince, a critic of stripped-down modern architecture, is also scheduled to. discuss the subject on Oct. 28 in a British Broadcasting Corp. documentary. "A Vision of Britain-"And Charles's wife Diana, lost in the second round of a five-round doubles charity tennis tournament but improved her performance from last year's match.

Natalia Makarova will bring her production of the classical Russian ballet "La Bayadere" from New York to London next May, filling a gap in the Royal Ballet's schedule. A production of Benjamin Britten's "The Prince of the Pagodas" was postponed after Sir Kenneth Mac-Millan, the choreographer, had a heart attack in August during the company's Australian tour.

David Wise, who wrote the best seller "The Spy Who Got Away," has received a telephone call from the escaped — Edward Lee Homand, the first CIA agent to ever defect to the Soviet Umon. Howards called from Budapest to talk un-Wise about the book. The former agent, who fled to Moscow a few steps ahead of the FBI, told Wise he had no problems with the book, although he didn't like seeing some of the new information Wise uncovered detailing Howard's work for the KGB. Wise, who lives in Washington, was pleased to learn from Howard that the Soviet leader, Mikhail S. Gorbachev, and other officials are reading a translation of the book.

Mickey Mouse will meet Misha the bear, the Soviet mascot, when four Walt Disney cartoon classics are shown in the Soviet Union. Soviet children will get to see "Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs," "Fantasia," "Bambi" and "101 Dalmatians" at an officially sponsored film festival beginning Oct. 16. Orphans will be invited to the premiere showings.

interest as the fair began. ANNOUNCEMENTS **USADIRECT** CALLING THE STATES FROM OVERSEAS HAS NEVER BEEN EASIER WITH USADIRECT SERVICE All you have to do is dial o number to be connected to on AT&T operator in the U.S. AUSTRALIA 0014-881-011 BELGIUM 11-0010 BR. VIRGIN IS. 1-800-872-2881 DENMARK 0430-0010

9800-100-10 FRANCE 19*-0011

FINLAND

GERMANY, FRG' 0130-0010

HONG KONG 008-1111

JAPAN 0039-111 NETHERLANDS

06*-022-9111 NORWAY 050-12-011

SWEDEN 020-795-611

UNITED KINGDOM 0800-89-0011 ward second did tone validate on a triol basis only.
to available on a triol basis only.
there may be a silent delay of a 30 seconds between diding a 30 seconds between diding a 1-800 RFA-4500 Ext. 344 for more information.

AT&T The right choice, Cut out & save for easy ref

USTENBING WOLLINTERS NEEDED for SOS HELP, Paris-based English-speciang phone criss line. 2-hour re-crumment sessions Thurs. October 6th, Tues. October 11th, 6-30pm, of WACE, 20 Bid. Mantiparnesse, Fons 14th, or write for appointment to. SOS HELP, 8P 239 16, 73675 Paris Cader 14 8P 23P 16, 75675 Pare Coder 16
WANT TO LEARN MORE ABOUT French History & Intercure, Art History, Creative Writing, Iwng & working, Irange for the Color of the Co MILA SCHON. The most refined of all ties, in ZURICH endustriely at -WEINBERG's - leading men's store -13, Baharhofstr. 01/211 29 50.

ANNOUNCEMENTS ALECHOLICS ANONYMOUS English specifing meeting duity. Tel: Paris 46 34 59 65 or Rome 678 (320). MOVING

> Move All Over the World with GLOBAL

PARIS [1] 47,20,28,28 TELEFAX [1] 47,20,93,68 TELEX 648267 21 CHROS AROUND THE WORLD Fors Personnel Fully Bilinguol

HOMESHIP. Small & medium move boggogu, cars workhvide. Call Cha ise Forn 42 81 18 81 (near Opera).

COLLECTORS LE CORBUSIER OIL PAINTINGS Mark sell. Tel 01-453-5240 or Fox 01-

EDUCATION

PARSONS SCHOOL OF DESIGN. 10-week studio and classes for adults and Saturday, program for high school students. 11 Co., 23 Dec. 88, 10-14 rue Leteller, 79015 Paris, For info and brochure, call 4577-29-66.

LEGAL SERVICES U.S. DIVORCE IN 21 DAYS. No nee

U.S. LayOrice III 27 DATA to receive to travel, with an without consent of spouse. Dremer Legal Associates, p/a IE Weteningdwarsstraar 54/54A, Nt. 1017 TP Amserdam, Holland, Tel. 3120-840226 or 822058, Face 822058 GUAM USA DIVORCE Fast. Both sign, no travel. Free Book. Aftarney Don Portanson, Box BX Agona. Guam. Ph. (671) 477-7637 or (671) 477-7994.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE FRENCH PROVINCES

ST TROPEZ - COTE D'AZUR aceptional Beauty + Characte Two level villa 300 sam, on wooded hill rear center, two minutes walk to see, 3 beautiful bedroom swies, charming iveng room with fresplace + driving room, large den, funtation garden 4,000 sam, see view. Swimming pool. FF10M. Phone 94.97.25.33

GREAT BRITAIN

London W11 discreet pied a terre 1 bad mews with garage, Newly ref-urbished £159,000 Freehold. Tel 01 229 6976 evenings. MONACO

Principality of Monoco

"FONTVIELLE"
SUPERB S/6 ROOM APARTMENT for sale, 233 sa.m., entirely furnished and decorated, double living room, dir-ing room, 3 bedrooms, 2 battrooms, shower room, 2 parlangs, celler.

For further details, please contact A. G.E.D. I. 26 bs. 8d Princesse Charlone MC 78000 MONACO Tel: (33)93-50.66,00 - relex 479 417 MC

PARIS & SUBURBS 7th, RUE DE YARDNE, 175 sq.m. 3 bedrooms. Lazuncusty renovated. Jus-tified price. Gausserand, 45.51.2470.

REAL ESTATE TO RENT/SHARE

GREAT BRITAIN IONEON Learny furnished opartments, fathy serviced, choice of Mayfair or adjourn to Kennington Polace, £25 pp. 19550 VERSAILLES CHATEAU Near R.G. stellon, duples EXCEPTIONAL BUILDING, WELL LAID-OUT 2 bedrooms, F7000 + charges, Done lemebiles 39.51.34.45.

REAL ESTATE TO RENT/SHARE HOLLAND DUTCH HOUSING CENTRE B.V.

NOTICE-DAME: TOMINE/OUSE Duplex 3 bedrooms, 3 boths, large double living, equipped bitchen, terrace on garden, private street entrance on select condition. F13,000 + charges, high key stoney, Tels 45 48 60 18 Valeriustr. 174, 1075 CH Amsterdar Tek 31.20.664.444 Fasc 664,5354 NEURLY. Apartment with garage, modern building. I bed, hwing-duing, both/w.c., large latchers. FF7/00 including. Beautiful furniture and fittings. MONTPARNASSE Quiet, lecury studio, 25 str.in., including sporage & cellor. leve F3/800 + F3/00, Tel: 3946/8972 Tooms, equipped lixthen. On parden. 2 parlengs. F14,000. Tel: 4225-3225.

Phone: 6794325, 6793458. Write: Via del Velabro 16 00186 Rome. PARIS AREA FURNISHED

Embassy Service

Ave. de Messine
75008 Paris

YOUR REAL ESTATE AGENT IN PARIS 45.62.78.99 FAX 42.89.21.54

AGENCE CHAMPS ELYSES
Tel: 42 25 32 25, ore remine;
11th, Notion, 7 rooms: F4,300
11th, Notion, 3 rooms: F4,500
14th, Monipornase, 2 rooms: F4,500
Adontpornase, 3 rooms, belzen; F4,500
Acottoprase, 3 rooms, belzen; F4,500
5 rooms, porting, modern; F1,000
17th, Ternes, 27 rooms; F8,500
Monimorine, 3 rooms, duples; F13,000

PARIS 15th, PENTHOUSE

- 3 BEDROOM + LIVING FLAT

- STUDIO 35 SQ.JA.

LUMINIOUS CONDITIONS
TERRIFIC RIVER VIEWS

KFR 42 96 88 88 NEW WAY OF STAYING IN PARTS

THE CLARIDGE RESIDENCE FOR 1 WEEK OR MORE high class studio, 7 or 3-room opartments. RULLY EQUIPPED HAMEDIATE RESERVATIONS Tol: 43 59 67 97

PARIS PROMO Estate Agent - Property Manager 25 Ave Hoche, 75008 Paris, 45 63 25 60

FURNISHED & UNFURNISHED FIRST-CLASS APARTMENTS Misurum rental 2 months. Also flats & bourses for sale. IER (17855, 31 rue de Manaeau Paris (8th). Tek (1) 4563 1777

Paris (8th). Tek (1) 4561 1777

TOP CLASS, IUXURIOUS, Almo, Georges Mandal, Fock, 150-201 sq.m.
24 bedrooms, parieng, 6 months minimum. Tek 54 91 9 60 am.

RIPMISHED FLATS FOR IEM From 3 months to 1 year. Exclusive. Tek 47-5186.38.

LUXEMBOURG/MONTPARNASSE area. Short or long term, No agency fees. Tek 42 25 80 91

PARIS BIENVENUE, Furushed studies and appartments in central from months, 47 53 90 81.

ALESIA, ON GARDEN, travising 2 rooms, new furniture. F5500 ms. Available now. 154 4567 52.9.

TROCADERO, SUNNY, 2 bedrooms, + terrace - studie. Exclusive: 47-2386.38.

AVENUE MATIGNON, subtime predeters, 80 sq.m. Exclusivity, 42 25 10 26 or 42 25 16 80.

PARIS AREA UNFURNISHED

Experts in Futures Tracking for over 25 years now accepting new clients in entended range of pook minimum investment 20,000 USS) WRITE FOR FREE BROCHUSE Please include your phone numbers Dunn & Hargitt Research S.A. Dept. 1417 988 6, avenue Dayd George, Bax 5 B-1050 Brussels - Belgium Phone: 32-2-640 32 80 Fex: 32-2-643 46 28

AQUACULTURE DEVELOPMENT
We are species in indistrict multispecies pand and indoor systems. We
offer: Technology systems, development,
considerion, vicibility endyes, project
organization and management.
Approximent Technologies, Ltd.,
502 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10022
1-21-2-3-2-3-3-3-1-dev SSSSCA-AT, USA
Fox: 1-217-207-8-697 Restricted in Belgrum and U.K. MODERNER BUSINESS-SERVICE STUTTGART / GENAMY Fundahed seasoning offices with own phore number, lelek & fox Muhangud searstarial service Formation, composition of companies MODERNER - BURROSERVICE Researched - 100 DURNIS Senting II. TEXTILE MACHINERY TEXTILE MACHINERY
Tempen Production Machine
Cotton Swah Ferring Machine
Cotton For Machine
K. FASSENDLUDWIG & Ca. AG
CH-8646 Wogen b. Jona
Switzerland
Tel: (55) 28 31 41. The EVSSAP FALU CH
Telefor: 055-28 42 60 Rosenwoldstr. 100, D-7000 Shatpart I Tel (0711/656219, Tx. 731874 Bashe (Telefax, [9] 711/6563713.

REAL ESTATE WANTED/EXCHANGE

EXECUTIVE

INTERNATIONAL SCIENTIFIC MON-GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATION seeks person to be second in conversal of small serverorist looped in Paris Conditions must have scientific degree

PARIS 7th; 8th; 16th (north).
Apartment-minimum 290 st, m. Articles 7 rooms including drowing room; 8thoray/study; 3 bedrooms; 2 both-rooms; plus good separate occumendating 6 both for househeepts; 1 ksuchy room, Could be hor separate opportments in some budding, Coli Hillery, Lettle, 19.44,1826,5998 or write, 103/105 Jermyn Street, London SWIY 6EE.

EXCHANGE MONTH OF NOV. 1988
Delate Montetten 1-bedroom opartment, terroox, East Kiver views, for 1bedroom opartment Paris, profer 7th,
14th cord 15th conordisserserts, Coll.
days; Vaughon 272-775-1218; weekents/nights: 212-545-0974.

of small secretarial located in Paris. Combries must have scientific degree or equivalent, experience of intermotional activities and in administration of international acquirements. They must be bringed in English and Franch, with tootending the property of the property of the property of the property of the world. International property of the world of the world of the world of the world of the world. International property of the world of th

OPPORTUNITIES

OFFSHORE COMPANIES
Free professional consultate
Worldwide incorporations
Instruction overlability
Full confidential services

Aston Company Formation Ltd., 19 Pael Rd. Douglas, Sile of Man Tel 0624 26991 The 627691 ASTON Fax: 0624 25126

ENTERNATIONAL OFFSHORE COMPANY INCORPORATIONS FROM US\$150 imprehensive professional service

Comprehense professional services include remineres, professional services include remineres, Representative offices, Powers of officers, Rebx, balections Fox, real forwarding worldwide laboral Executives Netional House, Science, Idea of Netion, Phone, [0624] 824555
The 628357 bland G. Fac. (0624) 822947

PRECIOUS STOCK of becarbul, coders levely, of bargein price. IFM Bo. 0234, 72521 Newly Cades, France

BUSINESS SERVICES

EMPLOYMENT Technical Director with design & de-velopment buckground in sponcresh, circust and massie and/or weapon systems and experience in the quari-tion and management of relevent de-sign projects and bedwicel services contracts. Prefer experiency of rech-sponsest level with European ceru-sponsest level with European ceru-sponsest level with European ceru-sponses firms and knowledge of Gen-ment or French. Require engineering degree. Send CV to: Ligrale Ltd. 129 High Street, Effencoy, Essex UK.

EXECUTIVES AVAILABLE ADVERTISING-PUBLISHING ADVERTISING-PUBLISHING
Abrodine young American young mess
permonent position in Paris with pubshing ca., advertising PR eigency, or
firm in need of U.S. medra contacts.
Expertue in the travel martel & U.S.
Publishing, Excellent international retriericis, Write for C.V.; Helane Koffler,
327 E. 337 S., 3. New York, NY
10028 USA; Tel: 212-772-3718

MERCHANDISING/MARKETING Retail executive, total expertise in home formishings, buying, sales promotion and otherstaing. Seals lary manageral position in neutring or wholesale field. Strong marketing bodground. Prefer from or other major European neetro-center. Reply Box 5036, L1-11., 830 Third Ave., 10th R, NY, NY 10022

PRENCH EXECUTIVE, colone graduale, 45 years old, angle, well educated and open marded to travel, establish references, fruent English and Spanish, good knowledge of German, experience as a stewardess, teacher of facility of the colonial spanish for partitions, teacher of teaching to the colonial spanish programmers or smaller, Possible free-lance considered Borr UZ33, Herdid Tribune, 92521 Neutly Codex, France.

EMPLOYMENT EXECUTIVES AVAILABLE INTERNATIONAL Spenish Executive. 5 languages including Arabic 15 years selecting Arabic 15 years selection to the prompting morager, workwide expenience in the trown business made press production transager, William for informet. Seeks challenging position with international company, Write for R. Topia, 81 Andres Medical Street. 2003 Machiel, or Thorn Medical 441,25.95 other 19 hours.

RETIRED ATTORNEY/ENTRE-RENEUR inquisite, consumeration and organiza-bond sible, seeks new challenge with intertestandly-oriented company, Reply Box 50-3, LH.T., BSO Third Ave, 10th fl, NY, NY 10022

INTERNATIONAL BUSINESSMAN, oged 41, MBA, Buert French, English Indian, Arabic. Broad professional appearance, hop monogeneral level-new marked development, angular development, framening, Sesting challenging position. Reply to Bar 17:52, Heruld Influen, 97:521 Neurity Cedes, France.

DYNAMIC SECURITIES DEALER, 35, 9 yrs burking expenience, seets job with open-minded businessman or financial or in preferably Franch-specialist Systematical Suggests unique method of normal and happenprofit meetiment. Reply Box 17:28, HT, 17:2521 Neurity Cedes, France.

words with 5 years interruptional public relations experience seeks excuring assistant postern, William to travel. University degree, Serious after only, Call Franco (39-10) 327302 offer Barn or Backetra, Via Crisp 337-35, 16030 San (GB, Raly)

INTL FINANCE EXECUTIVE Polistoni seeks officialion with non-profit organ-motion in Poliston. Box 5040, LAT., 850 Third Ave., 10th ff, NY, NY 10022 International Business Message Center

> PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT FIDUCIARY DEPOSITS and many other ophors we other to you, our read customer. We are a SYMSS COMPANY special-aced worldwide in frammood operations. Fecas control us: Fra. No. 091/23 AV 20 Tel No. 091/23 AV 97 / 23 AV 10

INVESTMENTS

INVESTORS/ BROKERS
Multiply your mensy 5 to 10 fin
You Decide!

A SWISS OPPORTUNITY Tour Investment - SFr. 40,000 Bonk Lean - SFr. 120,000

RNEST INVESTMENT LETTER
Award warrang thorn Schulz Letter in
its 25th year. Violat's highest paid 6.
amount devisor. Geographical threaton
thinker. \$275 year. \$500 mol. FPSC.
Sox 622. C+1001 Lusarane, Switzerland
-THE ULTIMATE NEWSLETTER-

BUSINESS SERVICES | FINANCIAL SERVICES

GENEVASWITZERLAND Full Service is our Business

International few and taxes Madibat, telephone, telex and telespoer services Translation and secretarial services framilation, democlipation and estimateristics of Swiss and foreign companies
Full confidence and discretion assured BUSINESS ADVISORY SERVICES S.A.

7 Rue Muzy, 1707 GENEYA

Tet 36 05 40, Th: 23342, Fax: 86 05 4

LONDON ADDRESS BOND STREET Mod. Phone, Fox, Telex, Conference room, Call 01-479-7172. Ix 262870. FINANCIAL SERVICES

Tord Investment - S7, 160,000 15-18% profit p.a. projected Schar also velcame SAMI Francici Servicus S.A. 10 r. Errar, CH-1003 LALSANDE SAMI Francici T.H. (17, 27, 84, 85) Sententand, Tel. [7] 23 85 60 Fee: 202270. The 455 703 955

OFFSHORE COMPANY formation management and financial services in formation. Let's the formation of the company o

Imprime par Offprint, 73 rue de l'Evangile, 75018 Paris

RESOURCE INT'I.
Boorwat 8, CH-6300, Zug
Tet 41/42 2130/6/Fezz 41/42 221602
Tetes: 865 697 ALUCH INCOME TAX REDUCTIONS (up to 190%) if you buy a new operation in fract (Methograms and 8 for it for the years (ent groundlessed), or 54 Methograms (Part). Tet Paris 42,67,69.79

DIAMONDS

DIAMONDS Established 1978
Palkaconstrain 52, 8-2018 Answerp
Belgam - Tel: (22, 3, 234, 07, 51)
The 71/19 ye to Nelvice 22, 2/231-38, 87
At the Diamond Cub
Neart of Answerp Diamond inclustry

EMPLOYMENT CENERAL POSITIONS EMPLOYMENT

EXPERIENCED EXECUTIVE Secretary, visingual, French, English, Archic, escaled communication stalls, French presport, seeks interesting and rewarding position on private ossistert to a bassessmen in Milano. Flease repty to Box DZ33, Herodd Tribune, 92521 Neully Codes, France.

GERMAN, multilegual, well-travelled, options in low & in'll officin. Experienced in PR & prosection, locking for position as mestern of frest and confusioners, brown distinct & secretary, Available at their potice, Please write to: BHT Box 2570, Friedrichett, 15, D-6300 Frandut/Main.

CHARMSHIS YOURG LADY, publi-EXECUTIVES AVAILABLE LAWYER, 36, int'l logal & finance consultant, low calvies, chaffing of our comments, fortnotion of compones, worked in Europe & Michele East, tri-lingual English-French-Archic: mels chaffinging position with in'l co. Recody to reflocate. Reply Box 0254, HT, 9221 Naurily Cedex, France.

RESH LADY, 30, BA, MSc seels challenging position in Paris. Bockground in research, charge, consultancy, od-ninstration + publishing good french, conting considered. Reply Roy, 9218, Herald Tiburna, 9221

grae, series well resourced position on have comparison, secretary, sales version in showrous or on gallery. Write: Fierdel Tribres Box 122, Via Cossolo 5, 20122 Milano, Boly, RREENIAL ACCOURITANT/ AUDITOR SBA Accounting, MSA Marketing, experience privote/pathic/bonking, strong computer stats. Bochelor, 28 willing to relocate USA or overseas. Writes 1 Trifform Pf, Brooklyn, NY 11231 USA or 718-834-7262. Box 0218, Herald Tribuna, 92521
Nex-Ty Cedest, Fronce,
Assertions, oped 30 with working privileges seeks challenging position in the London area. Broad education covering research to retail with invalogament stells attained during 8 years expanience in NYC. Tel UK 01 938
1897

SECRETARIAL POSTITIONS AVAILABLE

REQUIRE ENGLISH-SPEARING typist with French work permit for portring into Write to CICRD, 27 rate du Commondeur, 75075 Paris Cadex 14.

MARINE LA VALLEE Billinguid French' English secretory, dynamic 8, most voited, Call 60.17.57.70 for interview. EDUCATIONAL POSTTIONS AVAILABLE

requires a motive, octive ser HOUSEMASTER cobe to teach sports fine orts or music or longuages.

Apply to Mr. Senoth HERIQUE College SEAU-SCISI.

CH-1884 VILLARS/OLLON

DOMESTIC POSITIONS AVAILABLE EXPERENCED ENGLISH NAMEY, non-ancising, driving learner, with refer-ences, for 2 children in Rome. Mini-suon one year commitment. Call Rome: 6-366/78.07, other Ther.

57 PONT STREET KNIGHTSBRIDGE, LONDON SWIX OBD TEL: 01-581 2424 TELEX: 941 3498 EXECUT G FAX: 01-589 9456 Blegance, privacy, and exceptional value in one of the world's most fashionalbe

THE EXECUTIVE HOTEL

Edra Single: £19.95 + VAT EMPLOYMENT !

DOMESTIC POSITIONS WANTED PALM BEACH COUNTY, HORDA.

28, rafined testion women with excultant references in overlicity for
position with good family as Ballion
cook, can truch fishion language,
swimming, horse-back riding.
Educated non-masker, driver's Scense.
Call: Mr. Graze (33-80) 8774240 or
write International Handle Tribune, Box
134, via Cassolo 6, 20122 Milan, Italy.

AUTOMOBILES

2x MERCEDES BENZ 560 SE. 1988 new, DMJ 26,000. Also, new Mercedes Benz 560 SEC. DMJ 55,000. Left Hand drive, gastine, fully loaded. Holland an at 750 1975c.

AUTO SHIPPING **AUTOS TAX FREE**

PRASCO GERMANY. Marcodes Berl ormored cors & stretched limousined from stock. Selendorum 39, 10-2820. Bremen, The 246524. Fore 421630205. Tel: (0) 421 633044. Tope 421630205. Del: (0) 421 633044. UICHSE PLATES express Frost solution: Parathon, PO 2477 6901 Lugono Switzenford, Fore 091/227267 The 846724. Do you need cor instrument Act, ut

LOW COST FLIGHTS New York Son Francisco Los Angeles Allanea

ACCESS VOYAGES

One Way Round Trip.

7 ork F1000 F2000

F2000 F2000

Augeles F1500 F3000

F1400 F2800

F1400 F2800

F1400 F2800

F1400 F2800

Augeles F1500 F3800

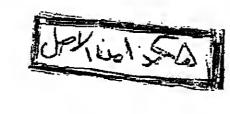
F1500 F3800 F3800

Augeles F1500 F3

WORDWIDE FLIGHTI USA crystine, \$140, west coast: \$269 AFF, 103 rue La Boefe, Paris Bih (a few yards from CA Bysses), Tel. (1) 42.89.10.81. Page 6

FOR MORE

BIG CROSSWORD
IN THE IHT EVERY SATURDAY.
THE FAMED NEW YORK TIMES
SUNDAY CROSSWORD — ENOUGH
TO KEEP YOU BUSY ALL WEEK



neighbourhoods. Buffet style English breakfast included Single: £49.95 + VAT Double/Twin: £64.95 + VAT

EXCELENT NEGOTIATOR, keys and gifts professional, 41, Indiagnal, consections in the for and Middle Cost, looking for apportunities. Con release, 7251, New York, Cedex, Francia Tribune, 72521 New York, Cedex, France, A 26 YEAR OLD FRENCHMAN, variable, flawer English, seeks position, public redoction, transforing, leading or any trustworthy job, Free to travel and relocate. Tel: Paris 48.27.69.40. 1123 USA or 718-834-7362.
Inhelitigant, young & effective British achess/model steets well renumerated pagation as bravel componitor, assistant sourebury to essentime because seems Realy Box 5042 LH.T. 830 Third Ava, 10th fl, NY, NY 100722.
FRENCHMAN, RETIRED ex PDG Junnaging directori trading compony, willing to relocate, port or full time, occept investing, port or full time.

Process roles, (1) or 34 to 73.

PORCLISHMAN, 25, 5 years expenses:
in import/seport, well educated, hard working, spoken franch. Will consider oil propositions. Paris #2,58,52,31

PRESCRIC SIS LANKAN MARIE, sells derical jub or other in Paris. Speaks English/franch. Tel: 46034500.

GENERAL POSITIONS AVAILABLE

PREELANCE REPORTERS

WANTED: FREELANCE JOURNALIST, with browledge of phormocological marketing, Tel. Paris 42-33.05.09.

GENERAL POSITIONS WANTED

AMEDICAN WOMAN, 41, persenty quadringual (English, French, Spanish, Rision), sociology Ph.D., experience in all capects of medic, offers to forward thinking, creative employer 5 hours internave medigent work (effective protectivity: 8 hours office work) on permanent boas for full time solary, interested consoci. #17 Box 0231, 9221 Neutly Cedex, France. Tel-Paris 4, 35 12 40 (cifer 8.30pm).

CARGO SURVEYOR / Superintendam/ troutle shooter affers ha services to step owner, chartery, improved composites and other interested parties on workfunde basis. Emperon, cartral Asserican and African experience. References ovalidable, Fleace corrigo), J. Maccara, Lisbon, the 12787. BBCHAP. Free Ol-601513, Tel Ul-604400.

TRANSLATOR, FEMALE, 32, Gentral

From 01-601513, Tel: 01-604400.

TRANSLATCE, FEMALE, 32, Gentron university degree, U.S. critical billinguel English-Cerman, excellent Reland, good rearch, 8 years experience in German business and gubbining seels interesting position with German or infill firm organization in Colifornia. Write: HT Box 2509, Friedrichter. 15, 0-6000 Fronfunt/Main, West Germany.

WE NEED THE POLLOWING PEOPLE for gold-studied jewelry monutocturing. Technicion to hondle footory, menimum 5 years superience, Markabing Manager, 5 years experience. Heces write with photograph to Box (222). Hered Tribune, 9221 Nearly Cedes, Fronce.

LADY COMPANION, strong, worm, medigerer, needed for paralysed English lody, in southern France. A lovest for mursang, cooling and chatting a must, (Aped 20-45). Lovely house, cor, good poy. Write with photo to Statisticusel, 24, ne Baland, Apartused 1418, 72015 Paris. Let 40,60,811.

EXIM. LEATHER Furniture Company is looking for multilingual porson (length, French, German, Sponish, thatical to deel with international cleans, full knowledge of languages is a must. Work location is near Verica. Jelen. 48134 ROSSET, Fraz (37-444) 675656 Dariello.

A USA-BASED SCIENTIPIC company meads outgoing, educated and droming woman, age less than 35 as personal assistant to the president of organization. Reply Box (7246, Hereld Tribune, 92521 Neu8y Cedex, France. NYESSEAS POSITIONS Hundreds of hop porting positions. A occupations. Reply Box (7246, Hereld Tribune, 92521 Neu8y Cedex, France.

NYESSEAS POSITIONS Hundreds of hop porting positions. An occupations. Reply Box (7246, Hereld Tribune, 92521 Neu8y Cedex, France.

NYESSEAS POSITIONS Hundreds of hop porting positions. An occupations. Reply Life. Box Add. Mr. Royet, Gwebec Concel 187 30.

MAJOR 11.5. BROKERAGE REM in haris, note Broker's Assistant. American nationality with Freach working perset. Contact. Art. Oliver Delofon, 12th Justice Propagation of the programme for last propagation. WE NEED THE POLLOWING PEOPLE MINERVE SEES for AMERICAN PRINS in PARS English, Belgion, Dutch or Germon secretaries, Innovinded or French required, English shorthand, Bengool televists, Write or phone. 138 Avenue Victor Hayo, 75116 Paris, France. Tel. (1) 47 27 61 69.

Calego BAL-SOURI
CH-IREW VILLASS (OLLON
CHALIFIED L'ANGLIAGE TEACHEIS
EH teacher for Consice. Short term
controct. Possibility of Consice. Short term
controct. Possibility of Consice. Short term
controct. Possibility of Consider of Consider
materials side necessary. Also specialish - Aeronaudic. / Computers / Sectionists. Marchanical Engineering.
Foncium. High pression controct.
Reply to Box (UA), Herald Tribune.
7221 Neusly Cedes, Fronce.
NATIVE ENGLISH SPEAKEIS needed
to teach closer 14 hours per week.
Must be EEC or hone void work
papers. Guaranieed worthly solary.
Sand CV. and phone marble to Fronmaccom, 57 rue 5 Anne, Poris 2
EXPERIENCED ENGLISH TEACHEIS
needed, void popers, credibilis insmedically, Cold \$6,07 2,07 1035

RELITIME ENGLISH TEACHEIS required, young 8, dynamic native
specials. Parts to 6,9 311 106

DOMOSSTIC

Aldwyth House, 71-91 Aldwyth, London WC2. Tel: [1] 404 44 66 Beek new by phone with credit card

CLASSIFIEDS